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ABSTRACT

This document is the first in a series of 11 subvolumes of a handbook providing training for educational research and development personnel in the development of instructional materials. This subvolume deals with the task of developing a plan study of criterion behaviors. The document content is divided into the following five steps: (a) identify the type of criterion behavior to be taught and the type of target audience to which it will be taught; (b) identify methods for obtaining information necessary to describe and analyze criterion behavior; (c) select information sources needed to describe and analyze criterion behavior; (d) plan the sequence in which information about criterion behavior will be collected; and (e) develop (or plan to use existing) information-collection instruments and procedures. Various substeps are listed that describe the procedures for performing the steps. (PD)

A Technology For Developing Instructional Materials

3 H A N D B O O K

A. PLAN STUDY OF CRITERION BEHAVIORS

B. COLLECT AND ANALYZE DATA ABOUT CRITERION BEHAVIORS

C. ANALYZE AND INTERPRET CRITERION BEHAVIORS

D. STATE CRITERION AND EXPERIMENTAL OBJECTIVES

E. PLAN INSTRUCTION BASED ON INSTRUCTIONAL AND LOGISTICAL NEEDS

F. DEVELOP AND CONDUCT EVALUATIVE TESTS

G. FORMULATE INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

H. PLAN ACCOMMODATION OF INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES

I. DEVELOP INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

J. EVALUATE INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

K. INDEX

AUTHOR:

George L. Gropper

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VOLUMES IN THIS SERIES

- 1. USER'S MANUAL**
- 2. ORIENTATION**
- 3. HANDBOOK**
(eleven sub-volumes)
- 4. WORKBOOK**
- 5. FINAL EXERCISES**

FOREWORD

This is one of a series of eleven HANDBOOK sub-volumes which has been prepared to provide training for educational R&D personnel in the development of instructional materials.

The USER'S MANUAL, which accompanies the series, describes the role each volume is designed to play and the sequence recommended for its use in the training process. The user is, therefore, urged to read the instructions in the USER'S MANUAL before using this or any other separate volume.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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U.S.O.E. sponsorship does not in any way imply official endorsement of the views expressed in this volume.

The author is indebted: to Dr. Robert Fitzpatrick for reviewing portions of the series of volumes and for informal discussions concerning several training issues; to Mrs. Zita Glasgow for the first and critical use of this volume; and, not least, to Miss Kathleen Gubala for her tireless preparation of the complex manuscript required by this HANDBOOK.

George L. Gropper
March 1973

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*A.3.3

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No detail provided for this sub-step

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STEP

A.1

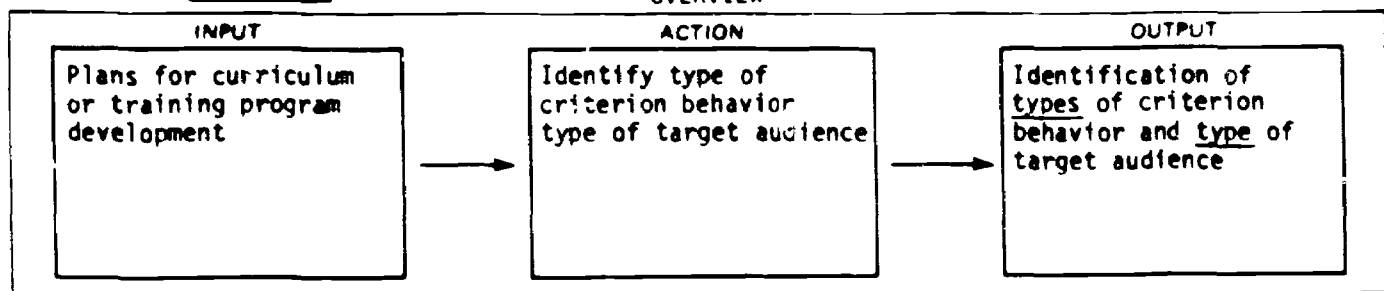
- A.1 Identify the type of criterion behavior to be taught and the type of target audience to which it will be taught.

- A.1.1 Identify the type(s) of criterion behavior to be taught.

- A.1.2 Identify the type of target audience to be taught.

STEP **A.1**

OVERVIEW



Sub-STEPS

A.1.1

Development plans or comparable existing curriculum or training program
i



Inspect for presence of characteristics indicating different types of criterion behavior
ii



Identification
-KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN
-PERFORMANCE
-GENERAL COGNITIVE SKILLS
-PERSONAL/SOCIAL BEHAVIOR
iii

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iv



Review for characteristics identifying the type of target audience
v



Identification
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-SOCIOECONOMIC STATUS
-ETHNIC/RACIAL BACKGROUND
-PHYSICAL/PSYCHOLOGICAL DEFICIT
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PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<p><i>A characterization of the criterion behavior as involving:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ... a knowledge domain ... performance ... general cognitive skills ... personal/social behavior
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Curriculum development plans or a comparable existing instructional program.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Identify the <u>type(s)</u> of criterion behavior involved.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub-STEP

A.1.1

INPUT

Development plans or comparable existing curriculum or training program

i

ACTION

Interest for presence of characteristics indicating different types of criterion behaviors

ii

OUTPUT

Identification of:
 -KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN
 -PERFORMANCE
 -GENERAL COGNITIVE SKILLS
 -PERSONAL/SOCIAL BEHAVIOR

iii

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR
IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

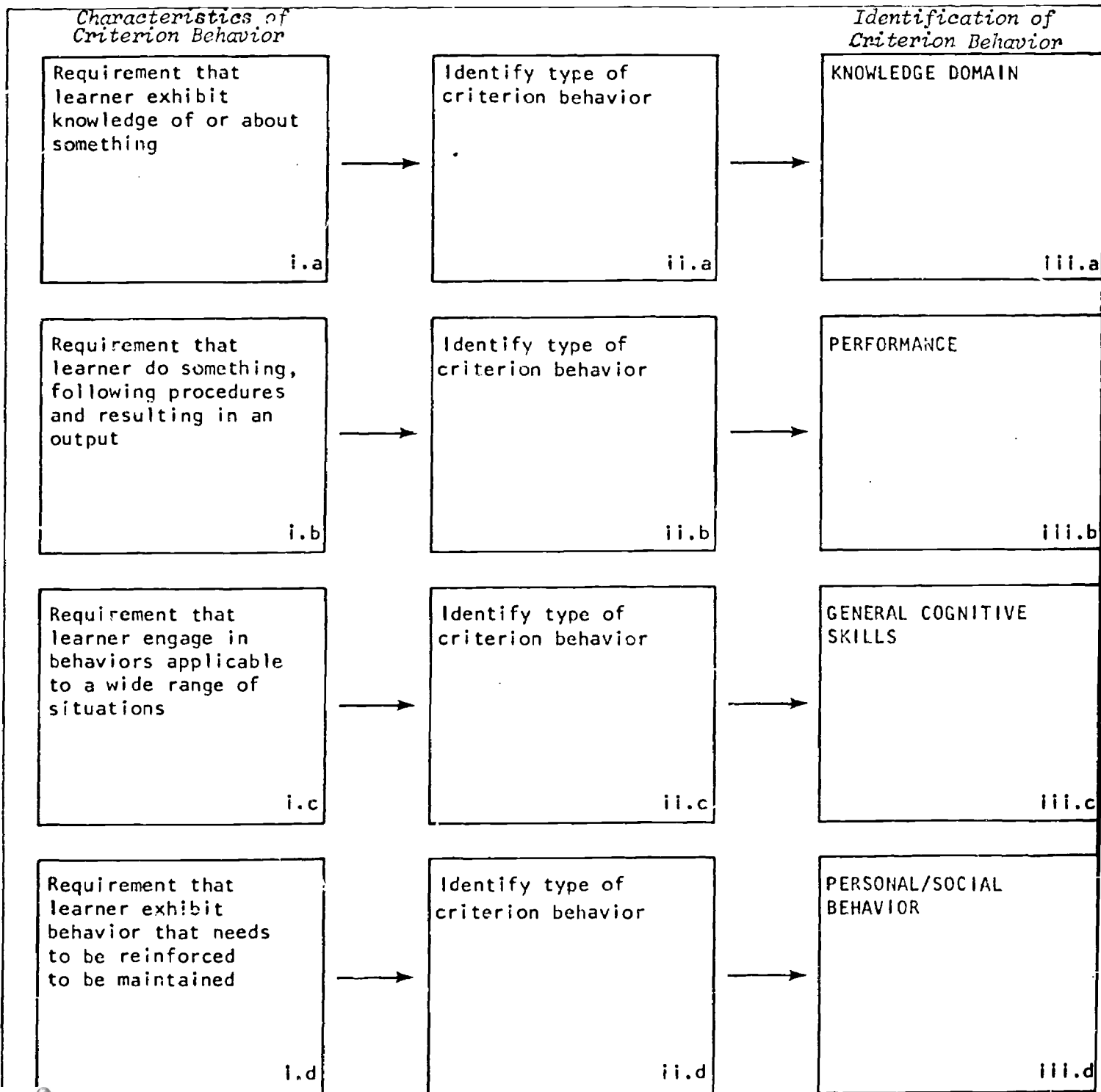
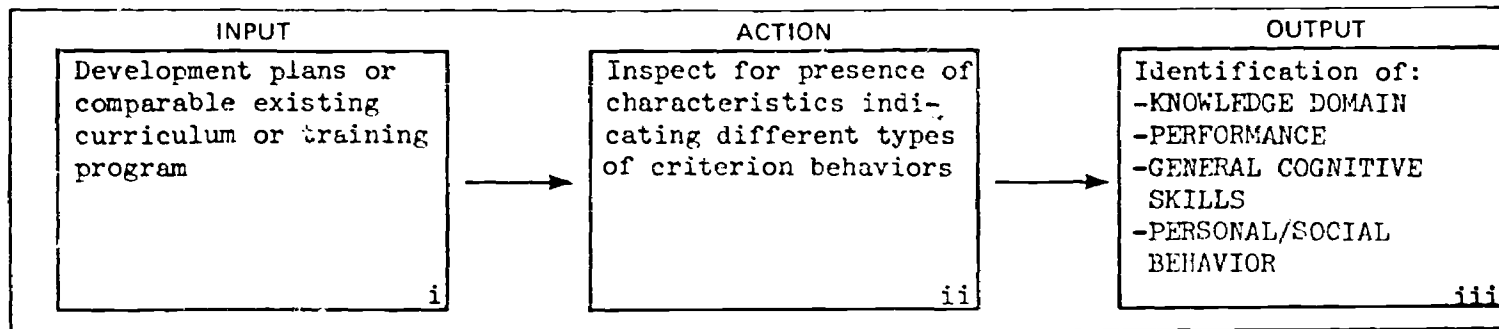
STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

-MATRIX: Types of criterion behavior 8
 -Examples of criterion behavior 9

Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	



JOB PROCEDURES

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IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX

CRITERIA	Exhibits knowledge of <u>or about something</u>	Does something, following procedures and resulting in an attainment or production of an output	Exhibits an approach applicable to wide range of problems or situations	Engages in behavior that must be reinforced to be maintained (i.e., motivated)
TYPES OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR	KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN	PERFORMANCE	GENERAL COGNITIVE SKILLS	PERSONAL/SOCIAL BEHAVIOR
SUBJECT MATTER (SCHOOL) EXAMPLES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Defines concepts -Gives or points to an example of a concept -States principles -Describes or labels objects or events -Cites facts* 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Performing experiments -Solving problems -Reading, writing -Translating a language -Constructing or using equipment -Writing an essay* 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Using discovery procedures -Applying a problem-solving model -Perceptual/motor skills -Creating new solutions to problems or procedures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Persisting at work -Paying attention -Setting goals -Working independently -Showing interest in work -Not disturbing others -Cooperating with others
JOB EXAMPLES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -All of above may occur <i>plus:</i> -States rules about job performance -Lists procedures to follow on job -Gives a rationale for alternative procedures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Performs procedural tasks -Makes or repairs products -Operates or trouble-shoots equipment -Performs decision-making tasks -Performs service tasks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Same as above 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Keeping peers superiors or subordinates informed -Adhering to regulations -Getting work done on time -Cooperating with others

*Facts cited in an essay would be evidence of "knowledge" acquired. The structuring and organization

A.1.1

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLES	KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN	PERFORMANCE
SUBJECT MATTER AREAS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -An English student stating rules of punctuation -A physics student identifying variables that need to be controlled in an experiment -A biology student classifying a frog -A math student describing properties of a quadratic equation -A history student listing the causes of the Civil War 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -An English student punctuating a sentence -A physics student operationally controlling the variables in an experiment -A biology student dissecting a frog -A math student factoring a quadratic equation -A history student doing the research needed to identify the causes of the Civil War
JOBS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -A teacher describing a reinforcement schedule to maintain behavior -A librarian stating the rules for cataloguing books -A plant supervisor describing techniques for counseling subordinates 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -A teacher implementing a reinforcement schedule that maintains behavior -A librarian actually cataloguing books -A plant supervisor actually counseling subordinates

PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<p><i>A characterization of the target audience for:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>... age/grade level</i> <i>... socio economic, ethnic, or social background</i> <i>... past achievement levels or deficits</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Curriculum development plans
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Review plans in order to identify characteristics of the target audience which will influence the type(s) of instructional materials to be developed.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub-STEP

A.1.2

INPUT

Development plans

iv

ACTION

Review for characteristics identifying the type of audience

v

OUTPUT

-AGE/GRADE LEVEL
-SOCIOECONOMIC STATUS
-ETHNIC/RACIAL BACKGROUND
-PHYSICAL/PSYCHOLOGICAL DEFICIT
-PAST ACHIEVEMENT LEVEL

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CRITERIA FOR

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STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

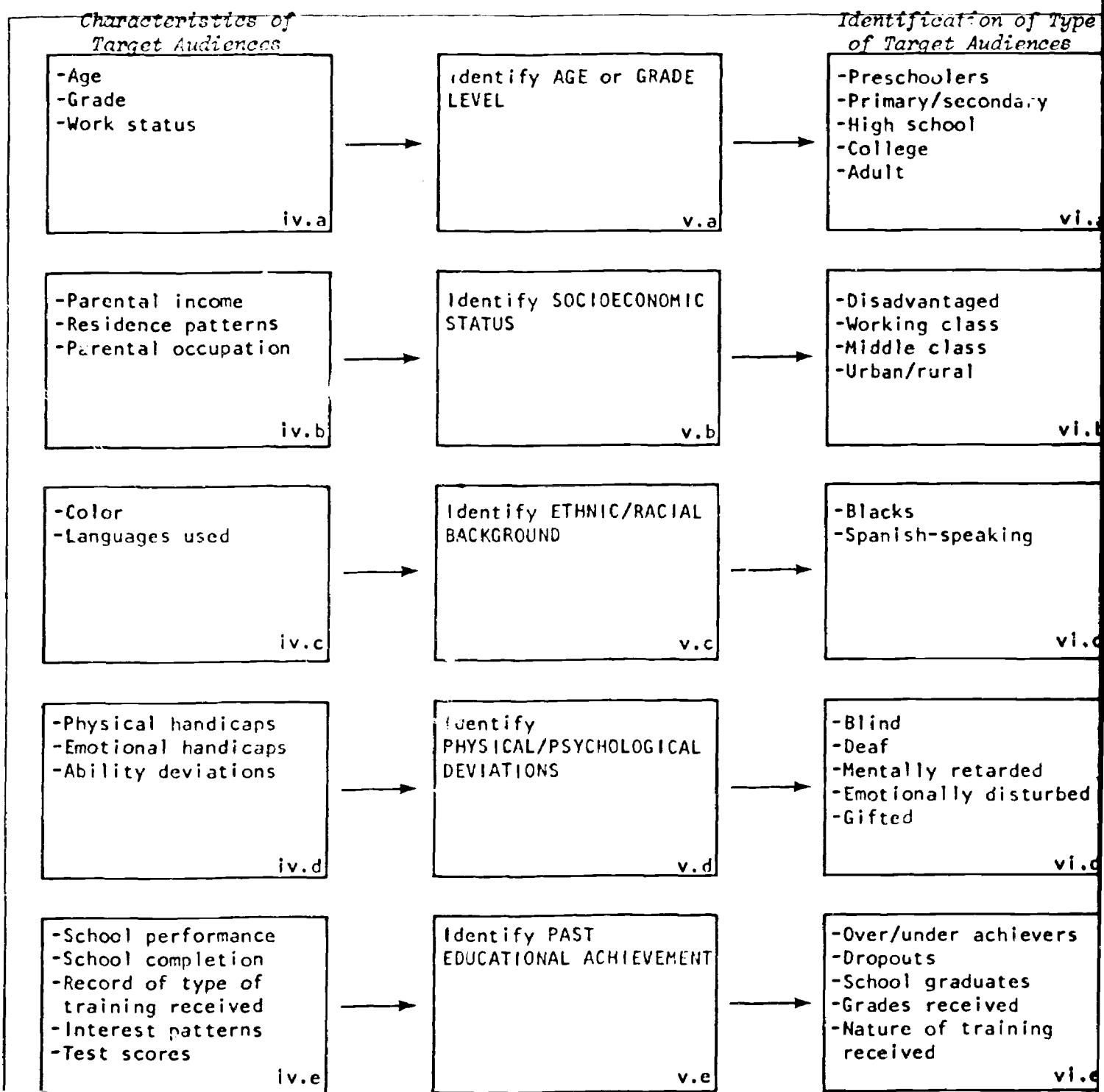
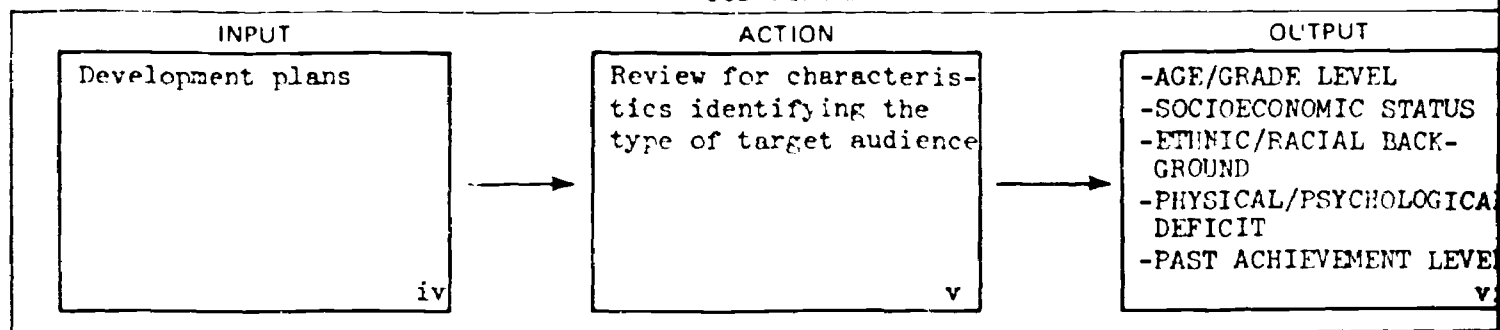
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COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
STEP		STEP		

JOB DIAGRAM



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A.1.2

IDENTIFICATION MATRIX

FIVE CHARACTERISTICS TO BE USED IN IDENTIFYING TYPE OF TARGET AUDIENCE

CHARACTERISTICS	AGE OR GRADE LEVEL	SOCIOECONOMIC STATUS	ETHNIC/RACIAL BACKGROUND	PHYSICAL/ PSYCHOLOGICAL DEVIATIONS	PAST EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT
TYPES OF TARGET AUDIENCE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Preschoolers -Primary/secondary students -High school students -College students -Adults 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Disadvantaged -Working class -Middle class and up -Urban -Rural 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Bilingual groups -Colored groups -Religious groups -Nationality groups -Minority groups 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Blind -Deaf -Mentally retarded -Gifted -Emotionally disturbed -Problems of malnutrition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -School graduates -Dropouts -Grades received -Type of training received -Over and under-achievers

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A.2.2

-MATRIX: Selecting
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techniques . . . 32,
34, 35
-Examples . . . 33

PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>A determination of whether or not there is an identification of the criterion behavior available which can serve as a model for the instructional program to be developed.</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Available information (in books, or from informants) about the criterion behavior.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	<p>(1) Review information to determine whether there is an <u>available</u> model for what's involved in the criterion behavior;</p> <p>(2) Review information to determine whether the available model is acceptable.</p>
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub STEP

A.2.1

INPUT

Available information about criterion behavior in subject matter areas or in jobs

i

ACTION

Review information for characteristics indicating model availability and acceptability

ii

OUTPUT

Identification of model availability and acceptability

iii

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

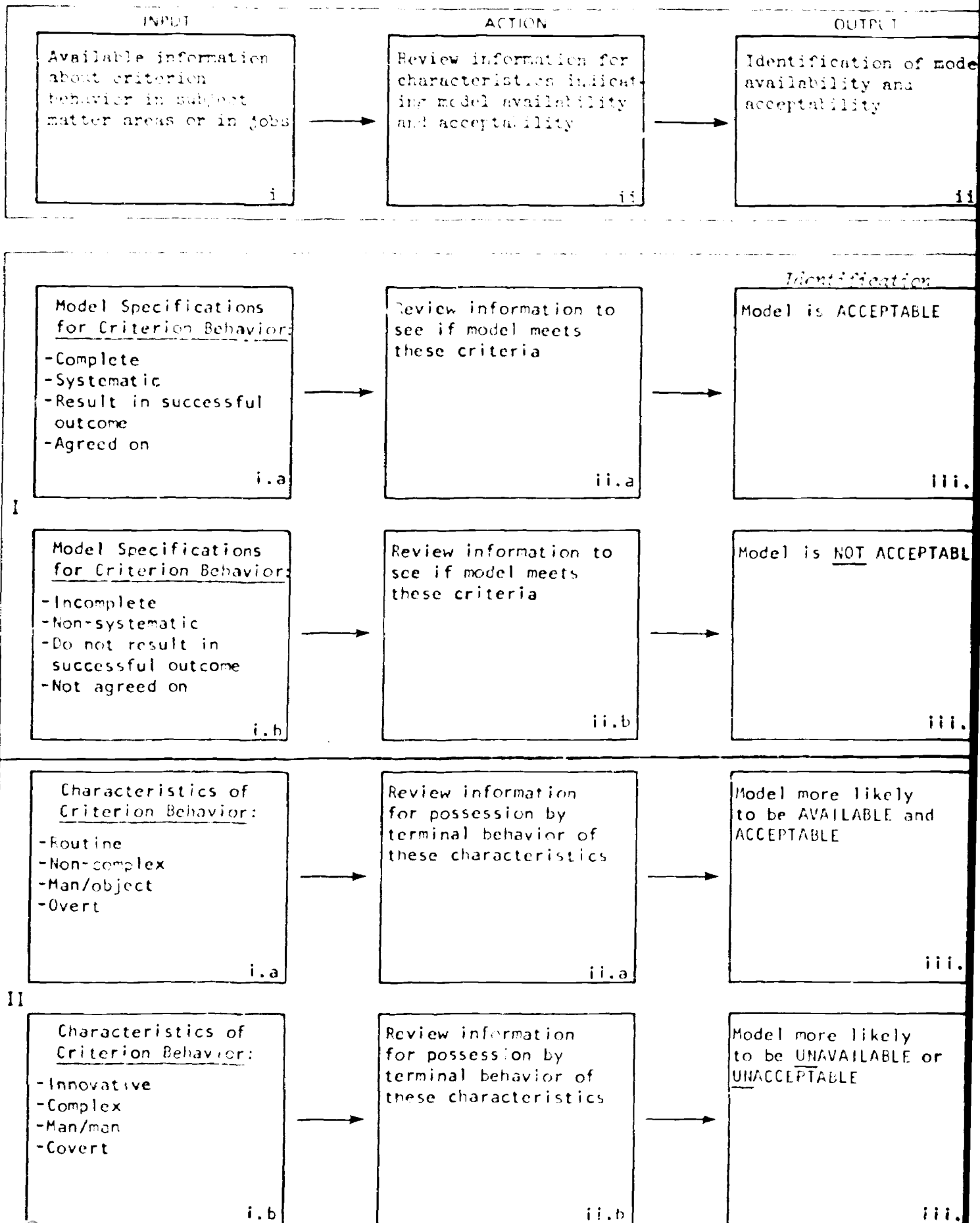
STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

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Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Identification of type of criterion behavior	A.1.1			



JOB PROCEDURES

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IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX

CRITERIA	<i>-Criterion behavior is being exhibited</i> <i>-There are prescriptions for the criterion behavior</i>	<i>-Criterion behavior is <u>not</u> being exhibited</i> <i>-There are <u>not</u> prescriptions for the criterion behavior</i>
MODEL AVAILABILITY	MODEL IS AVAILABLE	MODEL IS <u>NOT</u> AVAILABLE
SUBJECT MATTER (SCHOOL) EXAMPLES	e.g., performing laboratory experiments e.g., writing book reports e.g., listing the advantages and disadvantages of a market economy	e.g., developing creative solutions to problems e.g., cooperating with fellow students on a group project
JOB EXAMPLES	e.g., the expert lathe operator exhibits all the required steps in using a lathe e.g., the expert accountant exhibits all the required steps in balancing figures in a ledger	e.g., new jobs not yet being performed

A.2.1

**CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING THE ACCEPTABILITY OF
A MODEL FOR CRITERION BEHAVIOR**

**IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX**

CRITERIA	<u>Model Specifications for Criterion Behavior:</u> (1) <i>are complete, comprehensive</i> (2) <i>are systematic</i> (3) <i>result in a successful outcome</i> (4) <i>are agreed on</i>	<u>Model Specifications for Criterion Behavior:</u> (1) <i>are <u>not</u> complete, comprehensive</i> (2) <i>are <u>not</u> systematic</i> (3) <i>do <u>not</u> result in a successful outcome</i> (4) <i>are <u>not</u> agreed on</i>
MODEL ACCEPTABILITY	MODEL IS ACCEPTABLE when <u>all</u> four specifications are met	MODEL IS NOT ACCEPTABLE when <u>any</u> of the specifications are not met
SUBJECT MATTER (SCHOOL) EXAMPLES	E.g., doing long division <i>The behaviors for doing long division are:</i> -Completely known -Fixed and systematic -Lead to a correct answer -Are agreed on by experts E.g., wiring lightbulbs and a battery in series -All four criteria are met	E.g., exhibiting evidence of "understanding" Ohm's Law -There <u>is</u> agreement as to the <u>content</u> of Ohm's Law -There is <u>not</u> agreement as to how "understanding" should be expressed -Solving for an unknown -Writing the equation -Verbally describing the relations between the variables in the equation
JOB EXAMPLES	E.g., switchboard operator handling incoming and outgoing calls <i>The behaviors are:</i> -Completely identified -Systematic -Lead to correct connections -Agreed to by experts E.g., teller processing deposit slips <i>The behaviors tend to be:</i> -Comprehensive -Systematic -Successful -Agreed to	E.g., teacher management of classroom (non-learning) behavior (as practiced by most teachers): <i>The models tend to be:</i> -Non-systematic -Unsuccessful E.g., sales behavior <i>The behaviors tend:</i> -Not uniformly to lead to success -Not to be agreed on -Not to be systematic

A.2.1

**CHARACTERISTICS OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR DETERMINING THE LIKELIHOOD
OF ITS MODEL BEING AVAILABLE AND ACCEPTABLE***

**IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX**

CHARACTERISTICS	<u>When criterion behavior is:</u> -Routine, fixed set of procedures -Non-complex -Involves man/object relations -Overt	<u>When criterion behavior is:</u> -Innovative, variable procedures -Complex -Involves man/man relations -Covert
MODEL AVAILABILITY AND ACCEPTABILITY	MODEL IS <u>MORE</u> LIKELY TO BE AVAILABLE AND ACCEPTABLE	MODEL IS <u>LESS</u> LIKELY TO BE AVAILABLE AND ACCEPTABLE
EXAMPLES	<p>When criterion behavior is (one or more of the following):</p> <p><u>-Routine, involving fixed set of procedures</u> e.g., doing long division e.g., typing</p> <p><u>-Non-complex</u> e.g., punctuating a sentence e.g., mixing paint colors</p> <p><u>-Involves man/object relations</u> e.g., using a lever e.g., operating equipment</p> <p><u>-Overt behavior</u> e.g., writing</p>	<p>When criterion behavior is (one or more of the following):</p> <p><u>-Creative, innovative, involving alternative set of procedures</u> e.g., painting an abstract e.g., formulating a theory</p> <p><u>-Complex</u> e.g., practicing psychiatry e.g., writing an essay</p> <p><u>-Involves man/man relations</u> e.g., managing classroom behavior e.g., cooperating in a group project</p> <p><u>-Covert behaviors</u> e.g., reading</p>
<p>*Mixtures of these characteristics are possible, sometimes resulting in available and acceptable models and sometimes not.</p>		

A.2.1

TYPES OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR AND THE LIKELIHOOD OF THEIR HAVING AVAILABLE

IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX

TYPES OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR	KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN	PERFORMANCE	GENERAL COGNITIVE SKILLS	PERSONAL/SOCIAL BEHAVIOR
MORE LIKELY to have available and acceptable model	✓ <i>For content to be learned:</i> e.g., which concepts, principles, facts, etc. should be learned	✓ e.g., dissecting a frog e.g., factoring a quadratic equation e.g., operating equip- ment		
LESS LIKELY to have available and acceptable model	✓ <i>For the form of the evidence that learning has taken place</i> e.g., multiple choice vs. constructed answers e.g., defining a term vs. citing an example e.g., stating a rule vs. applying it		✓ e.g., taking a problem- solving approach to varied, new situations e.g., using a discovery method for learn- ing	✓ e.g., cooperating with other students e.g., setting goals e.g., supervisory or managerial behavior

PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<p><i>Plans for collecting information about the criterion behavior -- involving the use of:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>... verbal reports</i> <i>... observation</i> <i>... theory generation or judgment</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	<p>(1) The decisions as to whether or not a model of the criterion behavior is both available and acceptable as a basis for the development of an instructional program.</p>
WHAT YOU WILL DO	<p>(1) Make alternative plans for collecting information about the criterion behavior -- depending on model availability and/or acceptability.</p>
FORMS YOU WILL USE	<p>None</p>

DESCRIPTION OF Sub-STEP

A.2.2

INPUT

Decision about model
availability and
acceptability for
criterion behavior
to be taught

i

ACTION

Make plans for methods
to use in collecting
information about
criterion behavior

ii

OUTPUT

Identification of
information-gathering
techniques to be used:
VERBAL REPORT
OBSERVATION
THEORY GENERATION
JUDGMENT

iii

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

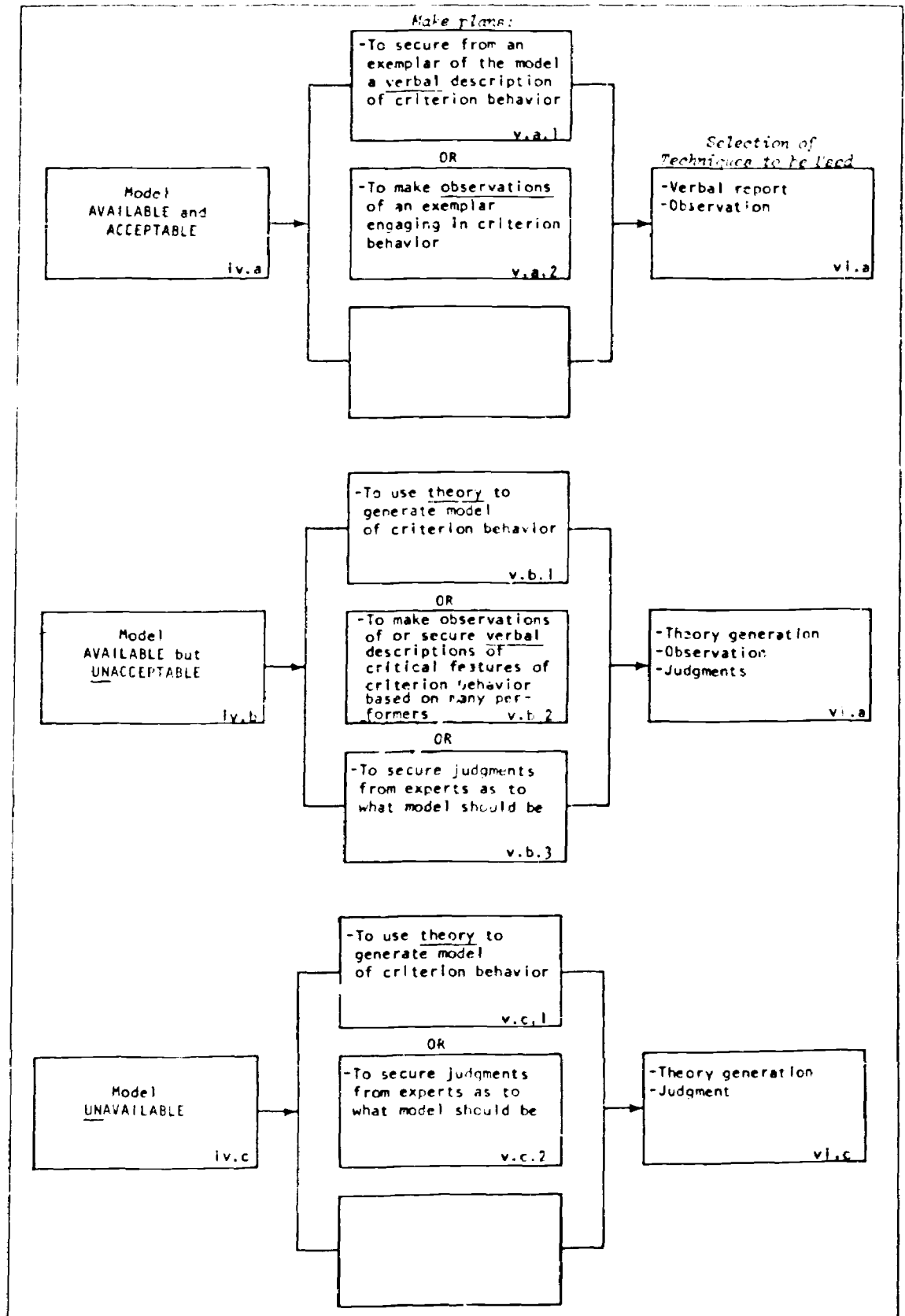
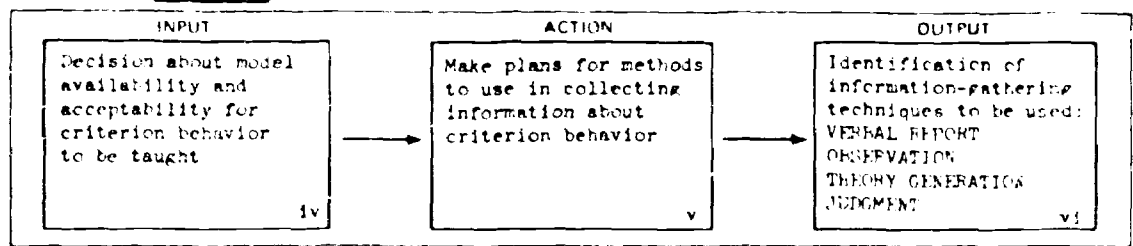
STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

	<p>MATRIX: Selecting description techniques . 32, 34, 35</p> <p>Examples 33</p>		
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Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
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JOB PROCEDURES

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Which techniques of information collection should be used for different types of criterion behavior	35

CHOICE OF INFORMATION-GATHERING TECHNIQUES
BASED ON MODEL AVAILABILITY AND ACCEPTABILITY

DECISION
MATRIX

CONDITIONS	Model AVAILABLE and ACCEPTABLE -Comprehensive -Systematic -Successful -Agreed to	Model AVAILABLE but UNACCEPTABLE -Incomplete, or -Non systematic, or -Unsuccessful, or -Not agreed to	Model UNAVAILABLE
ACTION TO TAKE	OBTAIN DESCRIPTION OF MODEL	FORMULATE AND DESCRIBE MODEL	FORMULATE AND DESCRIBE MODEL
SOURCE OF MODEL DESCRIPTION	(1) The total performance of <u>an</u> expert is described	(1) Critical elements in the performance of <u>many</u> people are described resulting in a <u>total</u> description of a model (2) Theory is used to generate a description of a model* (3) Judgments of experts are used to create a model	(1) Theory is used to generate a description of a model* (2) Judgments of experts are used to create a model
SPECIFIC TECHNIQUES TO USE	(1a) Have the expert verbally describe his own <u>total</u> performance (1b) Have an independent observer observe and verbally describe the total performance (1c) Read a description in appropriate reference sources	(1) Have the performer, his subordinate, or his superior report on critical features of just part of the total performance (a) From memory (b) From immediate observation (2) Use appropriate theory to generate behaviors to be used (3) Use judgments to obtain agreement to what the model should be	(1) Use appropriate theory to generate behaviors to be used (2) Use judgments to obtain agreement to what the model should be
*Theory is preferred to judgments whenever there is an appropriate one available.			

A.2.2

DECISION
MATRIX

DETERMINING HOW TO OBTAIN INFORMATION NECESSARY TO
DESCRIBE OR GENERATE A MODEL

ACTION TO TAKE	- <u>Using the behavior of an expert as the model</u> -Have him verbally describe his own behavior -Observe and describe his behavior	-Use theory to generate a model -Use expert judgment to create a model -Describe critical elements in performance of many performers	-Generate from theory a statement of criterion behavior -Secure judgments from experts as to what criterion behavior should be
CONDITIONS	Model AVAILABLE and ACCEPTABLE	Model AVAILABLE but <u>UN</u> ACCEPTABLE	Model <u>UN</u> AVAILABLE
SUBJECT MATTER (SCHOOL) EXAMPLES	E.g., have a mathematician describe his operations in solving for an unknown in an equation E.g., Have a chemist demonstrate how he performs an experiment	-Secure judgments from experts as to content of criterion behavior and from education specialists what form behavior should take: E.g., <u>geography</u> : how the student should identify relationships between raw materials' availability and growth of urban centers E.g., <u>music</u> : how the student should identify musical styles	E.g., secure judgments from education specialists as to the behaviors involved in the "discovery" process E.g., secure judgments from development specialists as to behaviors involved in "cooperation"
JOB EXAMPLES	E.g., have an expert woodworker describe all the steps he follows in preparing lumber for use E.g., have an expert secretary demonstrate how she files correspondence	-Have many job holders or their supervisors describe single behaviors that proved critical in some portion of the task of: E.g., troubleshooting malfunctions in electronic equipment E.g., planning manpower strategies	E.g., generate from behavior theory a statement of teacher behaviors to be used in managing classroom problem behavior -Use reinforcement to strengthen adaptive behavior -Use extinction to weaken non-adaptive behavior

A.2.2

MORE SPECIFIC GUIDELINES WHEN A MODEL IS
AVAILABLE BUT UNACCEPTABLE

DECISION
MATRIX

CONDITIONS	Model is <i>INCOMPLETE</i> or <i>NOT SYSTEMATIC</i>	Model results in <i>UNSUCCESSFUL</i> OUTCOMES	Model is <i>NOT AGREED TO</i>
Model is <i>COMPLETE</i> and <i>SYSTEMATIC</i>		<u>Use theory to develop model</u> E.g., teacher lecturing behavior may be completely described, but the model does not lead to success; use instructional technology model to generate model of lecturing behavior	<u>Use judgment of experts to develop model</u> E.g., biologists agree on content, but not on form of criterion behavior: Secure judgments of education specialists on form criterion behavior should take
Model results in <i>SUCCESSFUL</i> OUTCOME	<u>Develop model by describing critical elements in performance of many performers</u> E.g., troubleshooting electronics equipment: Performers of this job succeed, but the description of their performance is incomplete; the description of their <u>collective</u> experience leads to a complete model		<u>Develop model by describing critical elements in performance of many performers</u> <u>Use judgment of experts to develop model</u>
Model is <i>AGREED TO</i>	<u>Develop model by describing critical elements in performance of many performers</u> E.g., the major procedures in the development of curricula are agreed to; the model is incomplete, however: Secure from many technologists descriptions of critical elements in their performance	<u>Use theory to develop model</u> E.g., counselling procedures may be agreed on, but they are unsuccessful; use theory to generate effective model	

A.2.2

INFORMATION-GATHERING TECHNIQUES LIKELY TO BE USED FOR DIFFERENT TYPES OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR

DECISION
MATRIX

TYPE OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR	KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN	PERFORMANCE	GENERAL COGNITIVE SKILLS	PERSONAL/SOCIAL BEHAVIOR
SUBJECT MATTER (SCHOOL)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Judgments about: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> --Subject matter <u>content</u> --Form of criterion <u>behavior</u> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Observation -Verbal report of a single performer -Theory generation of model 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Theory generation of a model -Judgments about what model should be 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Theory generation of a model -Judgments about what model should be -Descriptions of critical elements in many performances
JOBS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Judgments about: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> --Subject matter <u>content</u> --Form of criterion <u>behavior</u> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Observation -Verbal report of a single performer -Descriptions of critical elements in many performances -Theory generation of model 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Theory generation of a model -Judgments about what model should be 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Theory generation of a model -Judgments about what model should be -Descriptions of critical elements in many performances

STEP A.2

COMPLETION CHECKLIST

	IDENTIFIED	PERFORMED	PRODUCED	FORMS COMPLETED
A.2.1	-Availability and acceptability of model of criterion behavior			
A.2.2		-Selection of methods for obtaining a description of criterion behavior		

STEP **A.3**

A.3 Select information sources needed to describe and analyze criterion behavior.

A.3.1 Identify information sources appropriate to the type of criterion behavior to be taught and to the types of information-gathering techniques selected.

A.3.2 Select from identified sources those who are appropriate to the target audience and to the types of analysis to be performed.

* A.3.3 Have experts selected for the above tasks review the adequacy of the earlier decision about model availability and acceptability. If necessary, modify plans for using information-collection techniques.

*No detail provided for this sub-step

STEP

A.3

OVERVIEW

INPUT

Identification of:
 -Criterion behavior
 -Information-gathering techniques
 -Target audience

ACTION

Select appropriate
 information sources

OUTPUT

Selection of
 information sources
 appropriate to types
 of description and
 analysis to be made

Sub-STEPS

A.3.1

Decisions about types
 of techniques to use
 to describe criterion
 behavior

i

Select appropriate
 information sources

ii

Identification of
 types of information
 sources appropriate to
 types of criterion
 behavior and techniques
 to be used to describe
 them

iii

A.3.2

Identified character-
 istics of target
 audience

iv

Select information
 sources appropriate
 to target audience and
 to analysis needs

v

Identification of
 types of information
 sources appropriate to
 types of target
 audience and to types
 of analysis to be
 performed

vi

A.3.3

Decision about model
 availability and
 acceptability

vii

Solicit assessment by
 experts chosen as to
 model acceptability.
 Revise decision where
 necessary

viii

Final decision about
 model acceptability

ix

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CRITERIA FOR
IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

A.3.1

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A.3.2

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--	--	--	--

A.3.3

	NO DETAIL PROVIDED FOR THIS SUB-STEP		
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PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>An identification of information sources appropriate to the criterion behavior to be analyzed and to the information collection techniques to be used.</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Decisions about types of information collection techniques to use.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Select appropriate informants or sources of information.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub-STEP

A.3.1

INPUT

Decisions about types of techniques to use to describe criterion behavior

i

ACTION

Select appropriate information sources

ii

OUTPUT

Identification of types of information sources appropriate to types of criterion behavior and techniques to be used to describe them

iii

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

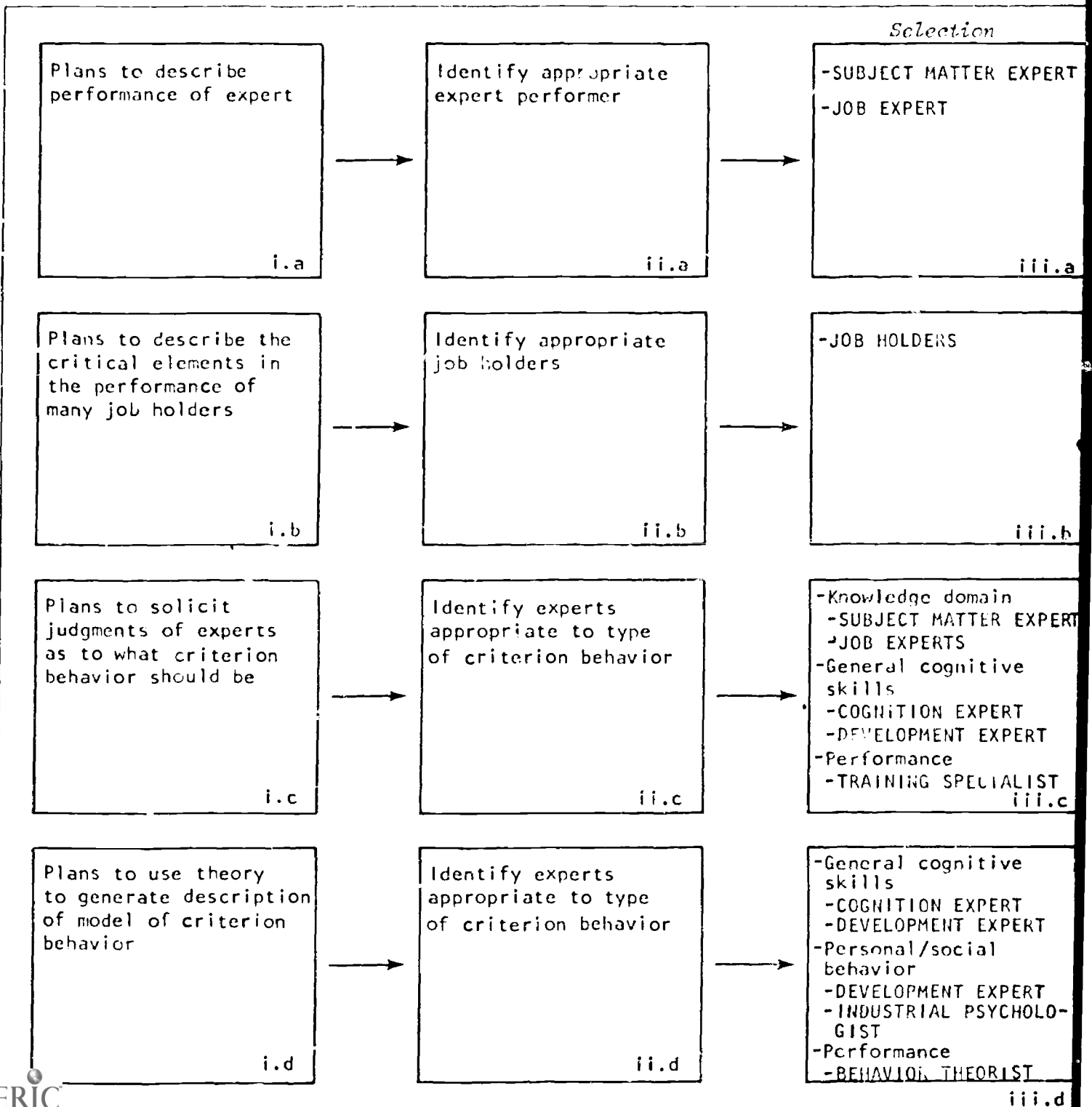
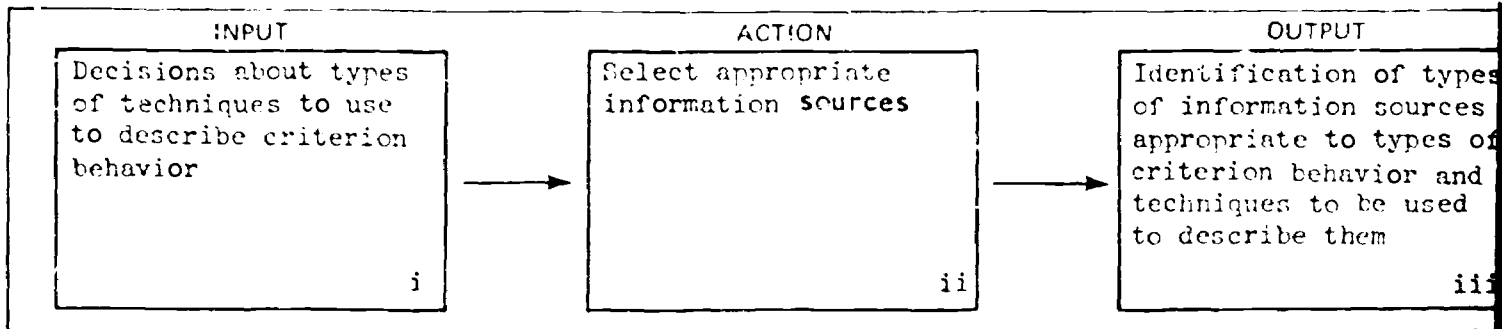
STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

-MATRIX: Selecting source of information appropriate to techniques to be used 47

Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Selection of information-gathering techniques	A.2.2			



JOB PROCEDURES

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Selecting sources of information appropriate to types of criterion behavior and information-collection techniques	47

A.3.1

DECISION
MATRIX

SELECTING SOURCES OF INFORMATION APPROPRIATE TO:
TYPES OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR AND TYPES OF INFORMATION-GATHERING TECHNIQUES

S U B J E C T M A T T E R				
	DESCRIBE EXPERT PERFORMANCE	DESCRIBE CRITICAL ELEMENTS	USE JUDGMENTS	USE THEORY
KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN			-Subject matter expert (content) -Education specialist (form of criterion behavior)	
PERFORMANCE	-Subject matter expert			
GENERAL COGNITIVE SKILLS			-Cognition expert -Developmental expert	-Cognition expert -Developmental expert
PERSONAL/SOCIAL BEHAVIOR			-Developmental expert	-Developmental expert
J O B S				
	DESCRIBE EXPERT PERFORMANCE	DESCRIBE CRITICAL ELEMENTS	USE JUDGMENTS	USE THEORY
KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN			-Job experts (content) -Training specialists (form of criterion behavior)	
PERFORMANCE	-Job expert	-Many job holders or their superiors	-Training specialists	-Industrial psychologist -Behavior theorist
PERSONAL/SOCIAL BEHAVIOR			-Industrial psychologist	-Industrial psychologist

PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>Identification of information sources appropriate to (expert about) the type of audience to be taught and to the types of analysis of the criterion behavior to be performed.</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Identification of characteristics of the target audience.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Select sources of information appropriate to the target audience and to the types of analyses to be performed.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub STEP

A.3.2

INPUT

Identified characteristics of target audience

i

ACTION

Select information sources appropriate to target audience and to analysis needs

ii

OUTPUT

Identification of types of information sources appropriate to types of target audience and to types of analysis to be performed

iii

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

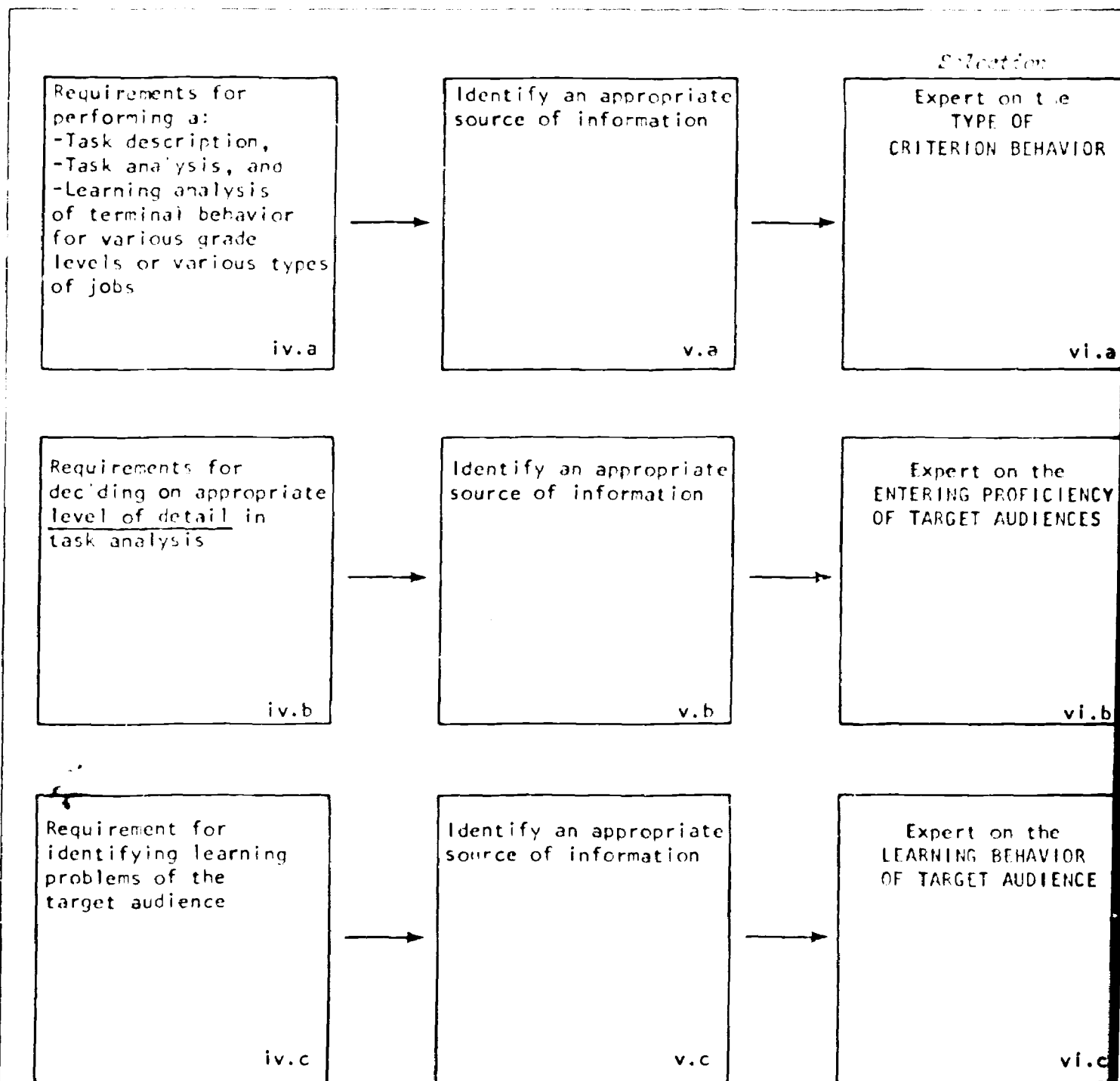
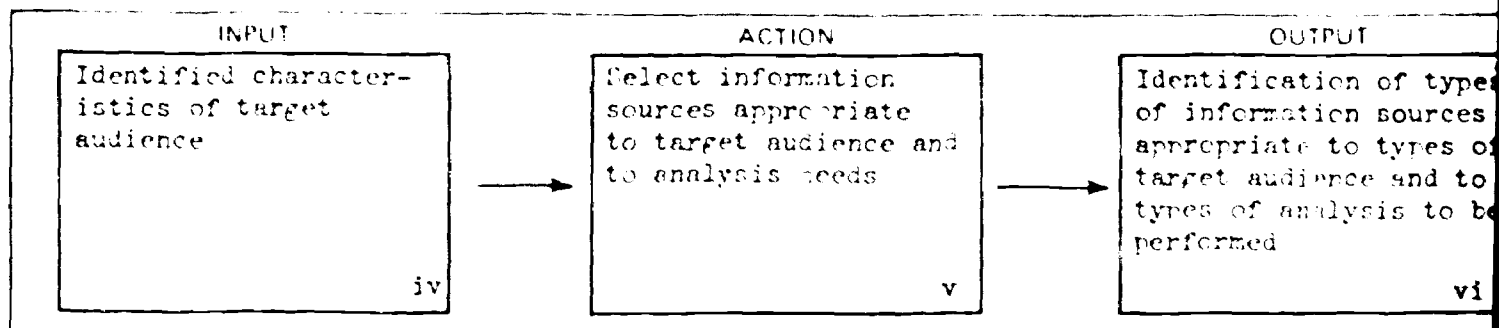
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FORMS TO USE

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Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Identification of types of target audience	A.1.2			



JOB PROCEDURES

	page
Sources of information which are appropriate to the target audience and to types of analysis to be performed	52

DECISION
MATRIX

ANALYSIS NEEDS	-Task description of -Task analysis of -Learning analysis of <u>Criterion Behavior</u>	-Decisions about appropriate <u>level of</u> <u>detail in task</u> analysis	-Decisions about learning needs of target audience
<u>GRADE:</u> GRADE LEVEL	-College level subject matter expert	-Subject matter expert appropriate to grade, e.g., third grade and upper level -Developmental expert	-Subject matter expert appropriate to grade, e.g., third grade and upper level -Developmental expert
<u>SCHOOL:</u> SPECIAL TARGET AUDIENCE		-Expert on target audience, e.g., expert on the deaf or the disadvantaged	-Expert on target audience, e.g., expert on the deaf or the disadvantaged
<u>JOB:</u>	-Job expert	-Job expert -Training expert	-Job expert -Training expert

EXAMPLES			
ANALYSIS NEEDS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Task description of -Task analysis of -Learning analysis of <u>Criterion Behavior</u> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Descriptions about <u>appropriate level of detail in task analysis</u> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Decisions about <u>learning problems of target audience</u>
<u>SCHOOL:</u> GRADE LEVEL	<u>10th Grade Biology</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Use <u>college</u> teacher of biology to identify <u>appropriate content</u> and to participate in its analysis 	<u>10th Grade Biology</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Use 10th grade biology teacher to assist in identification of typical entering levels of proficiency (skills already possessed) 	<u>10th Grade Biology</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Use 10th grade biology teacher to identify typical difficulties 10th graders have with content to be learned
<u>SCHOOL:</u> SPECIAL TARGET AUDIENCES	<u>Remedial Reading for the Disadvantaged</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Reading expert 	<u>Remedial Reading for the Disadvantaged</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Expert to identify the entering proficiency of the disadvantaged group 	<u>Remedial Reading for the Disadvantaged</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Expert to identify the reading problems of the disadvantaged group
<u>JOB:</u>	<u>Computer Programming</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Expert on computer programming to provide information for the description and analysis of the tasks in this performance 	<u>Computer Programming</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Training expert on computer programming to identify entering proficiency of typical candidates for training 	<u>Computer Programming</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Training expert to identify typical problems trainees have in learning computer programming

PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>A final decision about the availability and acceptability about a model of the criterion behavior.</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Previous decisions about model availability and acceptability.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Solicit assessment from the selected information sources (experts) about the decision made about model availability and acceptability. (2) Revise decision when necessary.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub-STEP

A.3.3

INPUT

Decision about model availability and acceptability

vii

ACTION

Solicit assessment by experts chosen as to model acceptability. Revise decision where necessary

viii

OUTPUT

Final decision about model acceptability

ix

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CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

NO DETAIL PROVIDED FOR THIS SUB-STEP

Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	

COMPLETION CHECKLIST

IDENTIFIED

PERFORMED

PRODUCED

FORMS COMPLETED

A.3.1

-Selection of information source appropriate to information collection technique

A.3.2

-Selection of information source appropriate to audience and type of analysis

A.3.3

-Review by expert of assessment of model availability and acceptability

STEP A.4

✱ A.4

Plan the sequence in which information about criterion behavior will be collected.

A.4.1

Decide on the sequence in which the tasks and steps involved in criterion behavior will be described and recorded.

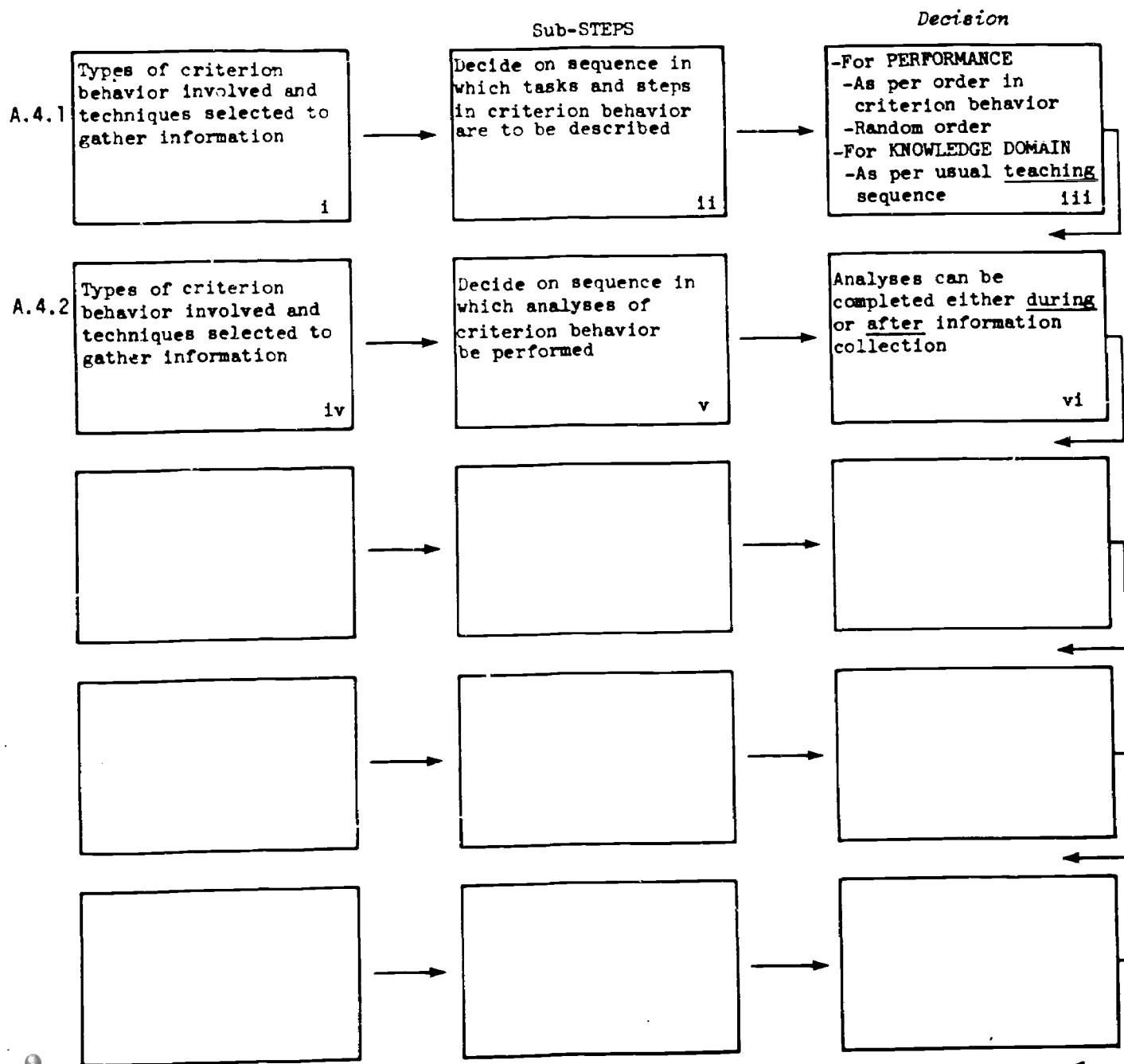
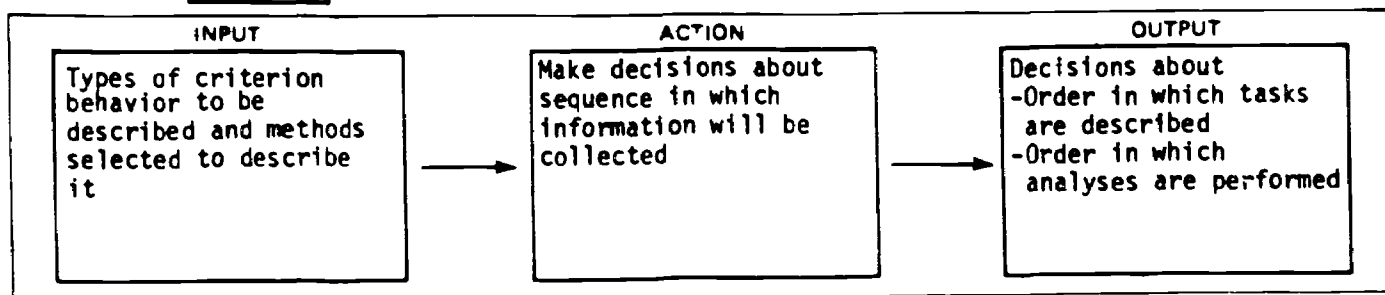
A.4.2

Decide on the sequence in which the various analyses of criterion behavior will be performed.

✱ Starting with this step, A.4., only two types of criterion behavior, PERFORMANCE and KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN, will be treated. There will be no further treatment of general cognitive skills and personal/social behavior. The treatment of "performance" in subsequent sections most closely approximates that required by these two other types of criterion behavior. Subsequent sections will also provide no further treatment of theory-generated descriptions of models of criterion behavior.

STEP **A.4**

OVERVIEW



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.4.2

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PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>A decision about the order in which to collect information about the various parts of the criterion behavior.</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Decisions about types of information to collect and how it will be collected.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Decide on the sequence in which the parts of the criterion behavior (e.g., tasks, steps, or sub-steps) will be collected.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub-STEP

A.4.1

INPUT

Types of criterion behavior involved and techniques selected to gather information

i

ACTION

Decide on sequence in which tasks and steps in criterion behavior are to be described

ii

OUTPUT

-For PERFORMANCE
-As per order in criterion behavior
-Random order
-For KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN
-As per usual teaching sequence

iii

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

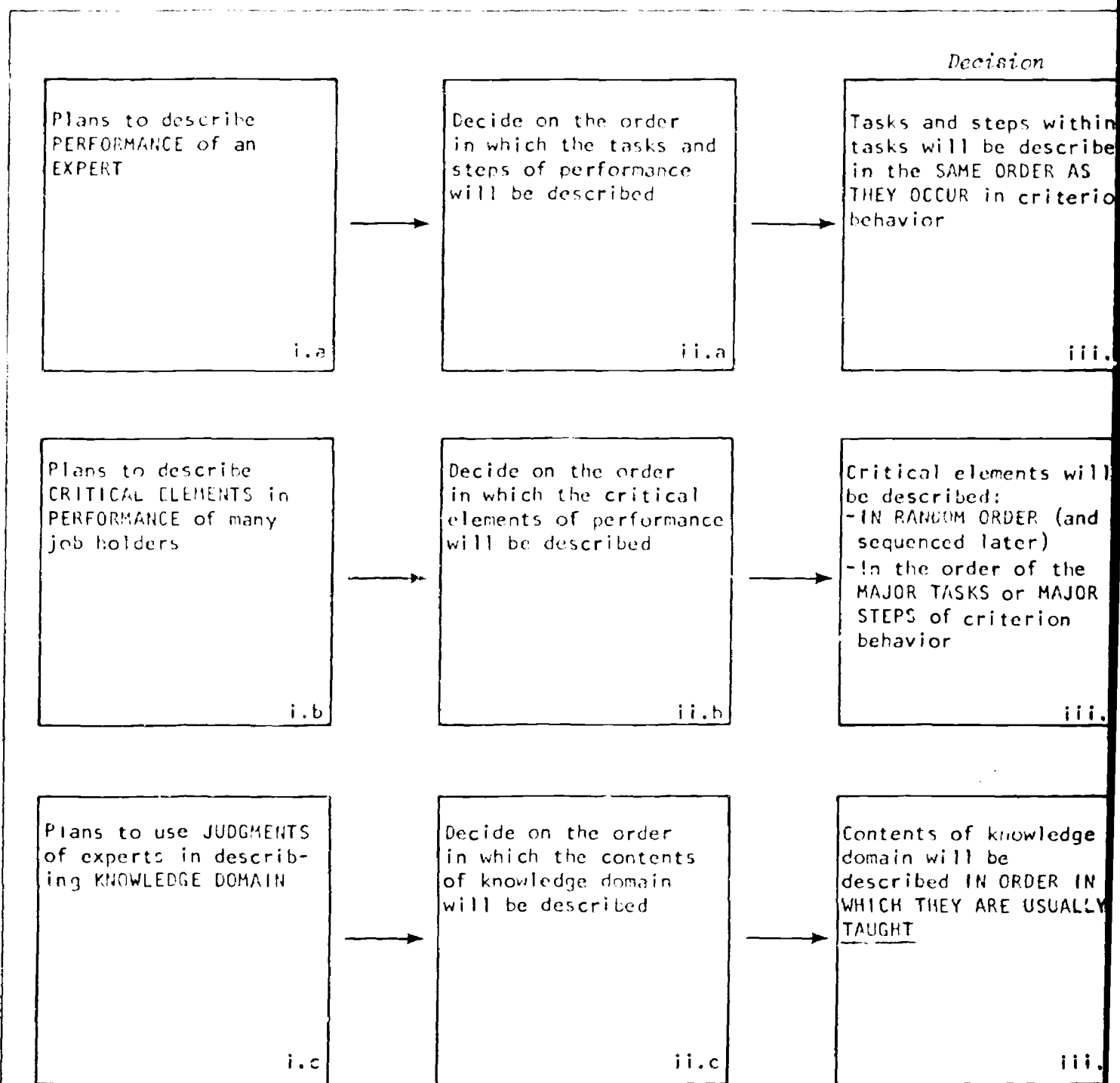
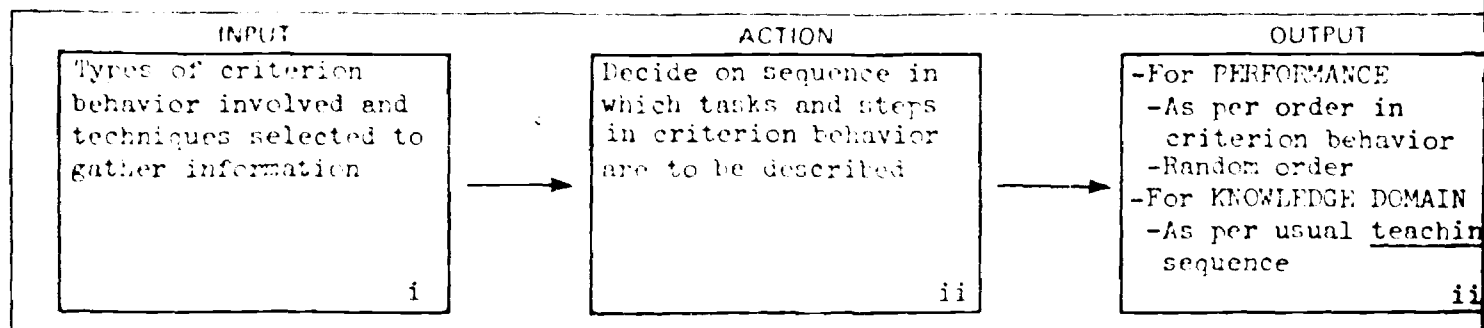
STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

	-MATRIX: Selecting sequence for describing criterion behavior 67		
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Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Identification of type of criterion behavior	A.1.1			
Selection of information-collecting techniques	A.2.2			



JOB PROCEDURES

	page
Determining the sequence in which to describe tasks which make up the criterion behavior	67

A.4.1

DECISION ON SEQUENCE IN WHICH TO DESCRIBE TASKS IN CRITERION BEHAVIOR
BASED ON TYPE OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR AND TECHNIQUE USED TO DESCRIBE IT

DECISION
MATRIX

CONDITIONS	<i>Plans to describe PERFORMANCE of an EXPERT</i>	<i>Plans to describe CRITICAL ELEMENTS in PERFORMANCE of many job holders</i>	<i>Plans to use JUDGMENTS of experts in describing KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN</i>
ACTION TO TAKE	Describe tasks and steps within tasks in the same order in which they are performed.	Collect descriptions of critical elements: -In random order (to be sequenced during later analysis) -In the order of the major tasks or the major steps of the performance.	Collect descriptions of tasks in the order in which they are currently or typically taught.
EXAMPLES	<u>e.g., doing multiplication</u> Describe the steps in the order in which the mathematician solves a multiplication problem.	<u>e.g., driving behavior</u> Collect descriptions of critical elements in any portion of driving performance from many drivers. (Each informant decides which tasks or steps to describe).	<u>e.g., answering test questions on principles about "light"</u> Describe the concepts and principles relevant to the topic "light" in the order in which a physicist usually teaches them (or as he now judges to be a suitable order).
	<u>e.g., threading a film projector</u> Describe the steps in the order in which the projectionist threads the projector.	<u>e.g., driving behavior</u> Collect descriptions of critical elements in the task of "passing other cars," then other tasks. (Each informant is directed to one or more particular tasks and in a particular order when it is known)	<u>e.g., answering test questions on rules about driving</u> Describe the rules in the groupings and order in which they are currently being taught.

PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>Decisions about which analyses will be performed <u>while</u> information about the criterion behavior is being collected and which analyses will be performed <u>after</u> it is collected.</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Decisions about how information about criterion behavior will be collected.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Decide on the sequence (timing) in which analyses of the criterion behavior will be performed.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	

DESCRIPTION OF Sub STEP

A.4.2

INPUT

Type of criterion behavior involved and techniques selected to gather information.

iv

ACTION

Decide on sequence in which analyses of criterion behavior will be performed.

v

OUTPUT

Analyses can be completed either during or after information collection.

vi

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

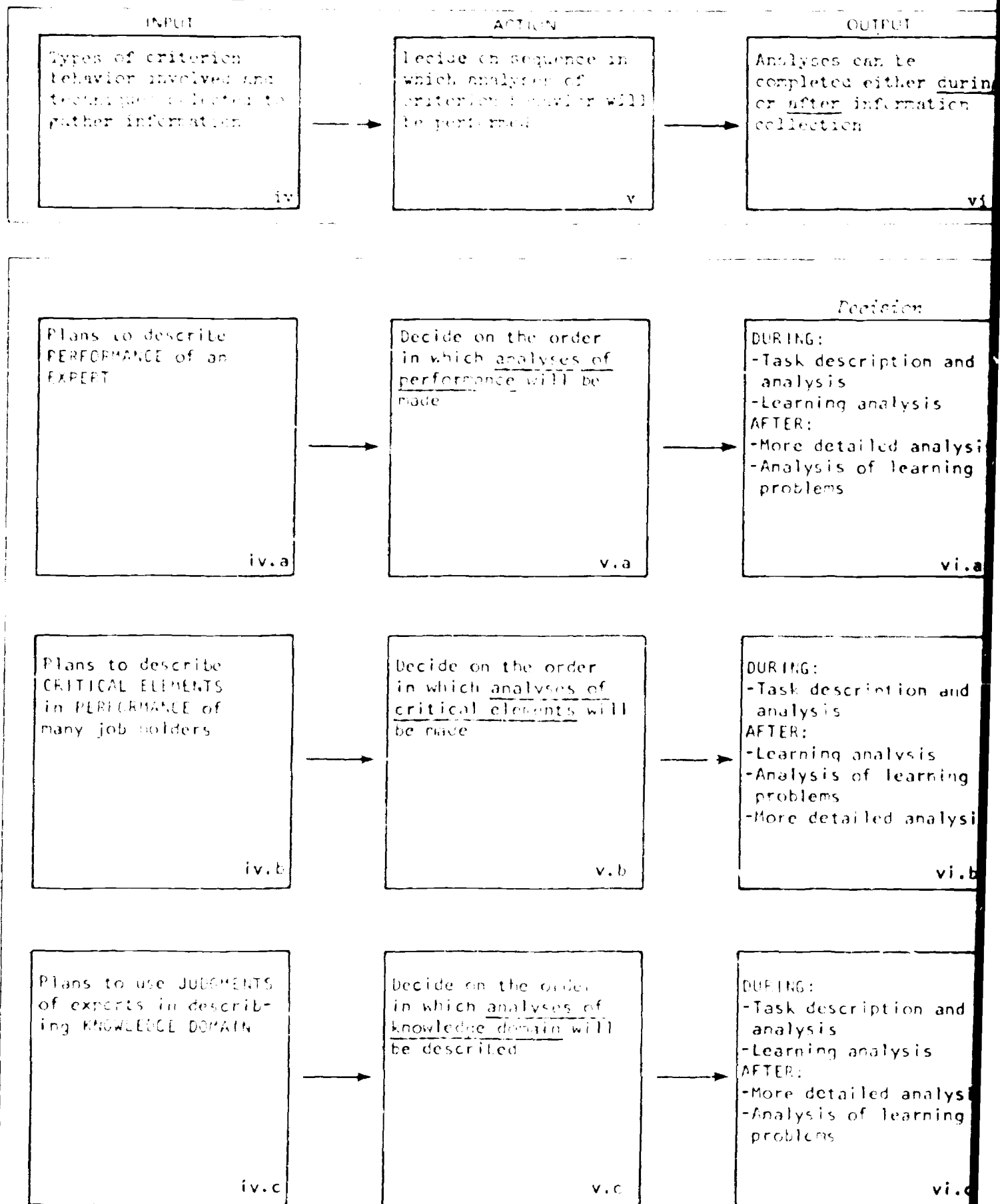
STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

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Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Identification of type of criterion behavior	A.1.1			
Selection of information-collecting techniques	A.2.2			



JOB PROCEDURES

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A.4.2

DECISION ON THE ORDER IN WHICH ANALYSES WILL BE PERFORMED BASED ON
TYPE OF CRITERION BEHAVIOR AND TYPE OF INFORMATION COLLECTION TECHNIQUE

DECISION
MATRIX

CONDITIONS	<i>Plans to describe PERFORMANCE of an EXPERT</i>	<i>Plans to describe CRITICAL ELEMENTS in PERFORMANCE of many job holders</i>	<i>Plans to use JUDGMENTS of experts in describing KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN</i>
ACTION TO TAKE	Perform DURING information collection:	Perform DURING information collection:	Perform DURING information collection:
	-Task description -Task analysis -Learning analysis of subject matter	-Task description -Task analysis	-Task description -Task analysis -Learning analysis of subject matter
	Perform AFTER information collection:	Perform AFTER information collection:	Perform AFTER information collection:
	-More detailed task analysis -Analysis of learning problems of target audience	-More detailed task analysis -Analysis of learning problems of target audience -Learning analysis of subject matter	-More detailed task analysis -Analysis of learning problems of target audience

STEP

A.4

COMPLETION CHECKLIST

	IDENTIFIED	PERFORMED	PRODUCED	FORMS COMPLETED
A.4.1		-Selection of sequence in which tasks in criterion behavior will be described		
A.4.2		-Selection of sequence in which analyses of criterion behavior will be performed		

STEP

A.5

- A.5 Develop (or plan to use existing) information-collecting instruments and procedures.

- A.5.1 Develop forms and procedures for obtaining and recording information needed to describe and analyze criterion behavior.

OR

- A.5.2(a) Select from available forms and procedures recommended when performance is to be described either through observation of an expert or through verbal report by an expert.

OR

- A.5.2(b) Select from available forms and procedures recommended when knowledge domain is to be described through judgments of an expert.

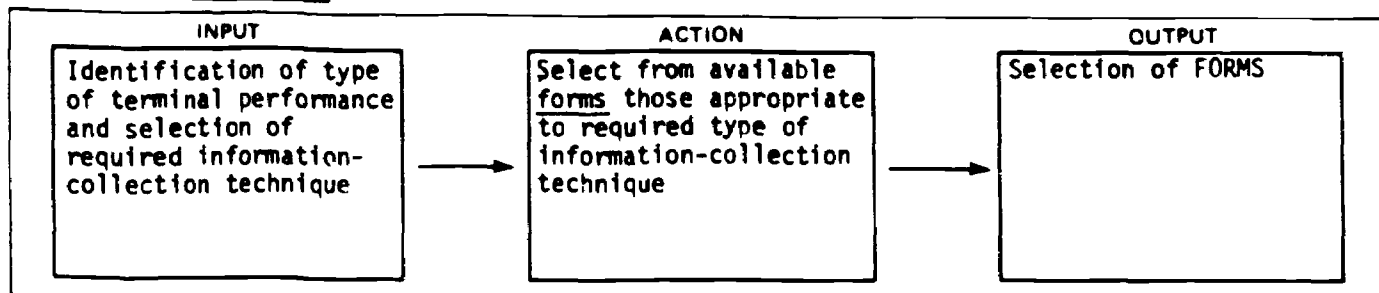
OR

- A.5.2(c) Select from available forms and procedures recommended when performance is to be described through reports of critical elements by many job holders (or those associated with them).

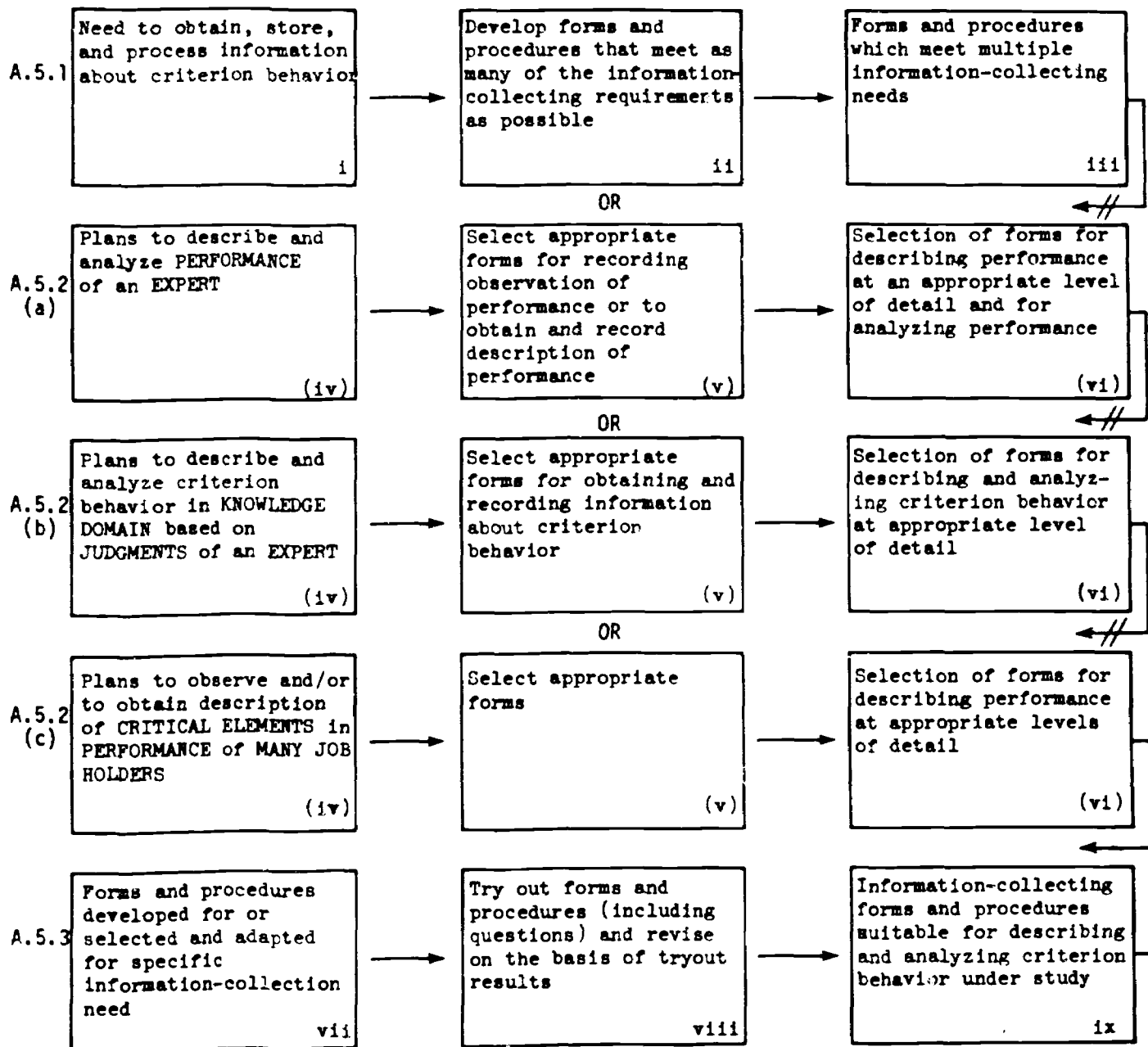
- A.5.3 Try out and revise information-collection instruments and procedures.

STEP **A.5**

OVERVIEW



Sub-STEPS



// means no chain is involved (either a or b or c may follow A.5(1))

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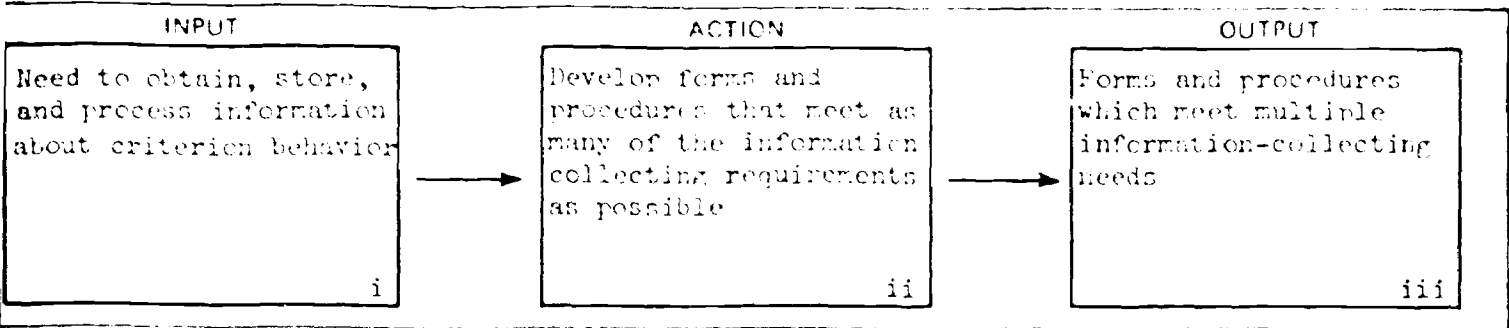
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PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<p><i>Forms are developed to meet information needs in order to perform:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ... task descriptions ... mode analysis ... task analysis ... audience analysis ... learning analysis
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Identified need to collect descriptions of and perform analyses of the criterion behavior.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Develop forms and procedures required to meet information collection needs.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub STEP	A.5.1
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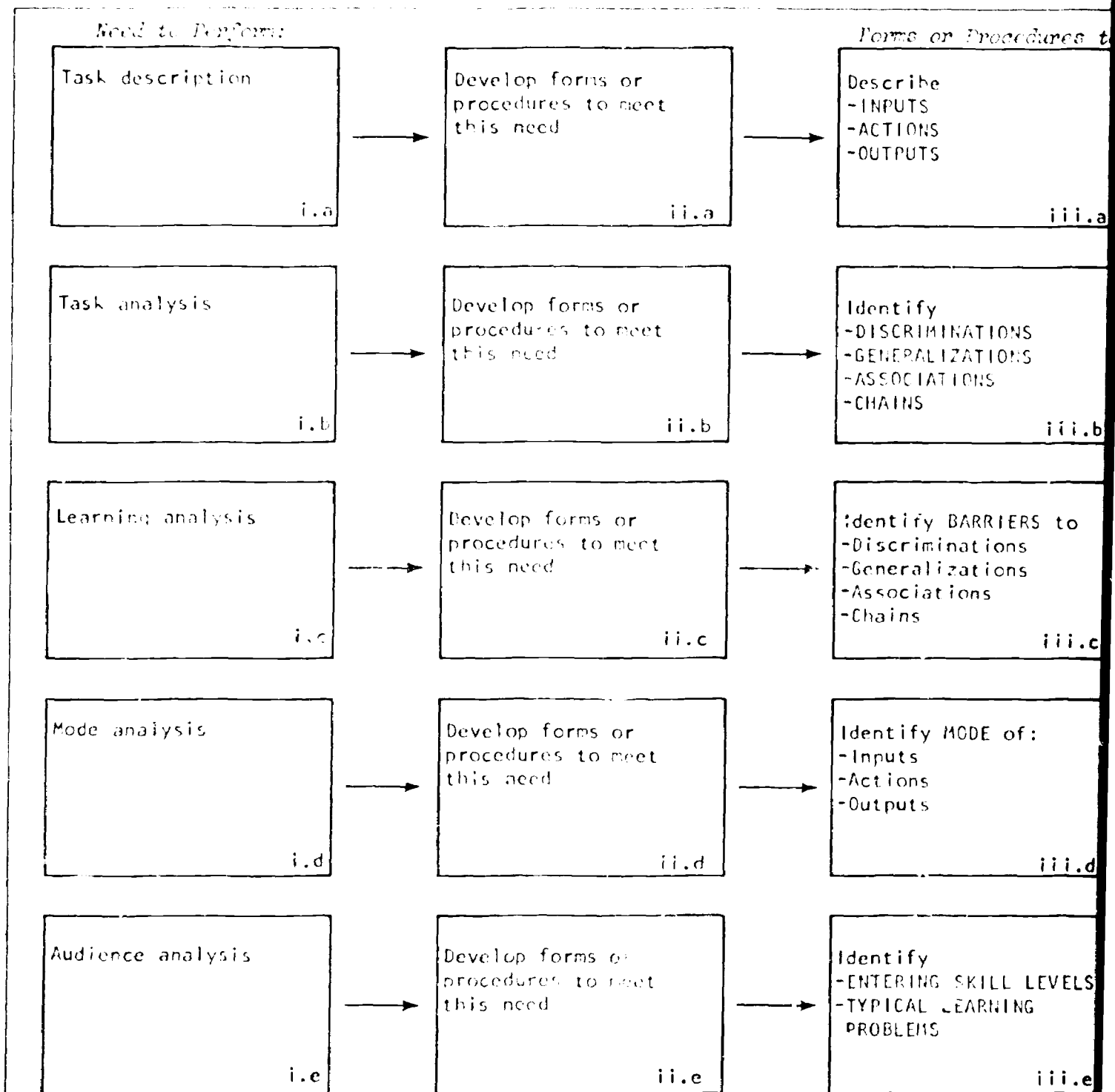
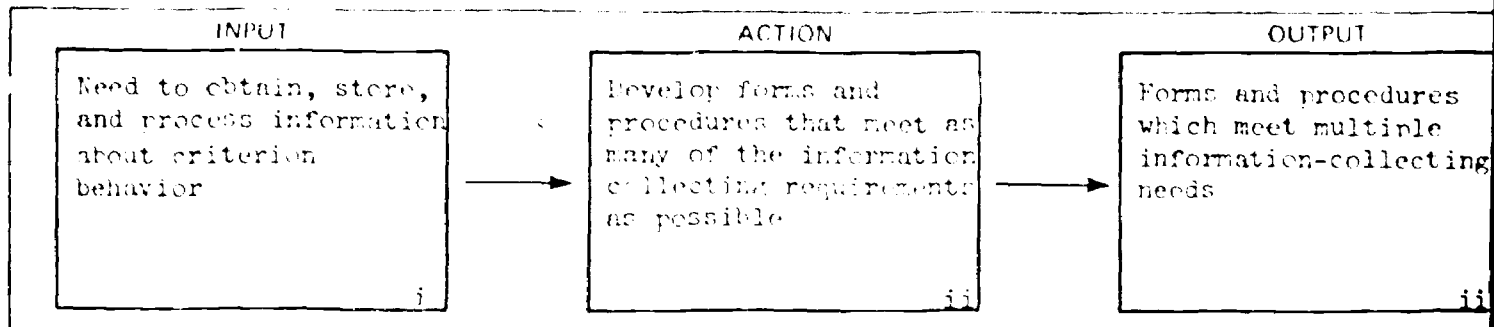
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Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Identification of type of criterion behavior	A.1.1			
Selection of information-collecting techniques	A.2.2			

JOB DIAGRAM I



BACKGROUND INFORMATION

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Desirable properties of questions to use in information collection	89

JOB DIAGRAM II

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT

Need to obtain, store,
and process information
about criterion
behavior

i

Develop forms and
procedures that meet as
many of the information
collecting requirements
as possible

ii

Forms and procedures
which meet multiple
information-collecting
needs

iii

Need to obtain
information

i.a

Develops questions,
forms, or procedures
which elicit
information

ii.a

Forms, questions, or
procedures which ELICIT
the types of informa-
tion needed in subse-
quent steps

iii.a

Need to record
information

i.b

Develops forms and
procedures which can
record information

ii.b

Forms which RECORD the
information in a forma-
suitable for perfor-
mance of subsequent
steps

iii.b

Need to analyze
information

i.c

Develops forms and
procedures which
facilitate the analysis
of information

ii.c

Forms which already
accomplish some or all
of the intended
ANALYSES

iii.c

Need to summarize
information

i.d

Develops forms and
procedures which
facilitate the summary
of information

ii.d

Forms which can be
SUMMARIZED in a way
that lends itself to
further analysis

iii.d

Need to organize
information

i.e

Develops forms and
procedures which
facilitate the
organization of
information

ii.e

Forms which can
ORGANIZE the informa-
tion at levels of
detail appropriate for
various analyses

iii.e

STANDARDS
MATRIX

TYPES OF ANALYSIS	TASK DESCRIPTION	TASK ANALYSIS	LEARNING ANALYSIS	MODE ANALYSIS	AUDIENCE ANALYSIS
REQUIRED INFORMATION	<p>-Description of INPUTS: -The conditions presented to the performer under which he must take in action</p> <p>-Description of ACTIONS: -The action the performer should take for the presented set of conditions</p> <p>-Description of OUTPUTS: -The nature of the output</p> <p>-Standards for acceptability (for tangible outputs, e.g., products)</p>	<p>-Identification of DISCRIMINATIONS: -Inputs or outputs to be differentiated</p> <p>-Identification of GENERALIZATIONS: -Range of inputs or outputs to be treated alike</p> <p>-Range of actions that are inter-substitutable</p> <p>-Identification of ASSOCIATIONS: -Inputs and actions to be associated</p> <p>-Identification of CHAINS: -Series of contingent associations</p>	<p>Identification of difficulty levels and their causes for:</p> <p>-DISCRIMINATIONS -Similarity -No. of properties -No. of inputs (outputs)</p> <p>-GENERALIZATIONS -Dissimilarity -No. of properties (outputs)</p> <p>-ASSOCIATIONS -Strength of existing associations -No. of associations</p> <p>-CHAINS -Length of chain -Discrimination problem for outputs -Existing associations</p>	<p>Identification of mode for:</p> <p>-INPUTS and OUTPUTS -Visual, audio, kinaesthetic, taste, smell -Realistic, reproduced, fabricated -Symbolic, verbal, environmental</p> <p>-ACTIONS -Recognition, editing, production -Perceptual, motor, vocal, sub-vocal</p>	<p>Characterization of target audience:</p> <p>-ENTERING SKILL LEVELS -TYPICAL DIFFICULTIES WITH EXISTING CURRICULA OR PROGRAMS</p>

*Types of information may be obtained during Task A, information collection, or later during Task B, analysis of information. Whenever possible, all types should be obtained during Task A--in the interest of efficiency.

A.5.5.1

STANDARDS
MATRIX

PROPERTIES OF FORMS	Materials or procedures themselves are structured to ELICIT the type of information required for describing and analyzing the criterion behavior	Forms used to obtain information also provide a suitable place to RECORD the information, requiring no (or minimal) later reworking or modification	Forms used to obtain and record information also represent a partial or complete ANALYSIS of criterion behavior, i.e., descriptions and analysis of criterion behavior are pre-forms! Analyze them! i.e., same thing as to sample or test and the analysis	Analysis results permitted on forms are in a format easily accessible for use in later, additional analyses	Forms permit the ORGANIZATION of information to allow the collection of information at different levels of detail at different times -Cross-referencing between different levels of detail
SUGGESTED METHODS OR FORMS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Labels, headings -Lists of questions -Accompanying forms -Questions printed on forms -Format of forms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Forms of forms allow information recorded to be analyzed as -Recording requires significant and appropriate information for later procedures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Forms which are used to describe behavior are in formats which provide analysis results 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Matrices with standardized headings used throughout -Analyses contingent on results of other analyses use similar headings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Varying formats with specific formats tabbed for specific level of detail -Standardized numbering systems permitting cross-referencing
EXAMPLES	<p>INPUT-ACTION-OUTPUT</p> <p>INPUT-ACTION-OUTPUT</p> <p>Formats which are reminders of required types of information</p> <p>DIAGRAM FOR A DISCRIMINATION</p>	<p>Statement of objectives can be readily and directly derived from adequately reinforced task descriptions</p> <p>INPUT ACTION</p> <p>When given a problem start with the</p>	<p>Diagrammatic presentation of task description also constitutes a task analysis</p> <p>EXAMPLE OF A CHAIN</p>	<p>Diagrams summarizing learning difficulties for each sub-step can be used to summarize learning difficulties for a complete task or series of tasks, thus characterizing the difficulties of a major unit</p>	<p>Formats themselves differentiate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Tasks -Steps -Sub-steps -Skill elements -Use of folders for higher level descriptions e.g., task folder -Includes forms for steps and sub-steps

PROPERTIES OF FORMS WHICH ELICIT AND ALLOW
RECORDING OF REQUIRED TYPES OF INFORMATION

EXAMPLES OF FORMS

C. LEARNING ANALYSIS

level of difficulty in acquiring \rightarrow

		DISCRIMINATIONS		
		hi	med	lo
INPUT	due to similarity			
	No. of properties			
	No. of inputs			
	GENERALIZATIONS			
		hi	med	lo
	dissimilarity			
	No. of properties			
	No. of inputs			

*Examples selected from forms used in
this volume

DISCUSSION OF THEIR PROPERTIES

- (1) The format of the form structures the observation of criterion behavior or verbal interview about criterion behavior so that the information elicited tends to be comprehensive and relevant.

e.g., for the diagram to be properly completed, the observer/interviewer has to look for or ask for relevant discriminations, generalizations, and associations.

- (2) The record of the observation/interview process is suitable as a basis for other analyses to be performed simultaneously or later on.

e.g., learning analysis (see the diagrams below) or more detailed task analysis.

- (1) The listing of input characteristics which affect the difficulty of acquiring a discrimination (e.g., "similarity," "No. of input properties," and "No. of classes of inputs") directs the observer/interviewer to look for or ask for information pertinent to these characteristics

- (2) The record of X's in the cells is sufficient *without modification* for later decisions about instructional strategies for teaching discriminations or generalizations relevant to the inputs in question.

PROPERTIES OF FORMS WHICH FACILITATE ANALYSIS AND/OR SUMMARY OF INFORMATION

EXAMPLES OF FORMS

LEARNING ANALYSIS

level of difficulty in acquiring →

DISCRIMINATIONS

due to similarity	hi	med	lo
No. of properties			
No. of inputs			

Sub-Steps	HI DIFFICULTY IN ACQUIRING			
	d	g	a	c
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
...				
n				

d = discriminations; g = generalizations
a = associations; c = chains

*Example selected from forms used in this volume.

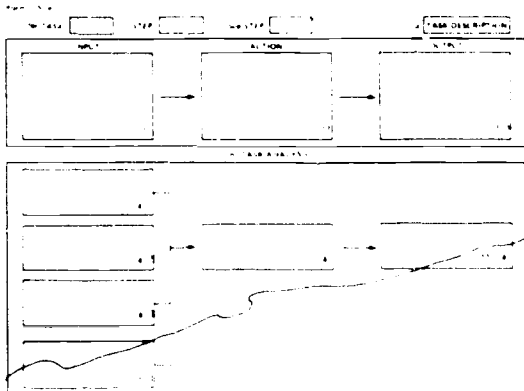
DISCUSSION OF THEIR PROPERTIES

- (1) The forms used to record a description of inputs, actions, and outputs, when completed, also provide an analysis of the criterion behavior e.g., relevant discriminations, generalizations, and associations are also identified

- (1) the results of one analysis, e.g., the estimate of the difficulty in acquiring a discrimination in each sub-step, can be readily summarized in other analyses (on other forms). In this example, the whole step can be characterized as to the type of learning problems involved in its acquisition by summarizing a number of separate analyses within one compatible matrix. The matrix results may then be used for further decisions in the development process (in this example, decisions about appropriate types of practice to be recommended for teaching these sub-steps).

PROPERTIES OF FORMS WHICH FACILITATE
THE ORGANIZATION OF INFORMATION

EXAMPLE OF FORM



DISCUSSION OF ITS PROPERTIES

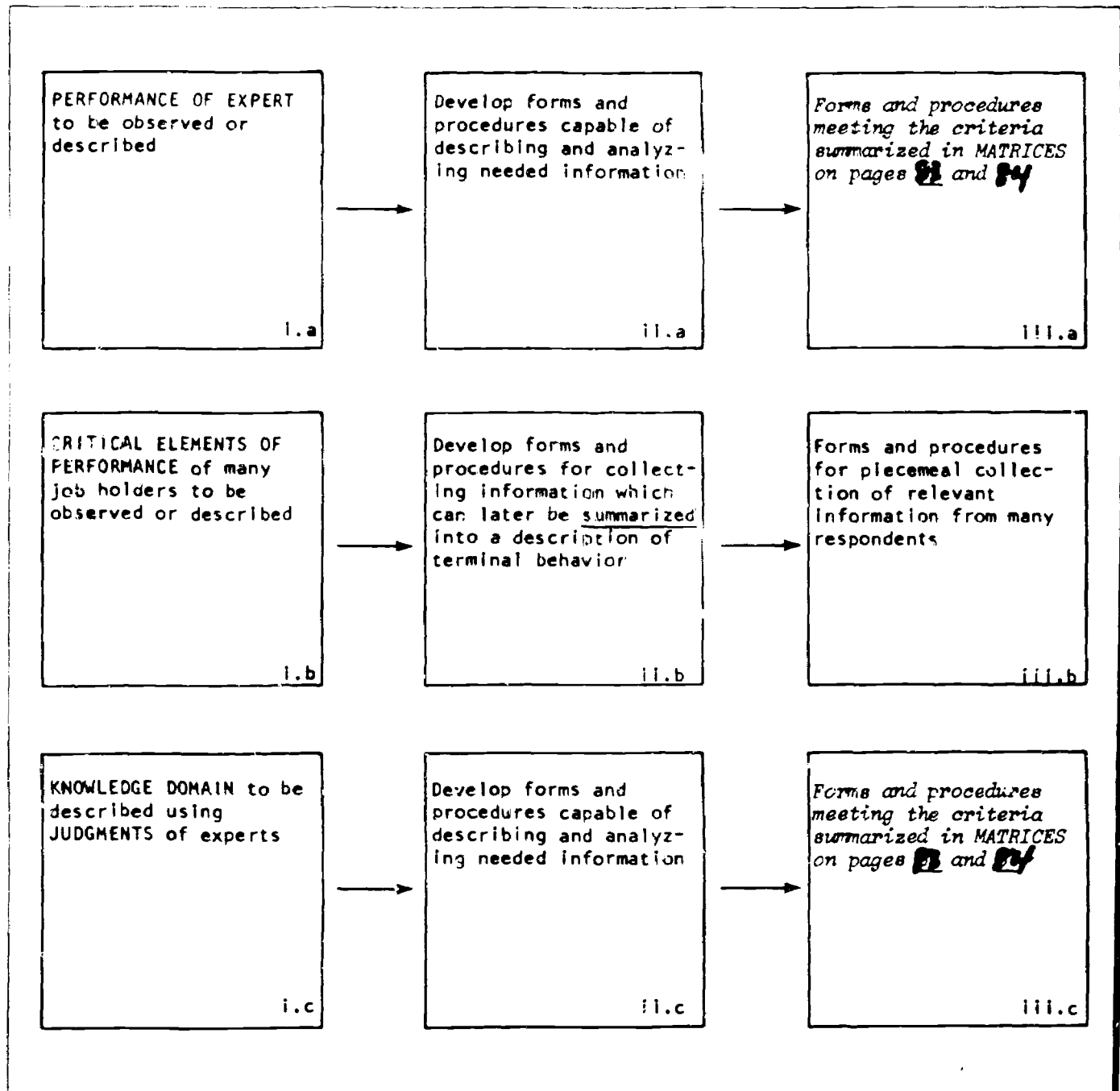
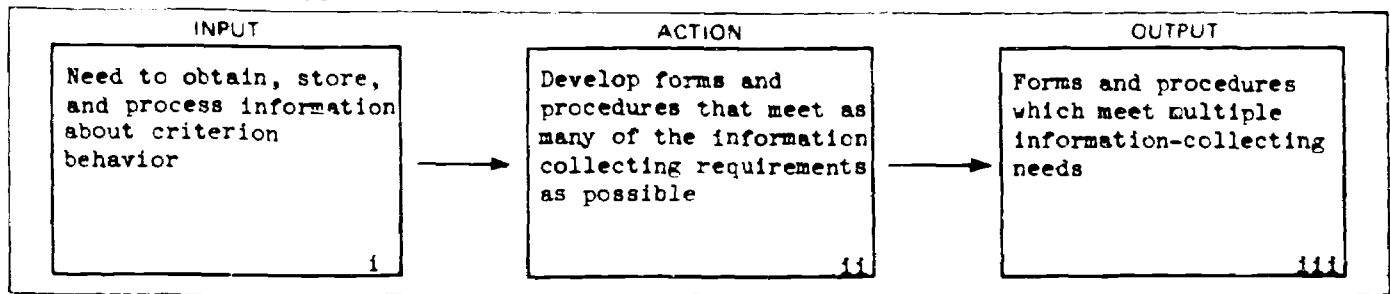
- (1) The upper and lower parts of the form permit the description of two related levels of detail on one form.
- (2) There is provision at the top of the form for crossreferencing descriptions at varying levels of detail
- (3) A standardized numbering system is used to identify the level of detail presented on the form
e.g., i, ii, iii, etc., are reserved for sub-steps

**Examples selected from forms used in this volume.*

Sub-STEP

A.5.1

JOB DIAGRAM III



A.5.1

STANDARDS
MATRIXFOUR DESIRABLE PROPERTIES OF QUESTIONS (IN INTERVIEWS OR ON QUESTIONNAIRES)
FOR COLLECTING DESCRIPTIONS OF CRITICAL ELEMENTS IN JOB PERFORMANCE

GOAL OF QUESTIONS	VALIDITY OF ANSWERS	RELIABILITY OF ANSWERS	COMPREHENSIVENESS OF ANSWERS	RELEVANCE TO OTHER ANALYSES
PROPERTIES OF QUESTIONS	<p>-Questions elicit answers identifying <u>behaviors or incidents critical to a specified outcome</u></p>	<p>-Questions elicit <u>objective descriptions (rather than subjective judgments)</u> of the behavior</p> <p>-Questions stress recent incidents to avoid memory distortions</p>	<p>-Questions elicit answers that identify antecedents of behaviors</p> <p>-The behavior itself</p> <p>-The outcome of the behavior</p> <p>-Questions are directed to specific major areas to insure complete coverage</p>	<p>-Questions identify: Discriminations Generalizations Assumptions Criteria</p> <p>-Questions identify: Successes and failure points in performance</p>
EXAMPLES	<p>e.g., "Think of an incident in which someone did something that made the difference between success and failure in ____"</p> <p>e.g., "Describe what he did that had an effect on work completion."</p>	<p>e.g., "Describe something the man did that resulted in: ____"</p> <p>-A breakdown in production</p> <p>-The successful repair of equipment"</p> <p>e.g., "Think of the last time you saw someone do something which led to ____"</p>	<p>e.g., "What did he do? What led up to this behavior? What was the outcome?"</p> <p>e.g., "Can you think of an incident having to do with ____"</p>	<p>e.g., "Describe the conditions which someone failed to differentiate"</p> <p>e.g., "Describe the conditions which he differentiated but shouldn't have"</p>

PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>The selection of FORMS needed to describe and analyze criterion behavior which includes "performance".</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Plans to describe the <u>performance</u> of an expert (the same as model).
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Select from available FORMS those necessary for describing and analyzing the criterion behavior.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	Available FORMS -- A.5(1)-(7)

DESCRIPTION OF Sub STEP

A.5.2(a)

INPUT

Plans to describe and analyze behavior of an individual

(iv)

ACTION

Select appropriate forms for recording observation of performance or to obtain and record description of performance

(v)

OUTPUT

Selection of forms for describing performance at an appropriate level of detail and for analyzing performance

(vi)

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

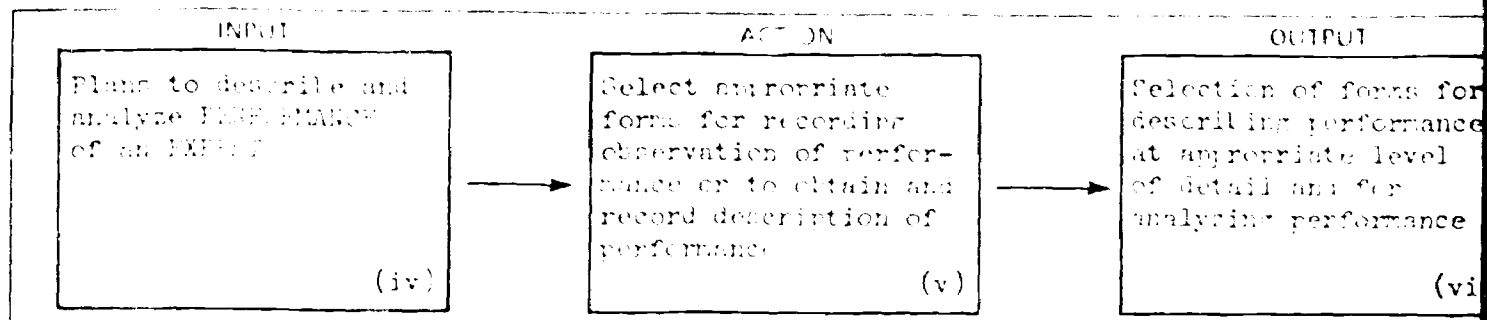
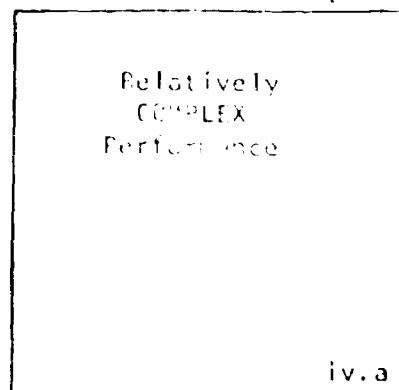
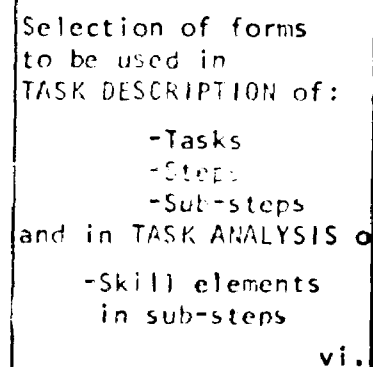
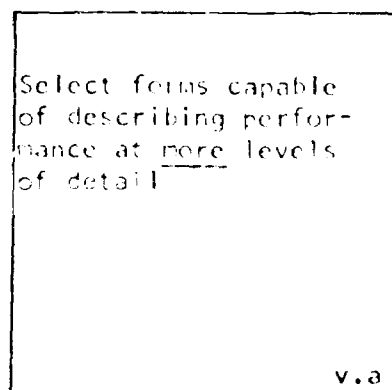
STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

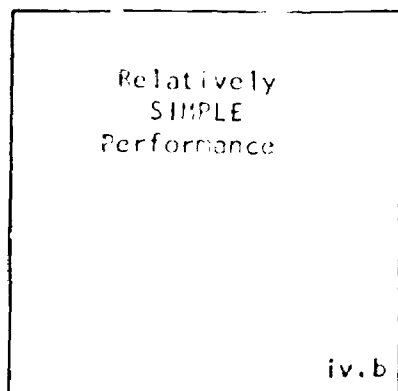
-MATRIX: Variations in performance complexity . . . 94	-MATRIX: Selection of forms appropriate to level of detail required . . 95, 99 -MATRIX: Forms for analyzing performance . . 115		And associated QUESTIONS: A.5(1)101 A.5(2)105 A.5(3)109 A.5(4)117 A.5(5-7) . . 129-134
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Required Materials

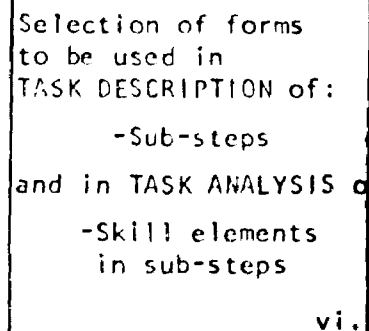
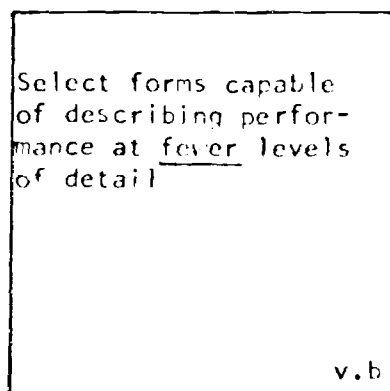
COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
STEP		STEP		
Identification of type of criterion behavior	A.1.1			A.5(1) TASKS
Selection of information-collecting techniques	A.2.2			A.5(2) STEPS
				A.5(3) SUB-STEPS
				A.5(4) a. Task Description b. Task analysis
				A.5(5-7) Supplements

*Identification of type**Decision*

Relatively
SIMPLE
Performance



Select forms capable
of describing performance
at fewer levels
of detail



BACKGROUND INFORMATION

	page
Determining when performance is likely to be complex or simple	94
Determining which forms to select based on degree of performance complexity	95

A.5.2(a)

CRITERIA FOR IDENTIFYING WHETHER PERFORMANCE
IS LIKELY TO BE COMPLEX OR SIMPLE

IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX

CRITERIA	Performance consists of: -Long chains -Difficult discriminations or generalizations -Difficult associations	Performance consists of: -Short chains -Relatively easy discriminations or generalizations -Relatively easy associations
JUDGMENT OF COMPLEXITY	Relatively COMPLEX Performance	Relatively SIMPLE Performance
EXAMPLES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Developing a science curriculum -Developing a computer program -Flying an airplane -Carrying out a research project -Deriving a statistical formula 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Doing addition or subtraction -Drawing a map in geography -Bisecting an angle in geometry -Reciting a four line poem -Solving for an unknown in a statistical formula

A.5.2(a)

SELECTION OF NUMBER OF VARIETY OF FORMS BASED ON
JUDGMENT OF DEGREE OF PERFORMANCE COMPLEXITY

DECISION
MATRIX

CONDITIONS	Performance is relatively COMPLEX	Performance is relatively SIMPLE
ACTION TO TAKE	<i>-Select forms to allow description of performance at <u>more</u> levels of detail</i>	<i>-Select forms to allow description of performance at <u>fewer</u> levels of detail</i>
EXAMPLES OF LEVELS OF DETAIL	EXAMPLE from "driving" performance	EXAMPLE from "arithmetic"
Description at TASK Level	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Basic Control Tasks B. General Driving Tasks (C.) Tasks Related to Traffic Conditions D. Tasks Related to Roadway Characteristics E. Tasks Related to the Environment F. Tasks Related to the Car 	
Description at STEP Level	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (C.1) Following C.2 Passing C.3 Entering and Leaving Traffic C.4 Lane Changing C.5 Parking C.6 Reacting to Traffic 	
Description at Sub-STEP Level*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> C.1.a Maintains adequate following distance from lead vehicle C.1.b Adjusts speed to change in speed of lead vehicle C.1.c Observes traffic to anticipate changes in lead vehicle velocity 	<p>ADDING TWO-DIGIT NUMBERS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Adds numbers in units column 2. Records unit digit of sum 3. Adds remaining tens digit to tens column 4. Records total

*Description can be carried out to the sub-sub-step level when necessary.

PERFORMING A TASK DESCRIPTION*

This section contains forms (Ex p. 100) recommended for use when an expert describes his own performance or when it is described by someone who has observed the performance.

CONTENTS

FORM No.	PAGE	FUNCTION	Recommended Questions PAGE	Recommended Referencing System PAGE
A.5(1)	101, 102	Identification of TASKS	100	103
A.5(2)	105, 106	Identification of STEPS	104	107
A.5(3)	109, 110	Identification of Sub-STEPS	108	111

*Task analysis begins when task description has been completed at lowest level of detail, i.e., description of Sub-STEPS or of Sub-Sub-STEPS.

See page 114 for FORMS to use in TASK ANALYSIS.

A.5.2(a)

FORMS TO USE IN DOING A TASK DESCRIPTION OF PERFORMANCE AT DIFFERING LEVELS OF DETAIL

DECISION MATRIX

REQUIRED LEVELS OF DETAIL	Description of TASKS	Description of STEPS	Description of Sub-STEPS Description of Sub-Sub-STEPS
FORMS TO USE	Form A.5(1) SUMMARY OF TASKS	Form A.5(2) SUMMARY OF STEPS	Form A.5(3) SUMMARY OF SUB-STEPS
PARTIAL ILLUSTRATIONS			
LEVEL OF DETAIL TO BE DESCRIBED	Most general description	Breakdown of <u>tasks</u> into less general <u>steps</u>	Breakdown of steps into still less general sub-steps; and continued, if necessary, to more specific sub-sub-steps
RECOMMENDED REFERENCING SYSTEM	A, B, C, D, E, F Etc.	A.1 B.1 C.1 A.2 B.2 C.2 A.3 B.3 C.3 Etc. : : : A.n B.n C.n	A.1.1 A.2.1 A.1.2 A.2.2 A.1.3 A.2.3 : : : A.1.n A.2.n Etc.

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Let's see if we can get a big picture or an overview or what it is you do."

QUESTION

"What are the major tasks or functions involved when you _____?"

activity

ALTERNATES

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in performing a _____ activity?"

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in _____?"

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in performing as a _____?"
job title

PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY

STATEMENT

"Here's an example of what I mean."*

*If possible, provide an example from the performance area under study.

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

QUESTION

"What are the major tasks or functions involved when you write an essay?"

ALTERNATES

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in performing an orthopedic examination?"

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in building a curriculum?"

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in performing as a researcher?"

ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS

PERFORMING AS AN
ORTHOPEDIC SURGEON

- A. Gathers clinical information
- B. Uses special diagnostic information
- C. Develops a diagnosis
- D. Decides on appropriate care
- E. Implements treatment
- F. Provides continuing care

SUMMARY OF TASKS

A

B

C

D

E

F

G

H

I

SUMMARY OF TASKS

K

L

M



N

Etc.

A.5.2(a)

RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT 	TASKS	STEPS	Sub-STEPS	a. Task Description	b. Task Analysis	c. Learning Analysis
						d. Mode Analysis
RECOMMENDED LABELS 	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers + Lower Case Roman Numbers	Same as for Sub-STEPS	Lower Case Roman Numbers + Lower Case Alphabet + Arabic Numbers	None Needed
EXAMPLES	A B C D E Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 B.3 B.4 Etc. C.1 C.2 Etc.	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc. I, II, III, IV, V, VI	A.1.1 I, II, III A.1.2 IV, V, VI A.1.3 VII, VIII, IX, Etc. A.2.1 I, II, III A.2.2 IV, V, VI Etc. A.3.1 I, II, III A.3.2 IV, V, VI Etc.	I.a II.a III.a I.b II.b III.b I.c II.c III.c IV.a V.a VI.a Etc. + I.a.1 I.a.2 I.b.1 I.b.2 I.b.3 I.c.1 I.c.2 I.c.3 Etc.	

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Now, let's see if we can identify the major steps within each task."

QUESTION A

"What are the major steps involved in _____?"
Task A

QUESTION A.1

"For Step 1, _____, Step
what are the input conditions, the actions taken, and the resulting outputs?"

QUESTIONS A.2-A.n

Repeat same type of question as in A.1 for all steps in Task A.

QUESTIONS B-B.n

Repeat same type of question as A, then A.1-A.n, for all steps in Task B.

Repeat the above procedure for all tasks.

PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY

STATEMENT

"Here's an example of what I mean."



SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

"What are the major steps involved in gathering clinical information?"

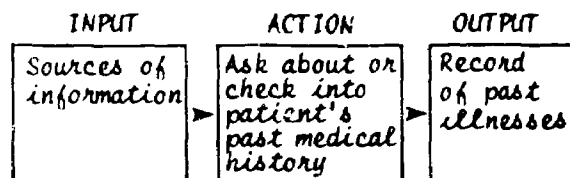
"For Step 1, asking for a medical history, what are the input conditions, the actions to be taken, and the resulting outputs?"

ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS

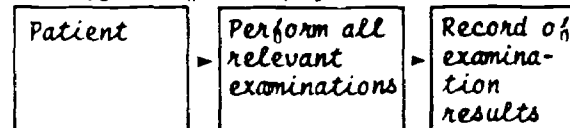
PERFORMING AS AN
ORTHOPEDIC SURGEON

A. Gathering clinical information

A.1 Obtain a medical history



A.2 Perform a physical examination



for TASK

A

SUMMARY OF

STEPS

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT

A : 1

A : 2

A : 3

A : 4

A : 5

A : 6

for TASK

A

SUMMARY OF



STEPS

	INPUT		ACTION		OUTPUT
A 7		→		→	
A 8		→		→	
A 9		→		→	
E t c.		→		→	
		→		→	
		→		→	

A.5.2(a)

RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT 	TASKS	STEPS	Sub-STEPS	a. Task Description	b. Task Analysis	c. Learning Analysis
						d. Mode Analysis
RECOMMENDED LABELS 	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers + Lower Case Roman Numbers	Same as for Sub-STEPs	Lower Case Roman Numbers + Lower Case Alphabet + Arabic Numbers	None Needed
	A B C D E Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 B.3 B.4 Etc. C.1 C.2 Etc.	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc. I, II, III, IV, V, VI	A.1.1 I, II, III A.1.2 IV, V, VI A.1.3 VII, VIII, IX, Etc. A.2.1 I, II, III A.2.2 IV, V, VI Etc. A.3.1 I, II, III A.3.2 IV, V, VI Etc.	I.a II.a III.a I.b II.b III.b I.c II.c III.c IV.a V.a VI.a Etc. + I.a.1 I.a.2 I.b.1 I.b.2 I.b.3 I.c.1 I.c.2 I.c.3 Etc.	

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Now, let's see if we can identify the major sub-steps within each step."

QUESTION A.1

"What are the sub-steps involved in _____?"
Step A.1

QUESTION A.1.1

For Sub-Step A.1.1, Sub-Step A.1.1, what are the input conditions, the actions taken, and the resulting outputs?"

QUESTIONS A.1.2-A.1.n

Repeat same type of question as in A.1.1 for all sub-steps in Step A.1.

Repeat same type of question as above for all sub-steps in all other steps in Task A.

Repeat the above procedure for all tasks.

PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY

STATEMENT

"Here's an example of what I mean."



SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

"What are the major sub-steps involved in obtaining a medical history?"

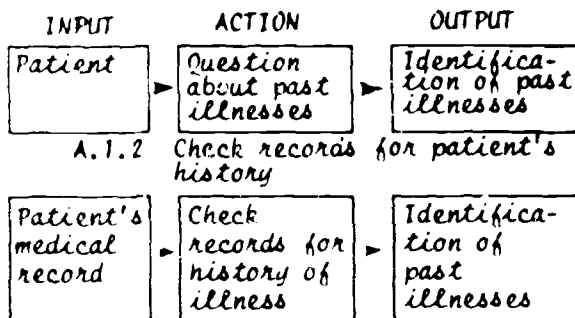
"For Sub-Step A.1.1, asking the patient about his past illnesses, what are the input conditions, the actions to be taken, and the resulting outputs?"

ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS

PERFORMING AS AN
ORTHOPEDIC SURGEON

A.1 Obtain a medical history

A.1.1 Ask patient for medical history



for TASK

A

STEP

1

SUMMARY OF Sub-STEPs

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT

A 1.1	<div>I</div>	<div>II</div>	<div>III</div>
A 1.2	<div>IV</div>	<div>V</div>	<div>VI</div>
A 1.3	<div>VII</div>	<div>VIII</div>	<div>IX</div>
A 1.4	<div>X</div>	<div>XI</div>	<div>XII</div>
A 1.5	<div>XIII</div>	<div>XIV</div>	<div>XV</div>

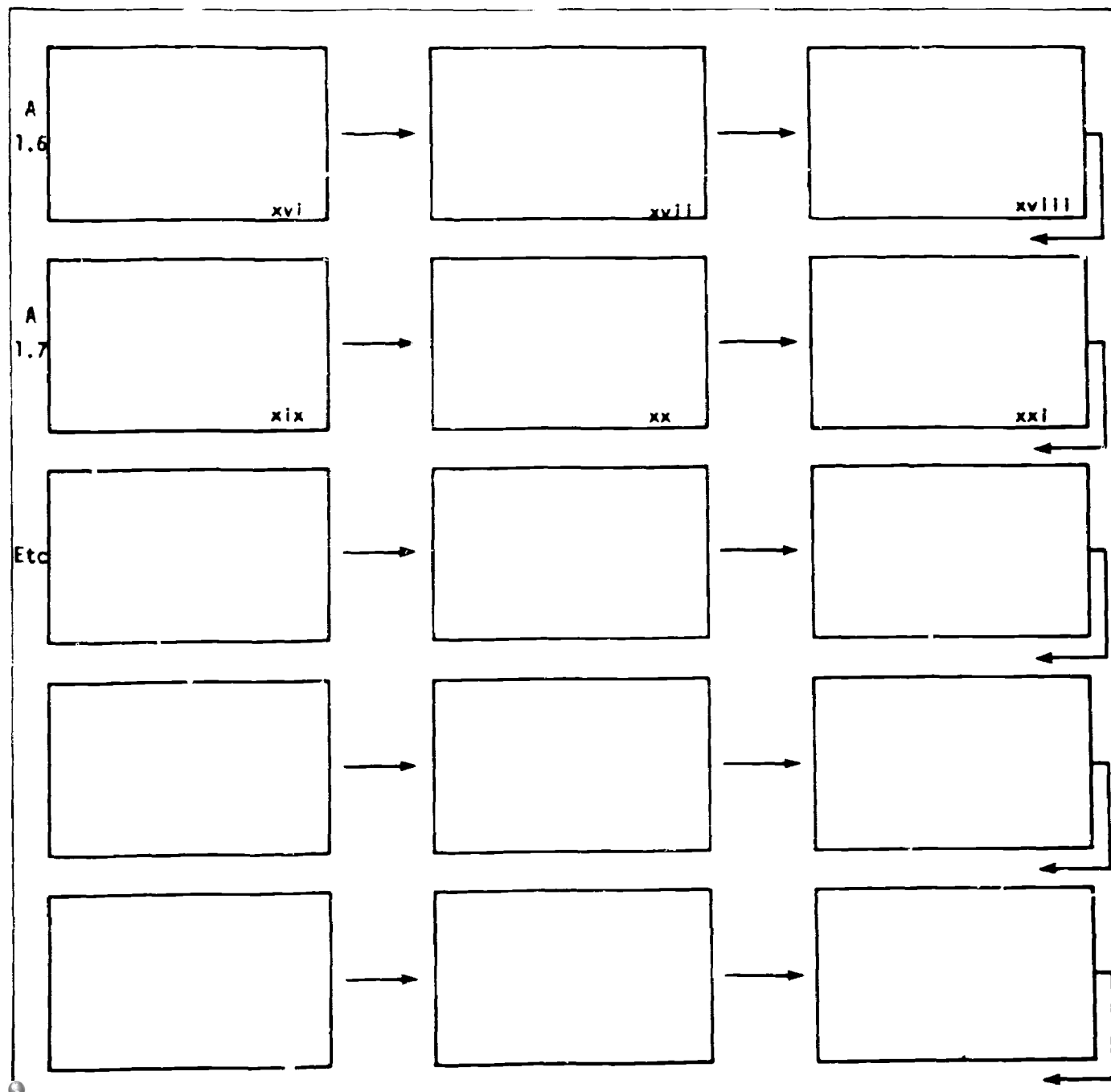
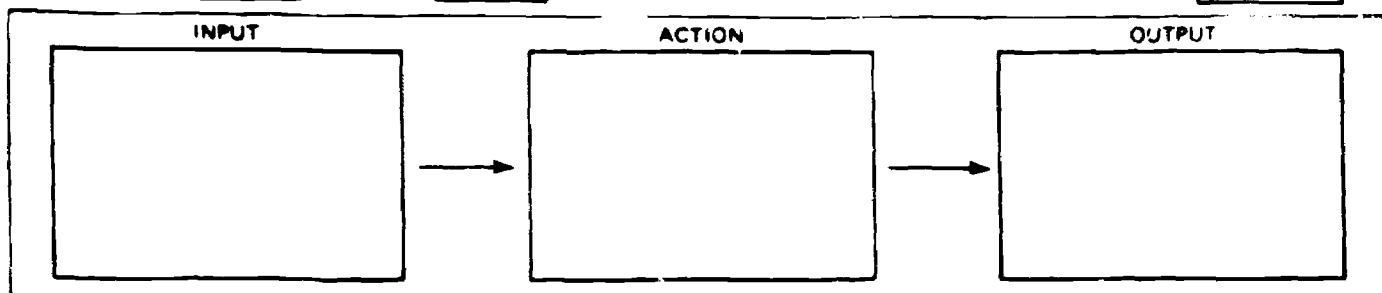
for TASK

A



STEP

1

SUMMARY OF Sub-STEPS



DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT 	TASKS	STEPS	Sub-STEPS	a. Task Description	b. Task Analysis	c. Learning Analysis
						d. Node Analysis
RECOMMENDED LABELS 	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers + Lower Case Roman Numbers	Same as for Sub-STEPS	Lower Case Roman Numbers + Lower Case Alphabet + Arabic Numbers	None Needed
EXAMPLES	A B C D E Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 B.3 B.4 Etc. C.1 C.2 Etc.	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc. I, II, III, IV, V, VI	A.1.1 i, ii, iii A.1.2 iv, v, vi A.1.3 vii, viii, ix, Etc. A.2.1 i, ii, iii A.2.2 iv, v, vi Etc. A.3.1 i, ii, iii A.3.2 iv, v, vi Etc.	i.a ii.a iii.a i.b ii.b iii.b i.c ii.c iii.c iv.a v.a vi.a Etc. + i.a.1 i.a.2 i.b.1 i.b.2 i.b.3 i.c.1 i.c.2 i.c.3 Etc.	

PERFORMING A TASK ANALYSIS*

This section contains forms (in yellow) recommended for use when a task analysis is performed with the aid of an expert who describes his own performance or when it is described by someone who has observed the performance. It also contains some supplementary forms.

CONTENTS

FORM No.	PAGE	FUNCTION	Recommended Questions PAGE	Recommended Referencing System PAGE
A.5(4)	125-128	-Description of Sub-Step -Task Analysis -Learning Analysis -Mode Analysis	116 116 118 ---	121 121 --- ---
A.5(5) Supplement	129, 130	-Additional Task Analysis Information	same as 116	same as 121
A.5(6) Supplement	131, 132	-Special Form for Recording Additional Information Re: INPUT GENERALIZATION	same as 116	same as 121
A.5(7) Supplement	133, 134	-Special Form for Recording Additional Information Re: ACTION GENERALIZATION	same as 116	same as 121

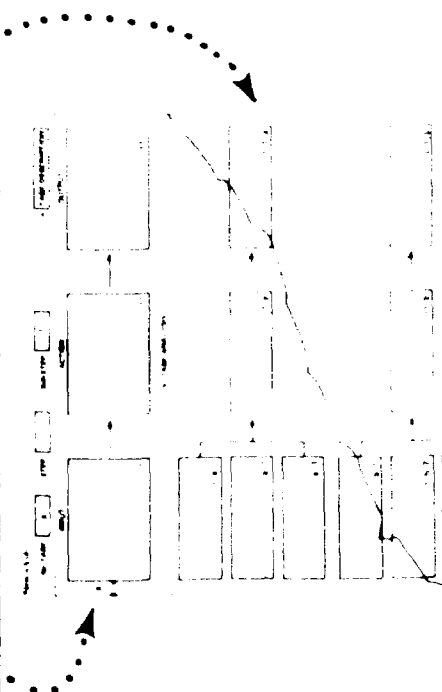
*Task analysis begins when task description has been completed at lowest level of detail, i.e., description of Sub-STEPS or of Sub-Sub-STEPS.

NOTE: "Learning" analysis and "mode" analysis are performed on the right-hand side of FORM A.5(4) on which the task analysis is performed.

A.5.2(a)

DECISION MATRIX

FORMS TO USE IN ANALYZING PERFORMANCE: TASK ANALYSIS, LEARNING ANALYSIS, AND MODE ANALYSIS
(Information may be collected at same time task description of performance is being done)

TYPES OF ANALYSIS	Transfer of task description on <u>FORM A.5(3)</u> at lowest level obtained to	Identification of SKILL ELEMENTS	Identification of LEARNING DIFFICULTIES	Identification of Performance MODES
FORMS TO USE	<u>Form A.5(4)</u> (left-hand page) a. <u>Task Description</u>	<u>Form A.5(4)</u> (left-hand page) b. <u>Task Analysis</u>	<u>Form A.5(4)</u> (right-hand page) c. <u>Learning Analysis</u>	<u>Form A.5(4)</u> (right-hand page) d. <u>Mode Analysis</u>
ILLUSTRATIONS				
RECOMMENDED REFERENCING SYSTEM	Requires no numbering; is attached as a right-hand page to the material it refers to			

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Now, we want some more detail about each sub-step."

QUESTION 1 (Discriminations)

"Let's take Sub-STEP Sub-Step #.
When you are activity,
what different input conditions
are there that would cause you to
take a different course of action?"

QUESTION 2 (Associations)

"For each of these different input conditions, what different
course of action would you take?"

QUESTION 3 (Action Generalization)

"One at a time, let's take each of
these actions you mentioned.
Are there alternative ways to
action?"

QUESTION 4 (Input Generalization)

"One by one, let's take these types of input conditions you
mentioned; are there possible
variations within each type that
would still lead you to deal with
them all in the same way, i.e.,
action to be taken?"

QUESTION 5 (Discriminations - Outputs)

"For each of these input conditions, what differences in
outcomes, if any, are there?"

QUESTION 6

"Are there standards about these outcomes
which are crucial for
satisfactory performance?"

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

QUESTION 1

"Let's take Sub-STEP B.5.1. When
you are gathering information for
a report, what different kinds of
information might you come across
that you would deal with in
different ways?"

QUESTION 2

"For each of these different types
of information, what are the
different ways you would evaluate
them?"

QUESTION 3

"Let's take the first action you
mentioned, writing an abstract.
Are there different ways you might
summarize the information?"

QUESTION 4

"Let's take the first type of
information you mentioned, technical
articles. Are there different types
of technical articles that would
nevertheless still lead you to
write an abstract for it?"

QUESTION 5

"For the first type of information
you mentioned, does this lead to
a body of evidence different from
that provided by the other types
of information?"

QUESTION 6

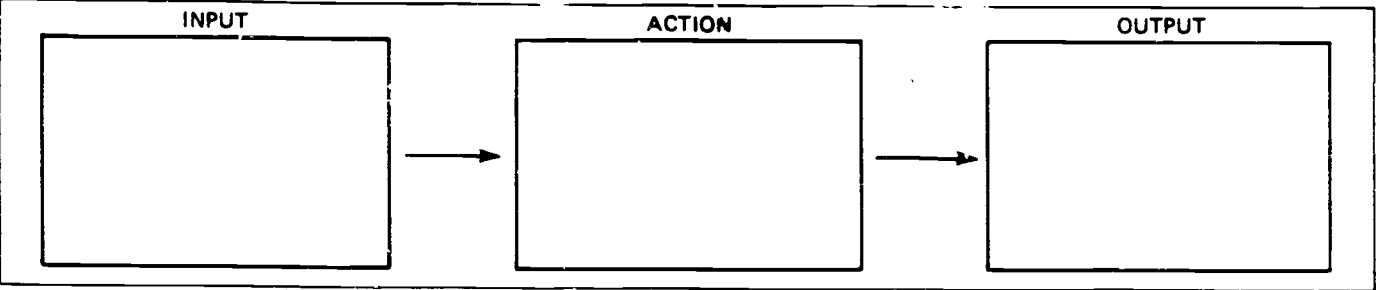
"Are there standards about these
bodies of evidence which are
crucial for satisfactory
performance?"

for TASK

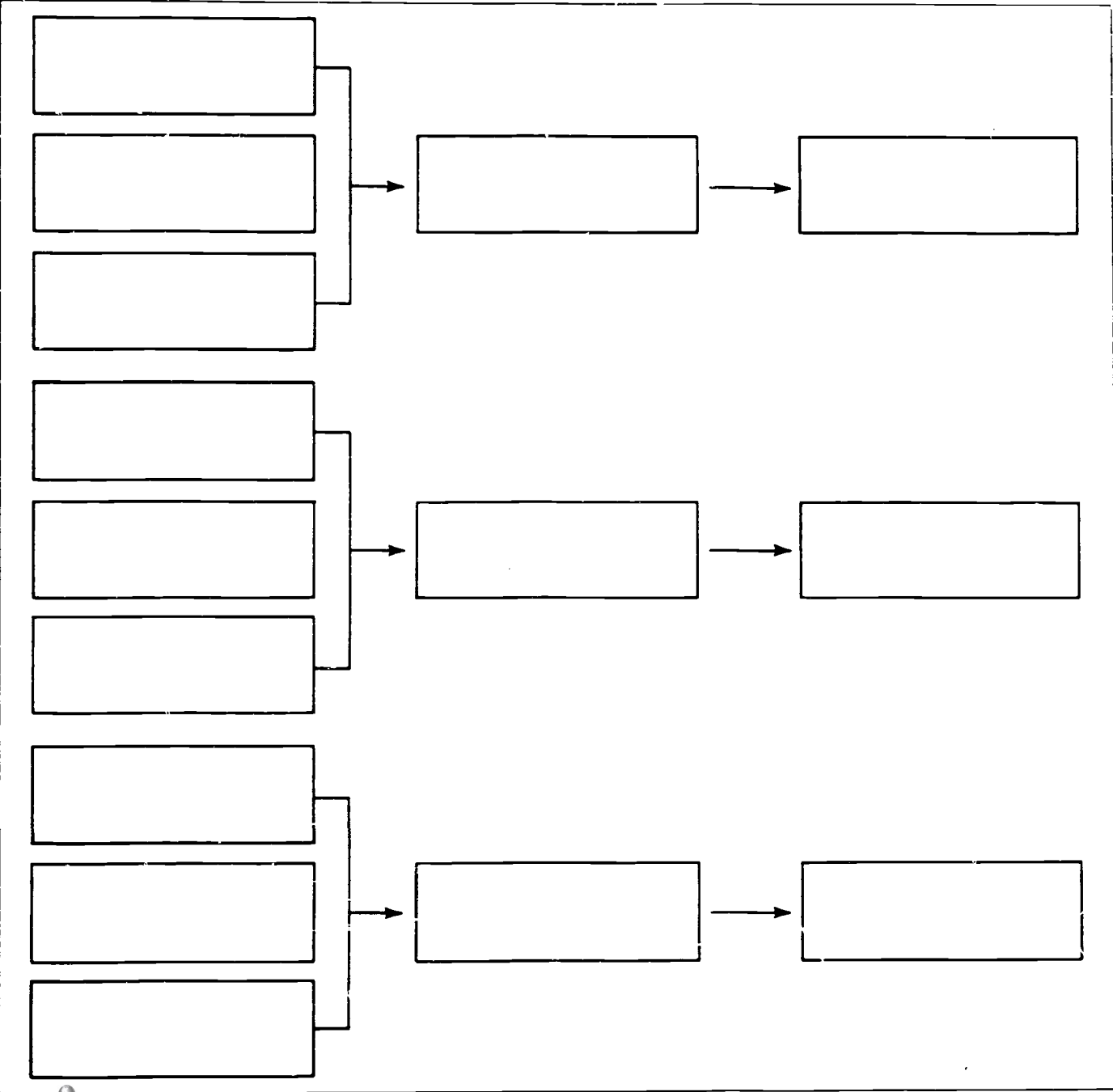
STEP

Sub-STEP

a. TASK DESCRIPTION



b. TASK ANALYSIS



RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Let's analyze the difficulties in learning the skills in this sub-step."

QUESTION 1 (Re: Discriminations)

"Is it difficult to tell the difference between _____?"
input conditions

"Is this difficulty due to the fact that the _____ are highly similar?"
input conditions

"What properties of the _____ do you have to pay _____ attention to in order to see the difference?"
input conditions

QUESTION 2 (Re: Generalizations)

"Within each type of _____ is it difficult to see the similarities (ignore the differences) if present?"
input condition

"Is this due to a high degree of dissimilarity among _____?"
input conditions

"What properties of the _____ do you have to pay _____ attention to in order to see the similarities?"
input conditions

QUESTION 3 (Re: Associations)

"For any of these _____, is there an existing action people now perform very often? What?"
input conditions

QUESTION 4 (Re: Outputs)

Repeat same type of questions as for inputs.

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

QUESTION 1

"Is it difficult to tell the difference between sound and unsound technical articles?"

"How many properties of technical articles do you attend to in judging their soundness?"

QUESTION 2

"Within the class of sound articles, is it difficult to recognize the range of what are sound articles?"





"Is this due to dissimilarity among them?"

QUESTION 3

"For either of these two classes of sound and unsound articles, is there an existing action people normally take?"

QUESTION 4

See #1 above.

COMPETENCY ANALYSIS 	c. LEARNING ANALYSIS level of difficulty in acquiring →	d. MODE ANALYSIS																																																
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for TASK

A

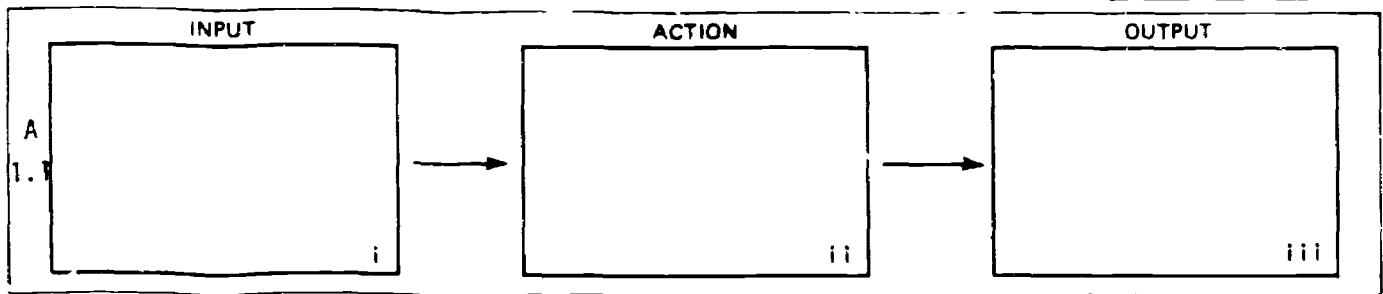
STEP

1

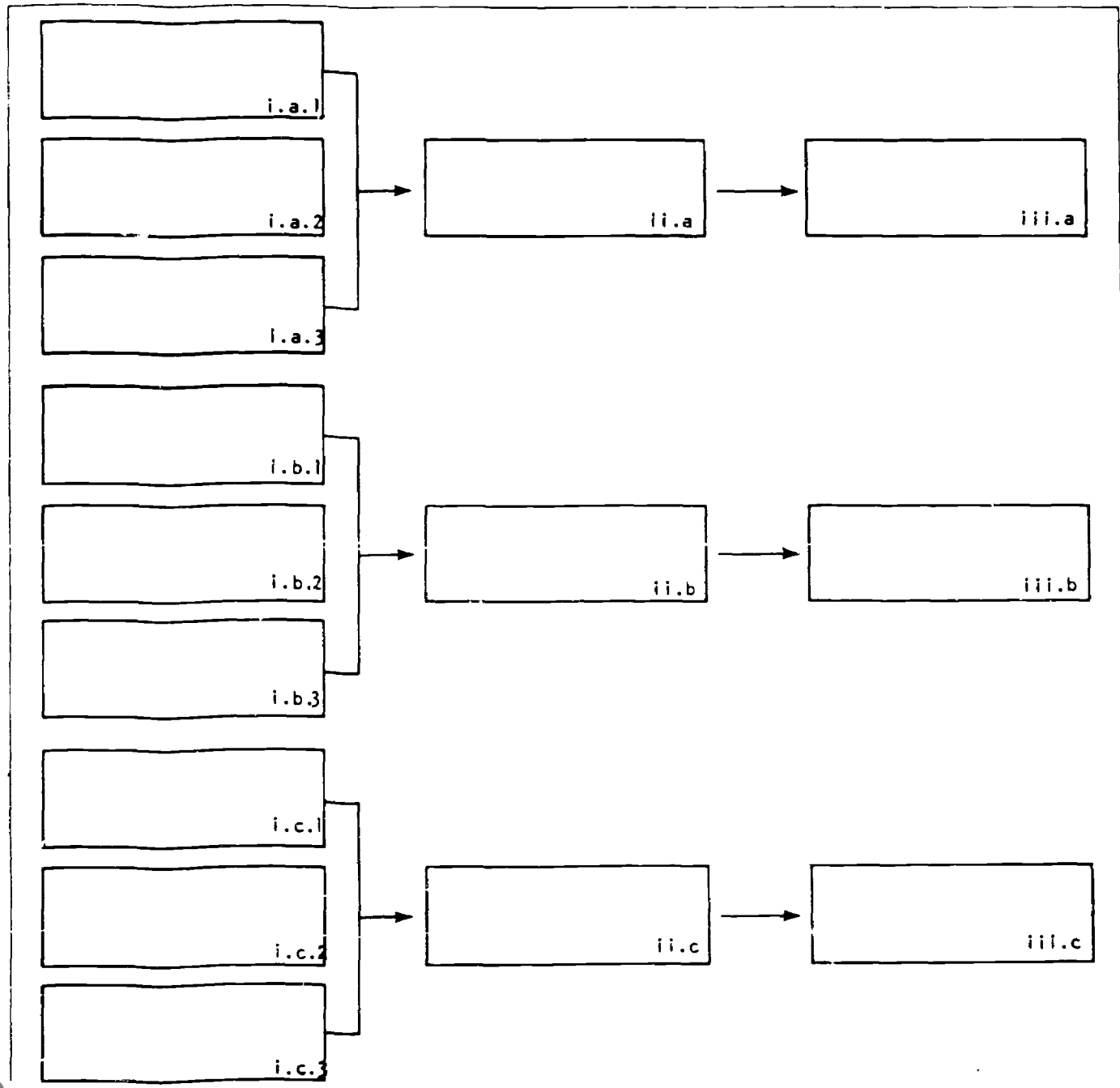
Sub-STEP

1

a. TASK DESCRIPTION





b. TASK ANALYSIS



A.5.2(a)


RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT 	TASKS	STEPS	Sub-STEPS	a. Task Description	b. Task Analysis	c. Learning Analysis
						d. Mode Analysis
RECOMMENDED LABELS 	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers + Lower Case Roman Numbers	Same as for Sub-STEPS	Lower Case Roman Numbers + Lower Case Alphabet + Arabic Numbers	None Needed
EXAMPLES	A B C D E Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 B.3 B.4 Etc. C.1 C.2 Etc.	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc. I, II, III, IV, V, VI	A.1.1 i, ii, iii A.1.2 iv, v, vi A.1.3 vii, viii, ix, Etc. A.2.1 i, ii, iii A.2.2 iv, v, vi A.3.1 i, ii, iii A.3.2 iv, v, vi Etc.	i.a ii.a iii.a i.b ii.b iii.b i.c ii.c iii.c iv.a v.a vi.a Etc. + i.a.1 i.a.2 i.b.1 i.b.2 i.b.3 i.c.1 i.c.2 i.c.3 Etc.	

ACTUAL FORMS

1. Form A.5(4): Combined Task Analysis, Learning Analysis,
and Mode Analysis
--A 11 x 17 folder (in yellow)
2. Form A.5(5): Extra Task Analysis form for each Sub-STEP
--A backed-up single sheet (in yellow)
3. Form A.5(6): Special form for expanding information
regarding input generalization
--A backed-up single sheet (in yellow)
4. Form A.5(7): Special form for expanding information
regarding action generalization
--A backed-up single sheet (in yellow)

COMPETENCY ANALYSIS 	c. LEARNING ANALYSIS level of difficulty in acquiring →	d. MODE ANALYSIS																																							
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SEE NEXT TWO PAGES FOR COMPLETE FORM

for TASK

STEP

Sub-STEP

a.

TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT





b TASK ANALYSIS

















COMPETENCY ANALYSIS	C. LEARNING ANALYSIS	D. MODE ANALYSIS
<div>  </div> <div>level of difficulty in acquiring</div>		
<div>INPUT</div> <div> <div>recall <input type="checkbox"/></div> <div>transfer <input type="checkbox"/></div> </div>	<div>DISCRIMINATIONS</div> <div> <div>due to</div> <div>  </div> <div> <div>hi med lo</div> <div> <div>similarity</div> <div>No. of properties</div> <div>No. of inputs</div> </div> </div> </div> <div>GENERALIZATIONS</div> <div> <div>hi med lo</div> <div> <div>dissimilarity</div> <div>No. of properties</div> <div>No. of inputs</div> </div> </div>	<div> <div>symbolic</div> <div>verbal</div> <div>environmental</div> </div> <div> <div>realistic</div> <div>reproduced/fabricated</div> </div> <div>VISUAL</div> <div> <div>realistic</div> <div>reproduced/fabricated</div> </div> <div>AUDIO</div> <div> <div>realistic</div> <div>reproduced/fabricated</div> </div> <div>OTHER</div> <div>Kinaesthetic, smell, taste</div>
<div>ACTION/CHAIN</div> <div> <div>recall <input type="checkbox"/></div> <div>transfer <input type="checkbox"/></div> </div>	<div>ASSOCIATIONS</div> <div> <div>due to</div> <div>  </div> <div> <div>hi med lo</div> <div> <div>No. of associations</div> <div>associative strength of other actions</div> </div> </div> <div>GENERALIZATIONS</div> <div> <div>hi med lo</div> <div> <div>integrative strength of action</div> </div> </div> <div>CHAINS</div> <div> <div>hi med lo</div> <div> <div>length of chain</div> <div>output discrimination problems</div> <div>associative strength of other actions</div> </div> </div> </div>	<div> <div>perceptual</div> <div>motor</div> <div>vocal</div> <div>sub vocal</div> </div> <div> <div>recognition</div> <div>editing</div> <div>action</div> </div>
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for TASK

STEP

Sub-STEP

a.

TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

b. TASK ANALYSIS

<input type="text"/>	<p>SEE PREVIOUS TWO PAGES FOR COMPLETE FORM →</p>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<p>SEE PREVIOUS TWO PAGES FOR COMPLETE FORM →</p>	<input type="text"/>
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<input type="text"/>	<p>SEE PREVIOUS TWO PAGES FOR COMPLETE FORM →</p>	<input type="text"/>
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for TASK STEP Sub-STEP a. TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT



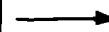


b. TASK ANALYSIS













for TASK

STEP

SUB-STEP

8. TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT
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b. TASK ANALYSIS

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<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>	}	→	<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>	→	<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>
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<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>					
<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>	}	→	<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>	→	<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>
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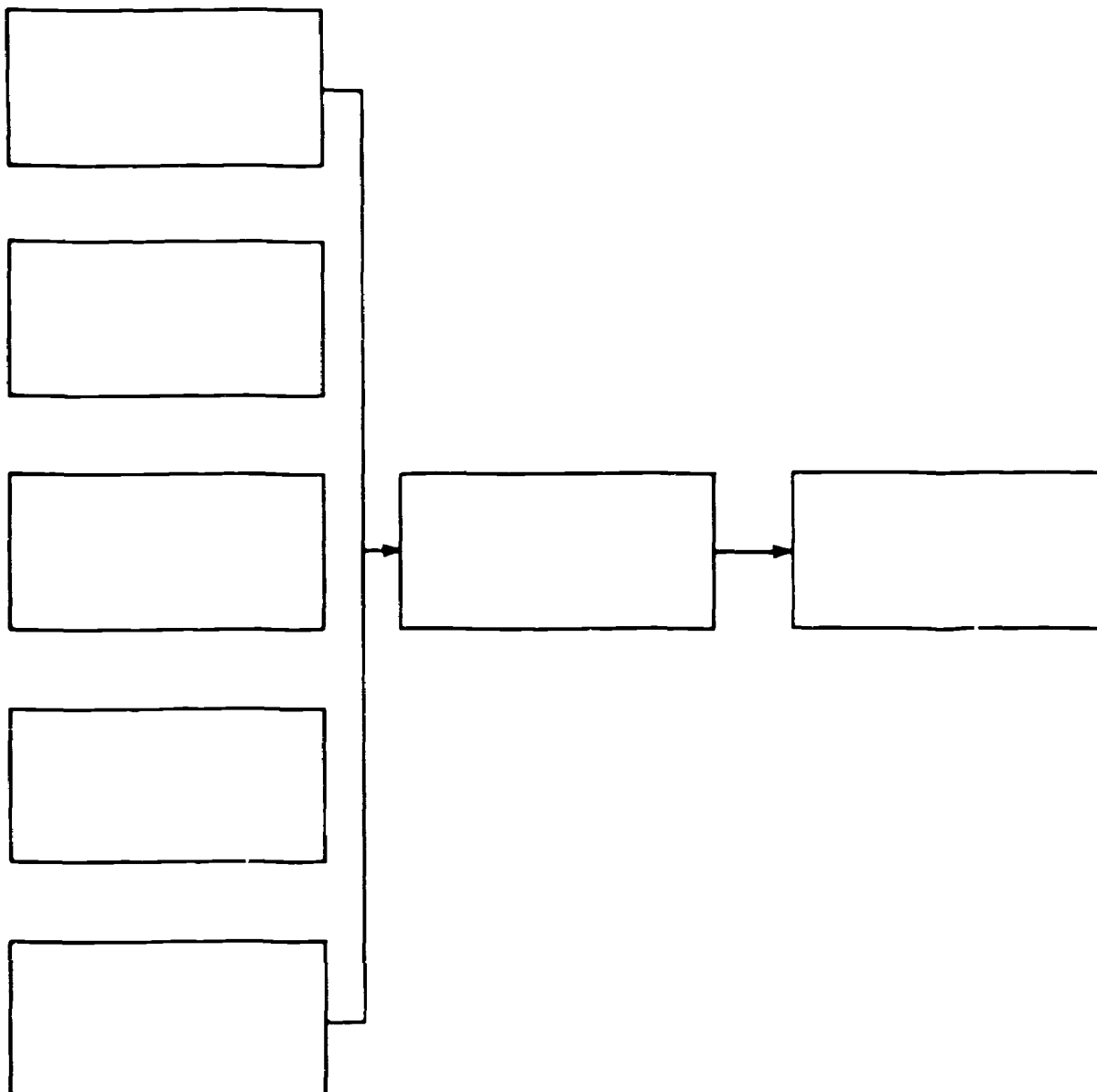
for TASK STEP Sub-STEP CELL a. TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT

b. TASK ANALYSIS



for TASK

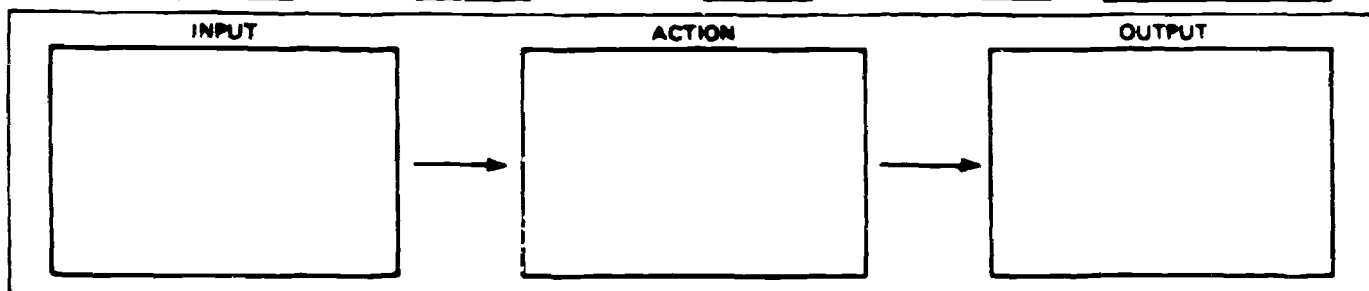
STEP

SUB-STEP

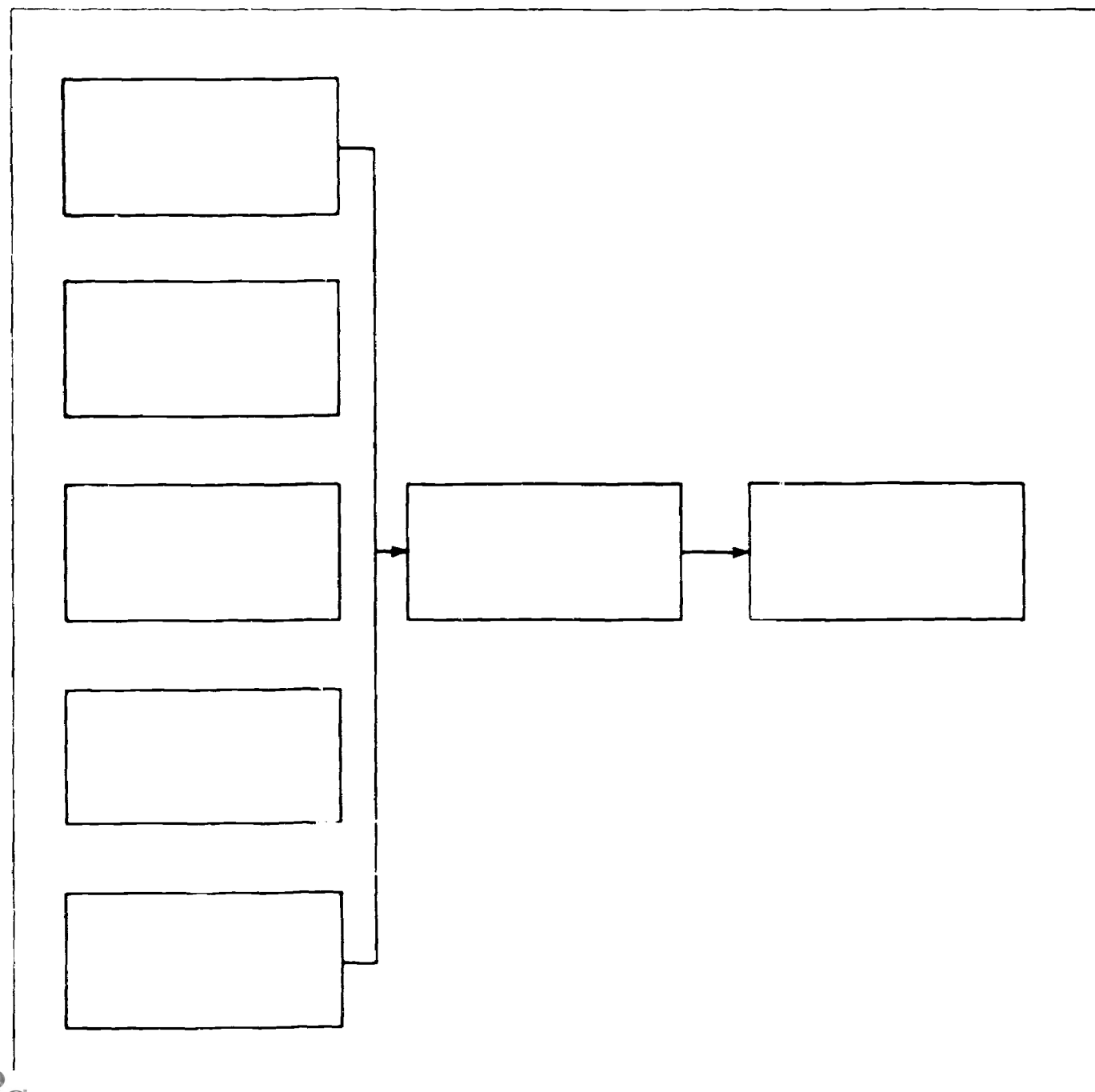
CELL

a.

TASK DESCRIPTION



b. TASK ANALYSIS



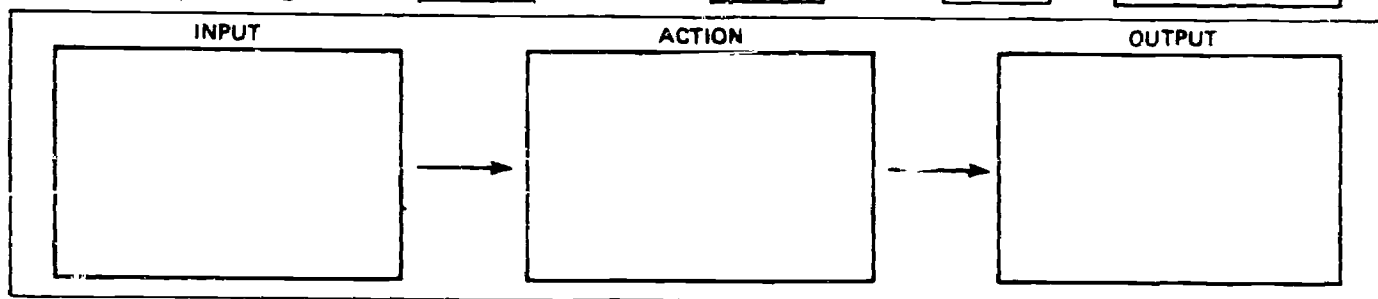
for TASK

STEP

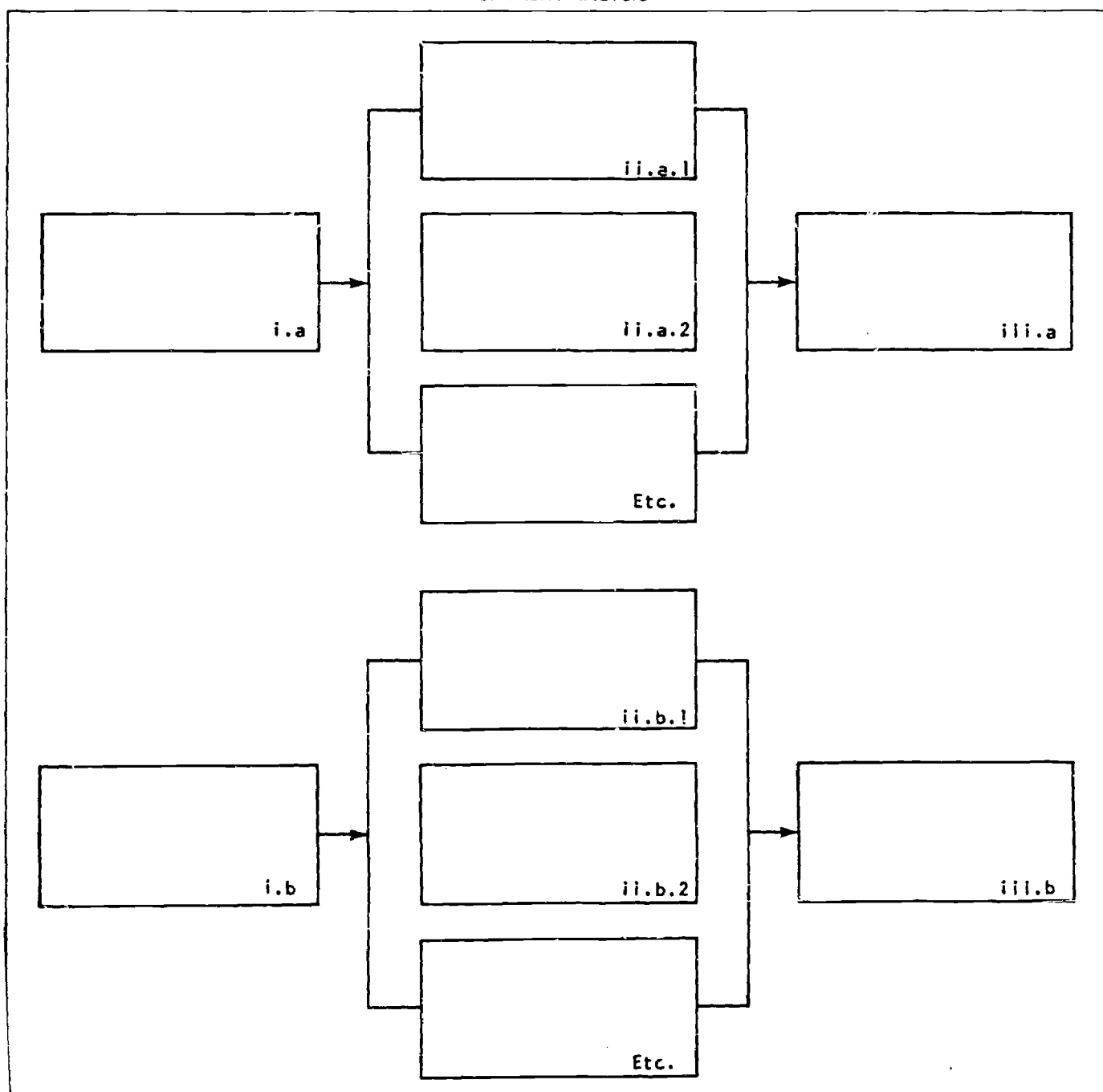
Sub-STEP

CELL

a. TASK DESCRIPTION



b. TASK ANALYSIS



for TASK

STEP

Sub-STEP

CELL

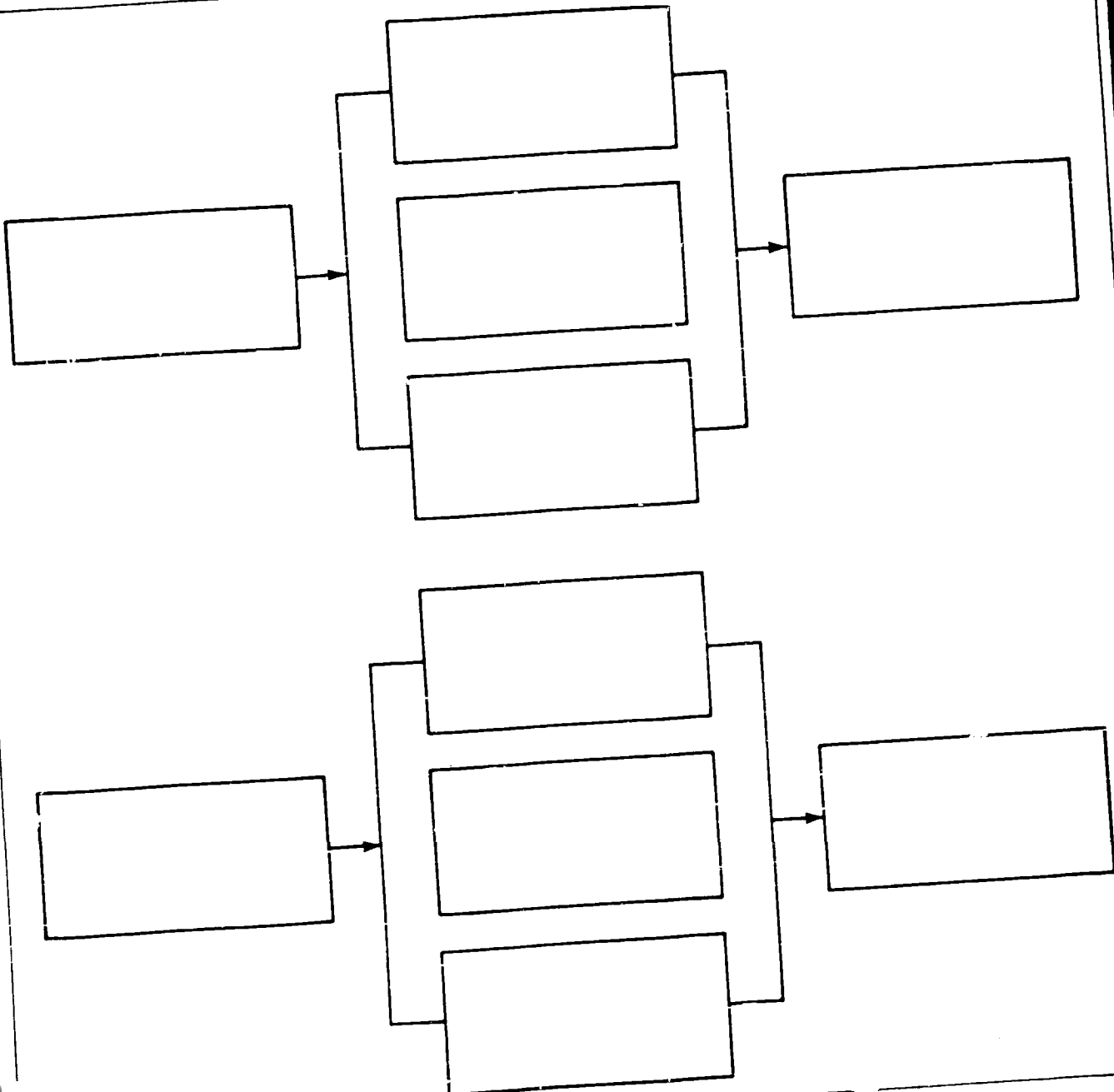
a. TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT

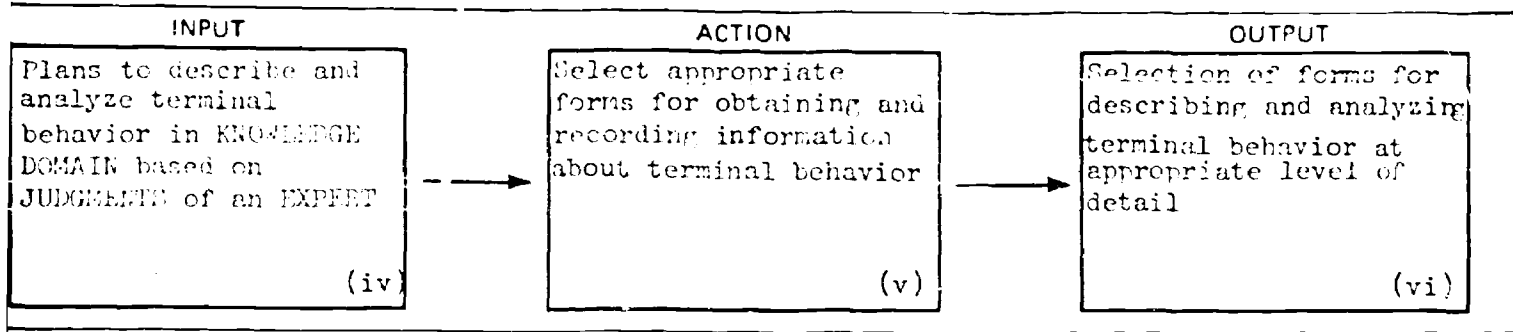
b. TASK ANALYSIS



PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>The selection of FORMS needed to describe and analyze criterion behavior which involves a knowledge domain "terminal behavior."</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Plans containing description of terminal behavior based on judgments of experts.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Select from available FORMS those necessary for describing and analyzing the criterion behavior.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	Available FORMS -- A.5(8)-(14)

DESCRIPTION OF Sub-STEP	A.5.2(b)
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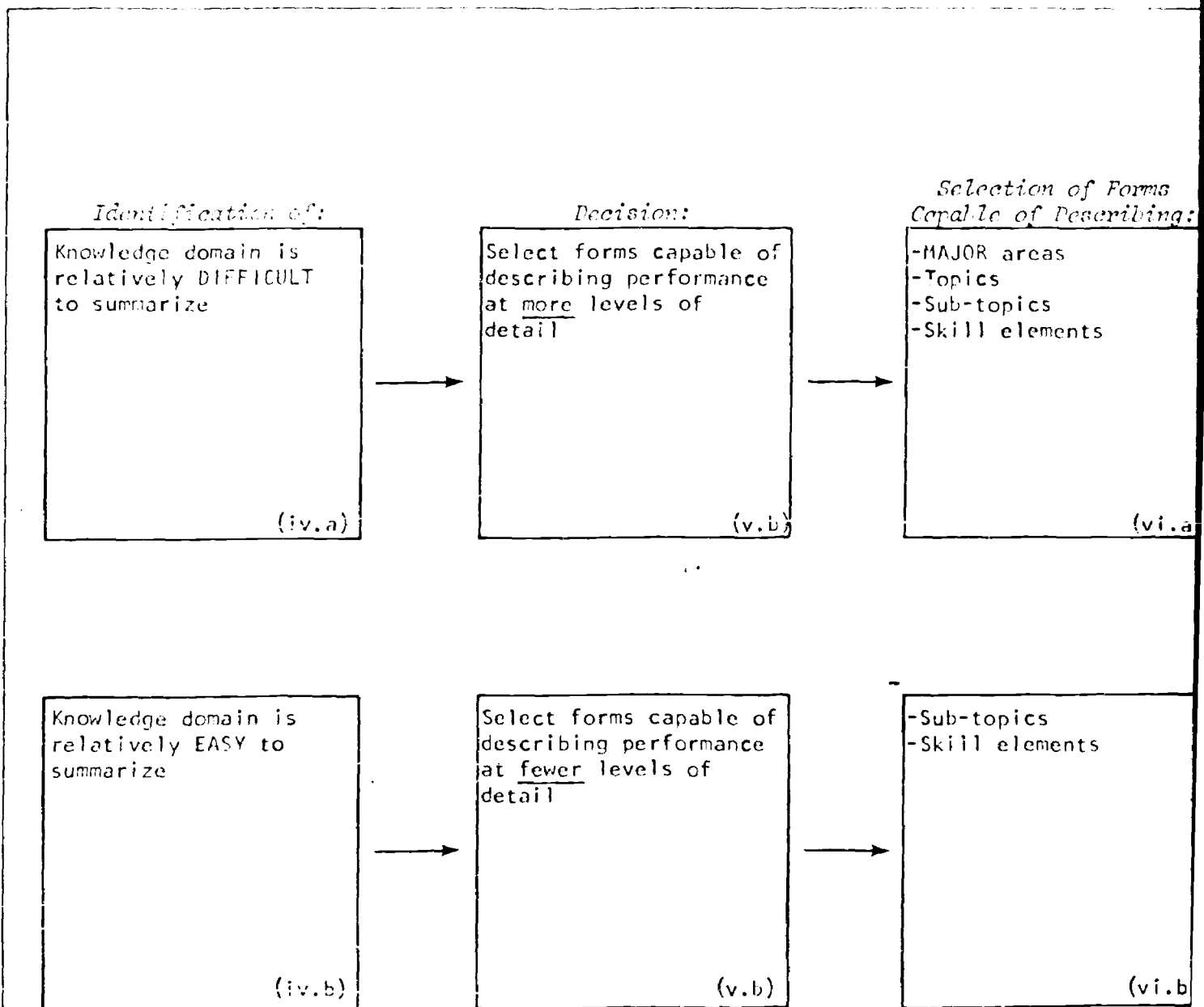
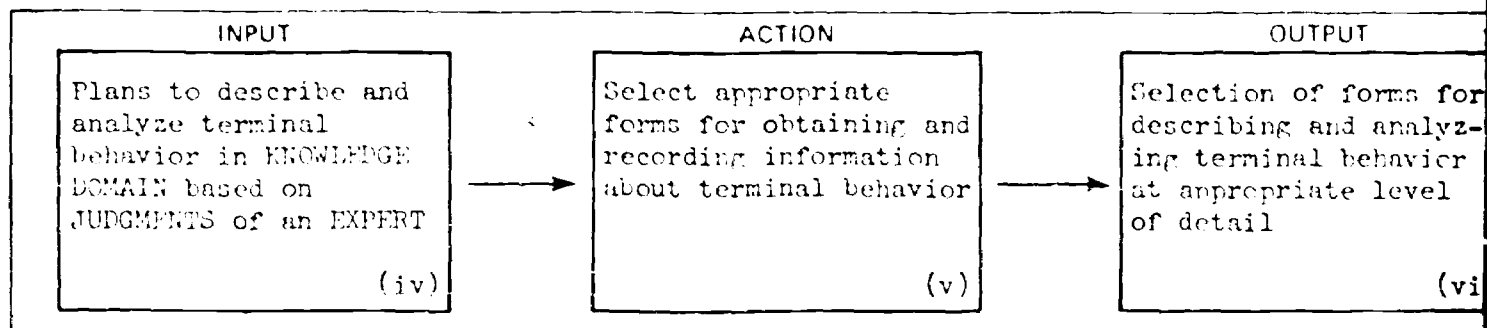


Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR IDENTIFYING INPUTS	ACTION TO BE TAKEN	STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS	FORMS TO USE
-MATRIX: Variations in difficulty in summarizing knowledge domain 138	-MATRIX: Selection of forms appropriate to level of detail required . . . 139, 140		FORMS A.5(8)-A.5(14)

Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Identification of type of criterion behavior	A.1.1			A.5(8)-A.5(14)
Selection of information-collecting techniques	A.2.2			



BACKGROUND INFORMATION

	page
Determining whether summarization of knowledge domain is likely to be easy or difficult	138
Selecting appropriate number of forms based on anticipated degree of difficulty in summarizing knowledge domain	139, 140

A.5.2(b)

CRITERIA FOR IDENTIFYING WHETHER KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN
IS LIKELY TO BE DIFFICULT OR EASY TO SUMMARIZE

IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX

CRITERIA	<p>-Involves a relatively <u>large</u> body of knowledge AND -Various parts in the body of knowledge are integrated or inter-related (i.e., terminal behavior involves one part dependent on terminal behavior in another)</p>	<p>-Involves a relatively <u>small</u> body of knowledge AND -Various parts in the body of knowledge are <u>not</u> integrated or related (i.e., terminal behavior does <u>not</u> involve one part dependent on terminal behavior in another)</p>
JUDGMENT OF DIFFICULTY	Knowledge domain is relatively DIFFICULT to summarize	Knowledge domain is relatively EASY to summarize
EXAMPLES	<p>-Physics -Chemistry -Psychology -Mathematics -Art appreciation -Philosophy -Economics -History</p>	<p>-Any small subdivision of the areas in the left-hand column -Rules for removing common types of household stains -Names of children in a teacher's homeroom -Description of properties of a single drug</p>

A.5.2(b)

SELECTION OF NUMBER OR VARIETY OF FORMS BASED ON JUDGMENT
OF DEGREE OF DIFFICULTY OF SUMMARIZING KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN

DECISION
MATRIX

CONDITIONS	Knowledge domain is relatively DIFFICULT to summarize	Knowledge domain is relatively EASY to summarize
ACTION TO TAKE	Select from forms to allow description at <u>more</u> levels of detail	Select from forms to allow description at <u>fewer</u> levels of detail
EXAMPLES OF LEVELS OF DETAIL	EXAMPLE from PHYSICS	EXAMPLE from section of PHYSICS
Description at Level of MAJOR AREA	A. Mechanics B. Heat C. Wave Motion and Sound D. Electricity E. Electronics and Nuclear Physics F. Light	
Description at Level of TOPICS	F.1 Illumination and Velocity of Light F.2 Reflection and Refraction F.3 Lenses and the Camera F.4 Spectra F.5 Color	
Description at Level of SUB-TOPICS*	F.5.1 Wave length F.5.2 Perception of color F.5.3 Mixed colors F.5.4 Complementary colors	F.5.1 Wave length F.5.2 Perception of color F.5.3 Mixed colors F.5.4 Complementary colors

*Description can be carried out to the sub-sub-topic level when necessary.

DECISION
MATRIX

REQUIRED LEVELS OF DETAIL	FORMS TO USE	RECOMMENDED REFERENCING SYSTEM	LEVEL OF DETAIL TO BE DESCRIBED
Description of MAJOR AREAS	<i>Form A.5(8)</i> <i>Summary of AREAS</i>	A, B, C, D, E, etc.	Most general description
Description of MAJOR TOPICS	<i>Form A.5(8)</i> <i>Summary of TOPICS</i>	A.1 B.1 A.2 B.2 ⋮ ⋮ Etc. A.n B.n	Breakdown of major areas into less general topics
Description of Sub-TOPICS	<i>Form A.5(8)</i> <i>Summary of Sub-TOPICS</i>	A.1.1 A.2.1 A.1.2 A.2.2 ⋮ ⋮ Etc. A.1.n A.2.n	Breakdown of topics into less general sub-topics
Description of Sub-Sub-TOPICS	<i>Form A.5(8)</i> <i>Summary of Sub-Sub-TOPICS</i>	A.1.1(a) A.1.2(a) A.1.1(b) A.1.2(b) ⋮ ⋮ Etc. A.1.1(z) A.1.2(z)	Breakdown of sub-topics into less general sub-sub-topics
Analysis of TYPES OF TERMINAL BEHAVIOR	<i>Form A.5(10)</i>	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Etc.	Breakdown of sub-topics or of sub-sub-topics into types of terminal behavior
Analysis of SKILL ELEMENTS	<i>Form A.5(11)-(14)</i>	i, ii, iii iv, v, vi i.a, ii.a, iii.a i.b, ii.b, iii.b i.c, ii.c, iii.c Etc.	Identification of skill elements for each type of terminal behavior

*This section contains
questions to be used
with forms recommended
for describing and
analyzing knowledge
domains.*

CONTENTS

For FORM No.	PAGE	FUNCTION	Recommended Questions PAGE	Recommended Referencing System PAGE
A.5(8)	143	Identification of MAJOR AREAS	142	145
A.5(8)	143	Identification of TOPICS	142	145
A.5(9)	147	Identification of Sub-TOPICS	146	149
A.5(10)	151	Types of Terminal Behavior	150	153
A.5(11)	155, 163	Task Analysis	154	157
A.5(11)	159	Learning Analysis	158	N.A.
A.5(12) A.5(13) A.5(14)	167 169 171	-Additional Task Analysis -Input Generalization -Action Generalization	same as 154	same as 157

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMAT
<p>ORIENTING STATEMENT #1</p> <p>"Let's see if we can get a big picture or an overview of the major areas you think should be covered in the curriculum/training program."</p> <p>QUESTION</p> <p>"What are the major areas you think should be covered in _____ for _____?" <i>subject matter</i> <i>grade level</i></p>
<p>PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY</p> <p>STATEMENT</p> <p>"Here's an example of what I mean from another subject matter."*</p> <p><i>*If possible, provide an example from the subject matter under study.</i></p> <p>ORIENTING STATEMENT #2 (When major areas have been identified)</p> <p>"Now, let's go back and identify the major topics within each area just listed."</p> <p>QUESTION A</p> <p>"What are the major (chief) topics in _____?" <i>AREA 1</i></p> <p><i>Repeat same type of question as in A until all topics within each major area have been covered.</i></p>
<p>PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY</p> <p>STATEMENT</p> <p>"Here's an example of what I mean."*</p> <p><i>*If possible, provide an example from subject matter under study.</i></p>

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES
<p>"What are the major areas you think should be covered in <u>Biology</u> for <u>8th graders</u>?"</p>
<p>ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS</p> <p>A. <u>The Cell</u></p> <p>B. <u>The Functioning Plant</u></p> <p>C. <u>The Functioning Animal</u></p> <p>D. <u>Reproduction and Development</u></p> <p>E. <u>Heredity</u></p> <p>Etc. _____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>"What are the major (chief) topics in <u>the cell</u>?"</p>
<p>ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS</p> <p>A. <u>THE CELL</u></p> <p>A.1 <u>Cell Structure</u> A.2 <u>Cell Physiology</u></p>

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A.

A.1

A.2

A.3

A.4

Etc.

B.

B.1

B.2

B.3

B.4

B.5



B.6

Etc.

A.5.2(b)

RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT 	MAJOR AREAS	TOPICS	Sub-TOPICS	Sub-Sub-TOPICS	TYPES OF COMPETENCIES	TASK ANALYSIS
RECOMMENDED LABELS 	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers	Same as for Sub-TOPICS + Lower Case Alphabet	Arabic Numbers	Lower Case Roman Numbers + Lower Case Alphabet + Arabic Numbers
EXAMPLES	A B C D E F Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 Etc. C.1 C.2 C.3 Etc. : : 2	A.1.1 A.1.1 A.1.3 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc.	A.1.1(a) A.1.1(b) A.1.1(c) Etc. A.1.2(a) A.1.2(b) A.1.2(c) Etc. A.1.3(a) A.1.3(b) Etc. A.2.1(a) A.2.1(b) A.2.1(c) Etc. A.2.2(a) A.2.2(b) Etc.	1 2 3 4 5 Etc.	i.a ii.a iii.a i.b ii.b iii.b i.c ii.c iii.c Etc. iv.a v.a vi.a iv.b v.b vi.b Etc. + i.a.1 i.a.2 i.b.1 i.b.2 i.b.3 i.c.1 i.c.2 Etc.

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS
<p>ORIENTING STATEMENT</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>"Now, let's take each topic and identify the sub-topics within it."</p> </div> <p>QUESTION A.1</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>"What are the sub-topics treated in _____?" <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 5px;"><i>Topic A.1</i></div> </p></div> <p><i>Repeat same type of question as in A.1 for <u>all</u> sub-topics within each topic previously identified.</i></p>
<p>PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY</p> <p>STATEMENT</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>"Here's an example of what I mean."*</p> </div> <p><i>*If possible, provide an example from subject matter under study.</i></p>

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES				
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px auto; width: 80%;"> <p>"What are the sub-topics treated under '<u>cell structure</u>'?"</p> </div>				
<p style="text-align: center;">ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS</p> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p>A.2 Cell Physiology</p> </div> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 50%; text-align: center;"> <p>A.2.1 Entry and exit</p> </td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 50%; text-align: center;"> <p>A.2.3 Osmosis</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> <p>A.2.2 Diffusion</p> </td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> <p>A.2.4 Energy</p> </td> </tr> </table> </div>	<p>A.2.1 Entry and exit</p>	<p>A.2.3 Osmosis</p>	<p>A.2.2 Diffusion</p>	<p>A.2.4 Energy</p>
<p>A.2.1 Entry and exit</p>	<p>A.2.3 Osmosis</p>			
<p>A.2.2 Diffusion</p>	<p>A.2.4 Energy</p>			

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Form A-5 (9)

for AREA

TOPIC

FOR SUMMARY OF

Sub-TOPICS

A.1

A.1.1

A.1.2

A.1.3

A.1.4

Etc.

A.2

A.2.1

A.2.2

A.2.3

A.2.4

A.2.5

A.2.6

Etc.

A.5.2(b)

RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT	MAJOR AREAS	TOPICS	Sub-TOPICS	Sub-Sub- TOPICS	TYPES OF COMPETENCIES	TASK ANALYSIS
RECOMMENDED LABELS	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers	Same as for Sub-TOPICS + Lower Case Alphabet	Arabic Numbers	Lower Case Roman Numbers + Lower Case Alphabet + Arabic Numbers
EXAMPLES	A B C D E F Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 Etc. C.1 C.2 C.3 Etc. : : Z	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc.	A.1.1(a) A.1.1(b) A.1.1(c) Etc. A.1.2(a) A.1.2(b) A.1.2(c) Etc. A.1.3(a) A.1.3(b) Etc. A.2.1(a) A.2.1(b) A.2.1(c) Etc. A.2.2(a) A.2.2(b)	1 2 3 4 5 Etc.	i.a ii.a iii.a i.b ii.b iii.b i.c ii.c iii.c Etc. iv.a v.a vi.a iv.b v.b vi.b Etc. + i.a.1 i.a.2 i.b.1 i.b.2 i.b.3 i.c.1 i.c.2 Etc.

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMAT

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Now, for each of the sub-topics (sub-sub-topics)*, let's identify the facts, concepts, principles, or terms, etc., to be covered and also identify how the learner is expected to exhibit that he has learned them. For example, after having learned a concept, will he be expected to define it verbatim or will he be expected to give an example of the concept covered during instruction or will he be expected to give a new example (one not covered during instruction).

**Use the more detailed level whenever it is obtained.*

QUESTION A.i.1

"Let's take Sub-Topic A.1.1.
What are the terms, concepts, facts, or principles you want the learner to learn?"

QUESTION A.1.1 (Continued)

"For each of the facts, concepts, principles, etc. you mentioned, what kind of mastery do you expect?"

Repeat for all sub-topics.

PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY

STATEMENT

"Here's an example of what I mean."^{*}

**If possible, provide an example from subject matter under study.*

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

"Let's take Osmosis. What are the terms, concepts, facts, or principles you want the learner to learn?"

"For each of the concepts you mentioned, what kind of mastery do you expect?"

ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS

Osmosis

Concepts:

- Membrane
- Permeability
- Protoplasm

Principles:

- How differential permeability of membrane produces osmosis

Types of Terminal Behavior

- Given the concept name, define it verbatim
- In your own words, describe the relationship between permeability and osmosis.

For AREA

TOPIC

Sub-TOPIC

FOUR COMPETENCY LEVELS

INPUT + ACTION
TRANSFER TRANSFER

new example of → new example of
input class ← action/chain class

IV

INPUT + ACTION
TRANSFER RECALL

new example of → specific
input class ← action/chain

III

INPUT + ACTION
RECALL TRANSFER

specific input → new example of
← action/chain class

old example of → new example of
input class ← action/chain class

II

INPUT + ACTION
RECALL RECALL

specific input → specific
← action/chain

old example of → specific
input class ← action/chain

I

For AREA

TOPIC

Sub-TOPIC

FOUR COMPETENCY LEVELS

IV	<p>INPUT TRANSFER + ACTION TRANSFER</p> <p>new example of input <u>class</u> → new example of action/chain <u>class</u> ←</p>	
III	<p>INPUT TRANSFER + ACTION RECALL</p> <p>new example of input <u>class</u> → <u>specific</u> action/chain ←</p>	
II	<p>INPUT RECALL + ACTION TRANSFER</p> <p><u>specific</u> input → new example of action/chain <u>class</u> ←</p> <p>old example of input <u>class</u> → new example of action/chain <u>class</u> ←</p>	
I	<p>INPUT RECALL + ACTION RECALL</p> <p><u>specific</u> input → <u>specific</u> action/chain ←</p> <p>old example of input <u>class</u> → <u>specific</u> action/chain ←</p>	

A.5.2(b)

RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT	MAJOR AREAS	TOPICS	Sub-TOPICS	Sub-Sub- TOPICS	TYPES OF COMPETENCIES	TASK ANALYSIS
RECOMMENDED LABELS	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers	Same as for Sub-TOPICS + Lower Case Alphabet	Arabic Numbers	Lower Case Roman Numbers + Lower Case Alphabet + Arabic Numbers
EXAMPLES	A B C D E F Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 Etc. C.1 C.2 C.3 Etc. : Z	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc.	A.1.1(a) A.1.1(b) A.1.1(c) Etc. A.1.2(a) A.1.2(b) A.1.2(c) Etc. A.1.3(a) A.1.3(b) Etc. A.2.1(a) A.2.1(b) A.2.1(c) Etc. A.2.2(a) A.2.2(b) Etc.	1 2 3 4 5 Etc.	i.a ii.a iii.a i.b ii.b iii.b i.c ii.c iii.c Etc. iv.a v.a vi.a iv.b v.b vi.b Etc. + i.a.1 i.a.2 i.b.1 i.b.2 i.b.3 i.c.1 i.c.2 Etc.

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMAT

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Now we want to get specific detail about the content and terminal behavior expected for each fact, concept, principle, etc. you just identified."

QUESTION #1

"Let's take fact, concept, principle, etc. What will the learner be given (INPUT) when you test him? What will he be expected to do (ACTION)? What will the OUTPUT consist of?"

QUESTION #2 (Discriminations)

"Let's take the INPUT you mentioned. From what other different type(s) of INPUTS does the learner have to discriminate it?"

QUESTION #3 (Associations/Chains)

"For each INPUT you identified, what action does the learner have to take?"

QUESTION #4 (INPUT Generalization)

"For each INPUT, are there possible variations that nevertheless require the learner to take the same ACTION?"

QUESTION #5 (ACTION Generalization)

"Let's take each of these ACTIONS. Is there an alternative form it can take?"

QUESTION #6 (Discriminations - Outputs)

"For each INPUT, is there a different outcome? What?"

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

"Let's take the concept of membrane permeability."

ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS

INPUT

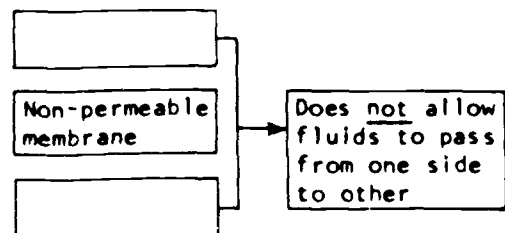
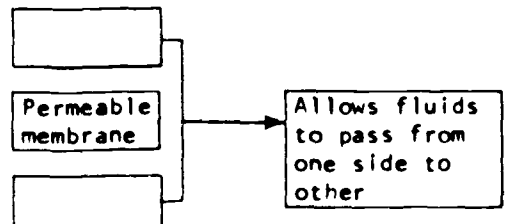
Given:
the term
"membrane
permeability"

ACTION

Defines
it in
his own
words

OUTPUT

Verbal
definition



for AREA

TOPIC

Sub-TOPIC

BEHAVIOR

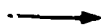
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TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT





b. TASK ANALYSIS













RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Let's analyze the difficulties in learning the skills in learning this fact, concept, principle"

QUESTION 1 (Re: Discriminations)

"Is it difficult to tell the difference between input conditions?"

"Is this difficulty due to the fact that the input conditions are highly similar?"

"What properties of the input conditions do you have to pay attention to in order to see the difference?"

QUESTION 2 (Re: Generalizations)

"Within each type of input condition is it difficult to see the similarities (ignore the differences if present)?"

"Is this due to a high degree of dissimilarity among input conditions?"

"What properties of the input conditions do you have to pay attention to in order to see the similarities?"

QUESTION 3 (Re: Associations/Chains)

"For any of these input conditions, is there an existing action people now perform very often? What?"

QUESTION 4 (Re: Outputs)

Repeat same type of questions as for inputs.

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

QUESTION 1

"Is it difficult to tell the difference between the terms permeable and non-permeable?"

QUESTION 3

"For either of these two terms: permeable and non-permeable, is there a definition people usually offer?"

COMPETENCY ANALYSIS ▽	LEARNING ANALYSIS level of difficulty in acquiring →	MODE ANALYSIS
INPUT recall <input type="checkbox"/> transfer <input type="checkbox"/>	DISCRIMINATIONS <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div>	<div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div>
ACTION CHAIN recall <input type="checkbox"/> transfer <input type="checkbox"/>	ASSOCIATIONS <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div>	<div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div>
OUTPUT recall <input type="checkbox"/> transfer <input type="checkbox"/>	DISCRIMINATIONS <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div>	<div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div> <div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> <div> <div>high</div> <div>medium</div> <div>low</div> </div> </div>

for AREA

A

TOPIC

1

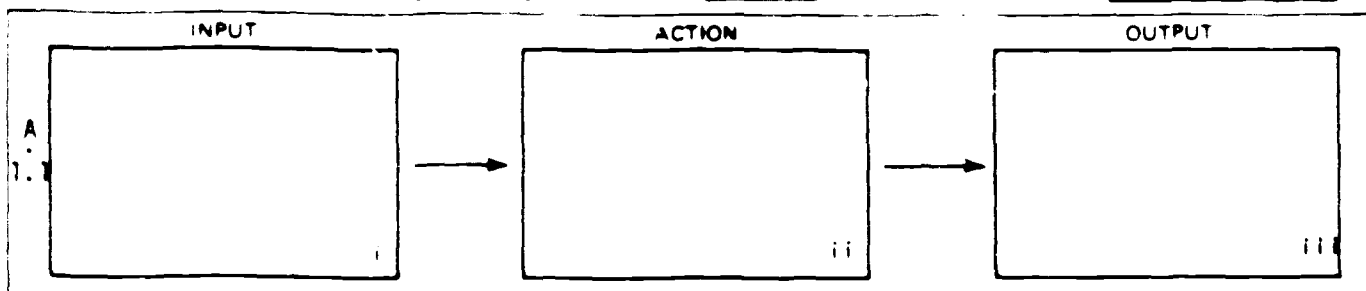
Sub TOPIC

1

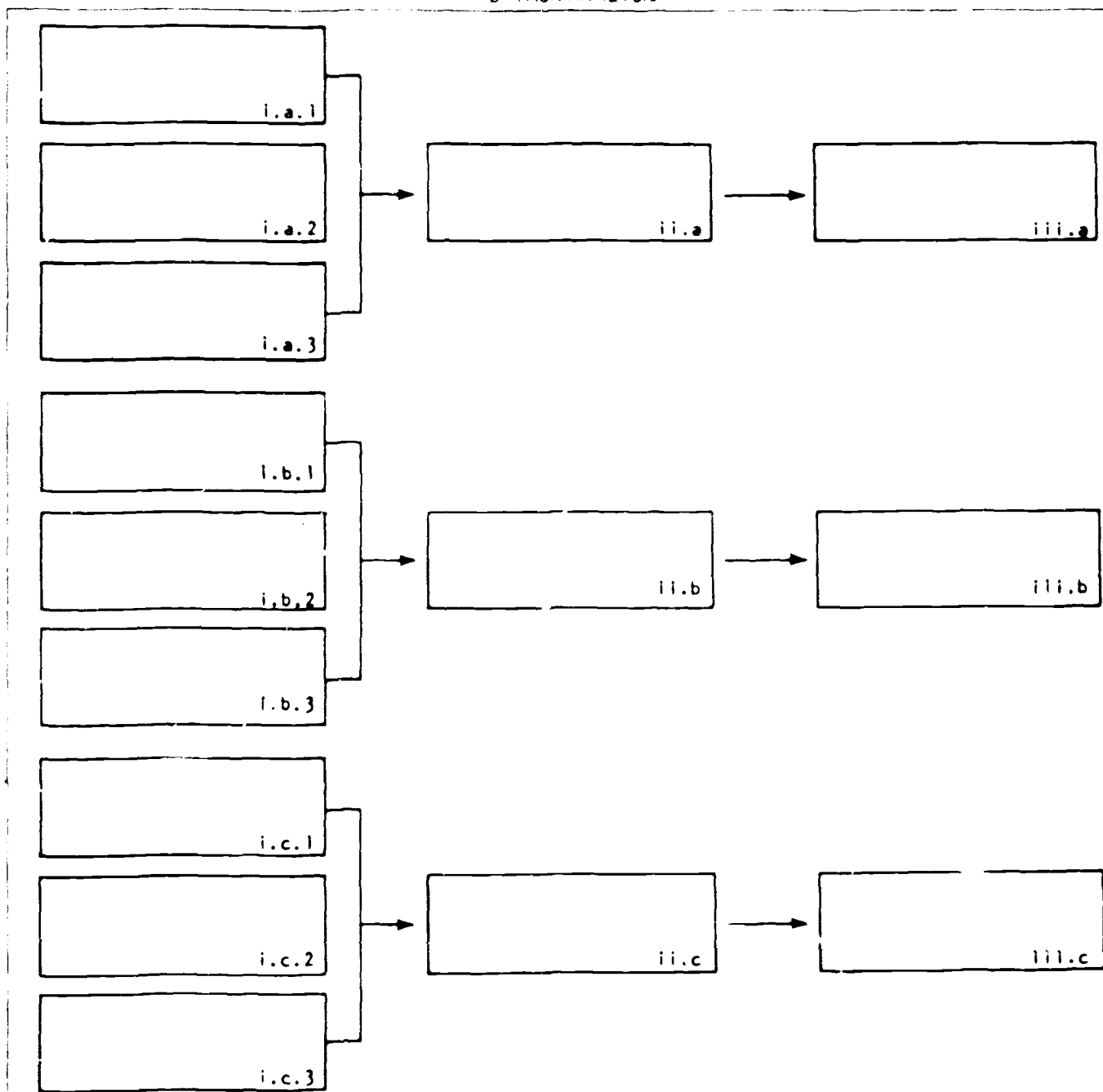
CONTENT
ITEM

22

a. TASK DESCRIPTION



b. TASK ANALYSIS



A.5.2(b)

RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT	MAJOR AREAS	TOPICS	Sub-TOPICS	Sub-Sub- TOPICS	TYPES OF COMPETENCIES	TASK ANALYSIS
RECOMMENDED LABELS	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers	Same as for Sub-TOPICS + Lower Case Alphabet	Arabic Numbers	Lower Case Roman Numbers + Lower Case Alphabet + Arabic Numbers
EXAMPLES	A B C D E F Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 Etc. C.1 C.2 C.3 Etc. : : 2	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc.	A.1.1(a) A.1.1(b) A.1.1(c) Etc. A.1.2(a) A.1.2(b) A.1.2(c) Etc. A.1.3(a) A.1.3(b) Etc. A.2.1(a) A.2.1(b) A.2.1(c) Etc. A.2.2(a) A.2.2(b) Etc.	1 2 3 4 5 Etc.	i.a ii.a iii.a i.b ii.b iii.b i.c ii.c iii.c Etc. iv.a v.a vi.a iv.b v.b vi.b Etc. + i.a.1 i.a.2 i.b.1 i.b.2 i.b.3 i.c.1 i.c.2 Etc

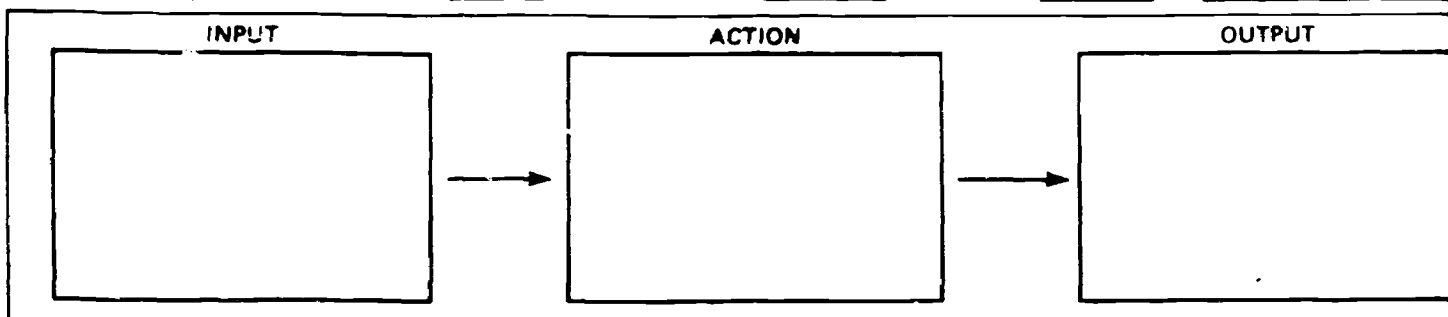
ACTUAL FORMS

1. Form A.5(11): Combined Task Analysis, Learning Analysis, and Mode Analysis
--A 11 x 17 folder (in yellow)
2. Form A.5(12): Extra Task Analysis form for each Sub-STEP
--A backed-up single sheet (in yellow)
3. Form A.5(13): Special form for expanding information regarding input generalization
--A backed-up single sheet (in yellow)
4. Form A.5(14): Special form for expanding information regarding action generalization
--A backed-up single sheet (in yellow)

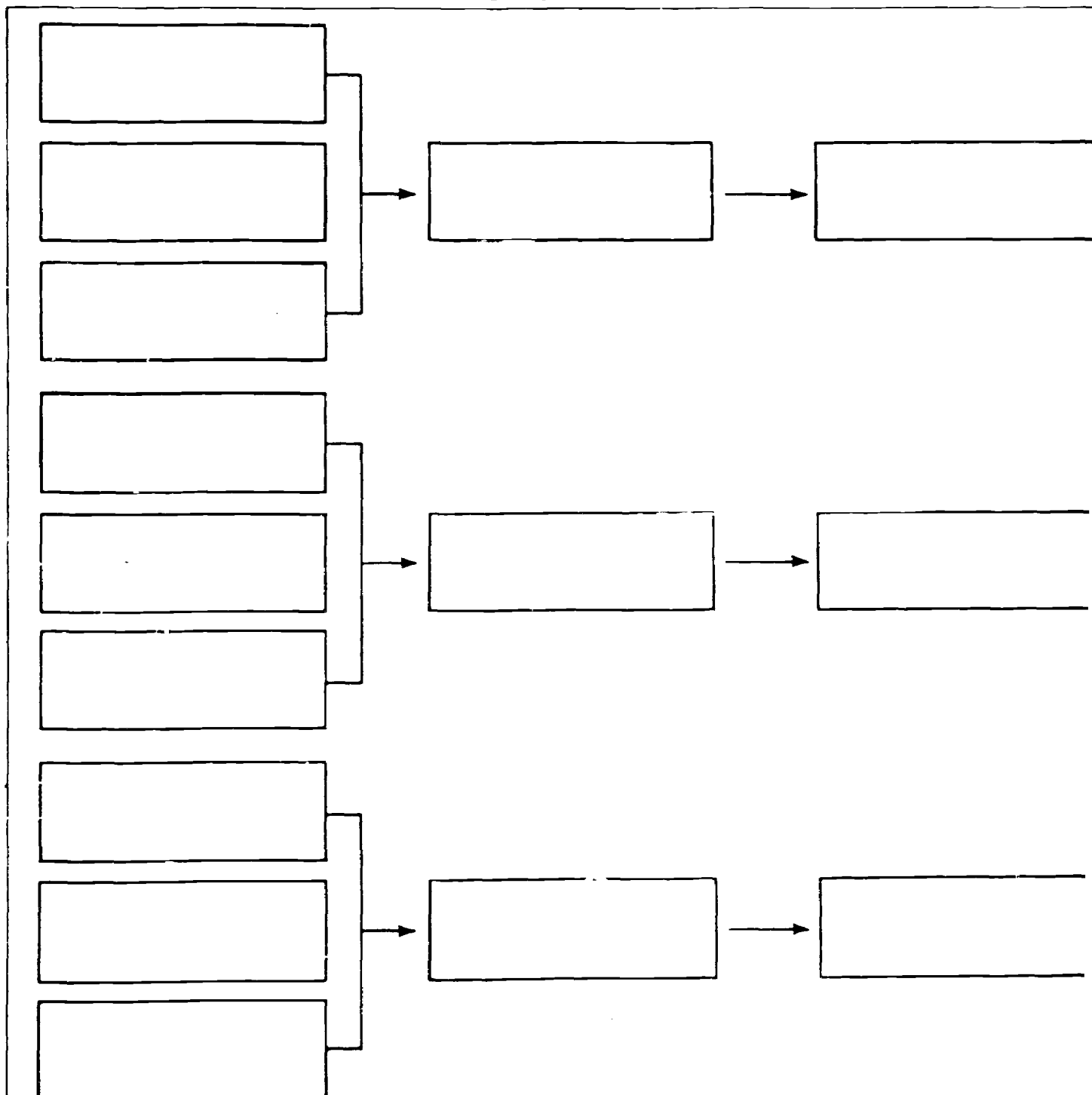
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SEE NEXT TWO PAGES
FOR COMPLETE FORM

for AREA TOPIC Sub-TOPIC BEHAVIOR a. TASK DESCRIPTION



b. TASK ANALYSIS



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for AREA TOPIC Sub-TOPIC BEHAVIOR a. TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT

b. TASK ANALYSIS

	<p style="transform: rotate(-45deg); font-weight: bold;">SEE PREVIOUS TWO PAGES FOR COMPLETE FORM</p>	

1

Form A.5(12) SUPPLEMENTARY

for AREA

TOPIC

Sub-TOPIC

BEHAVIOR

a.

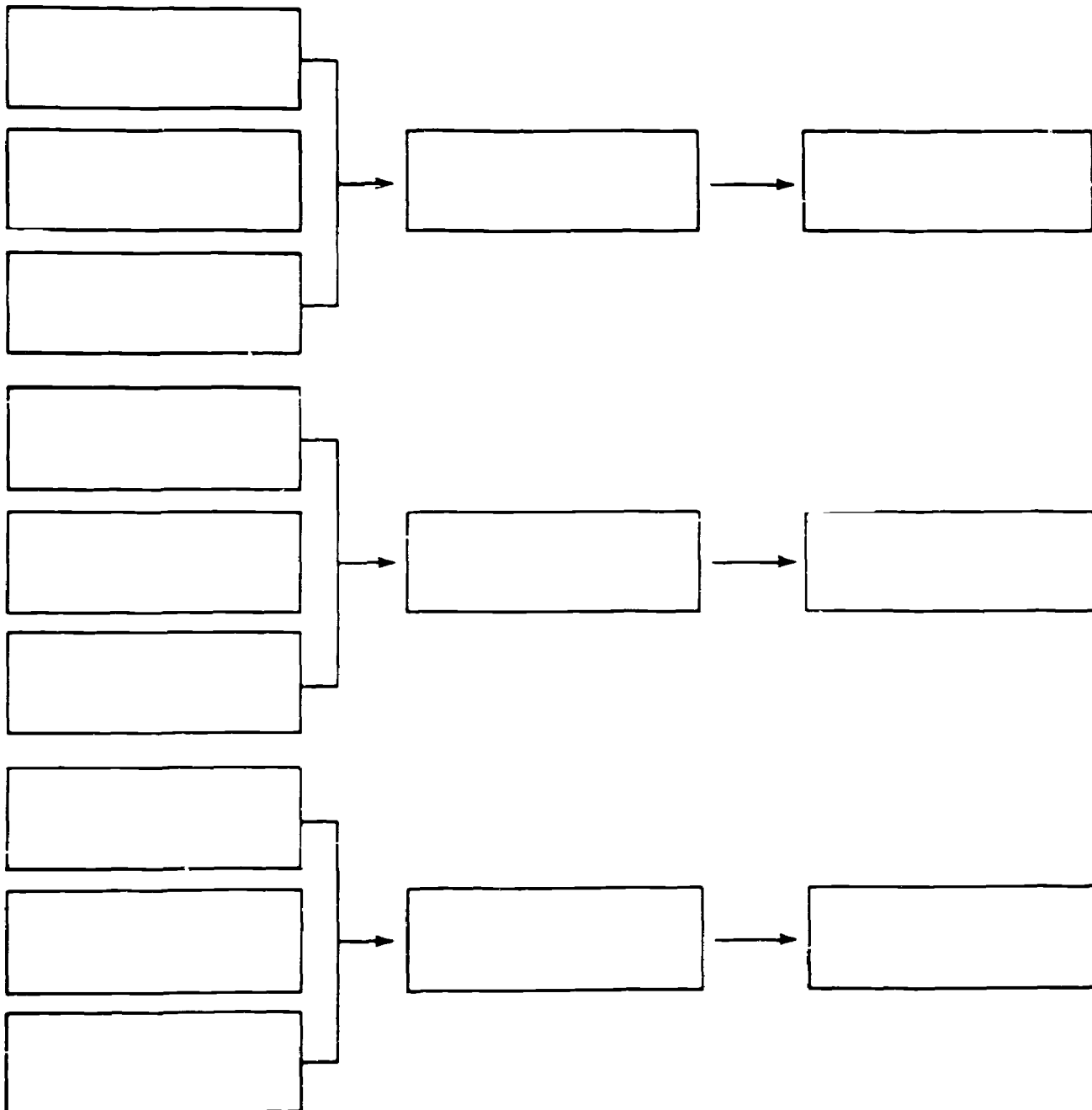
TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT

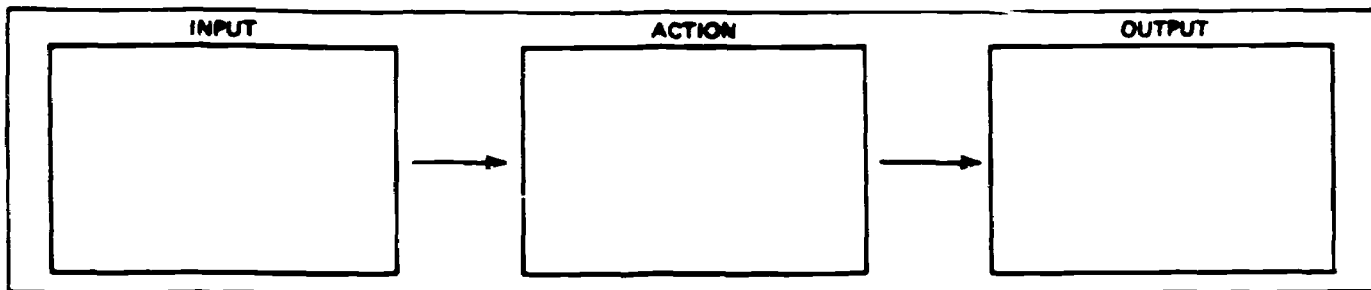
ACTION

OUTPUT

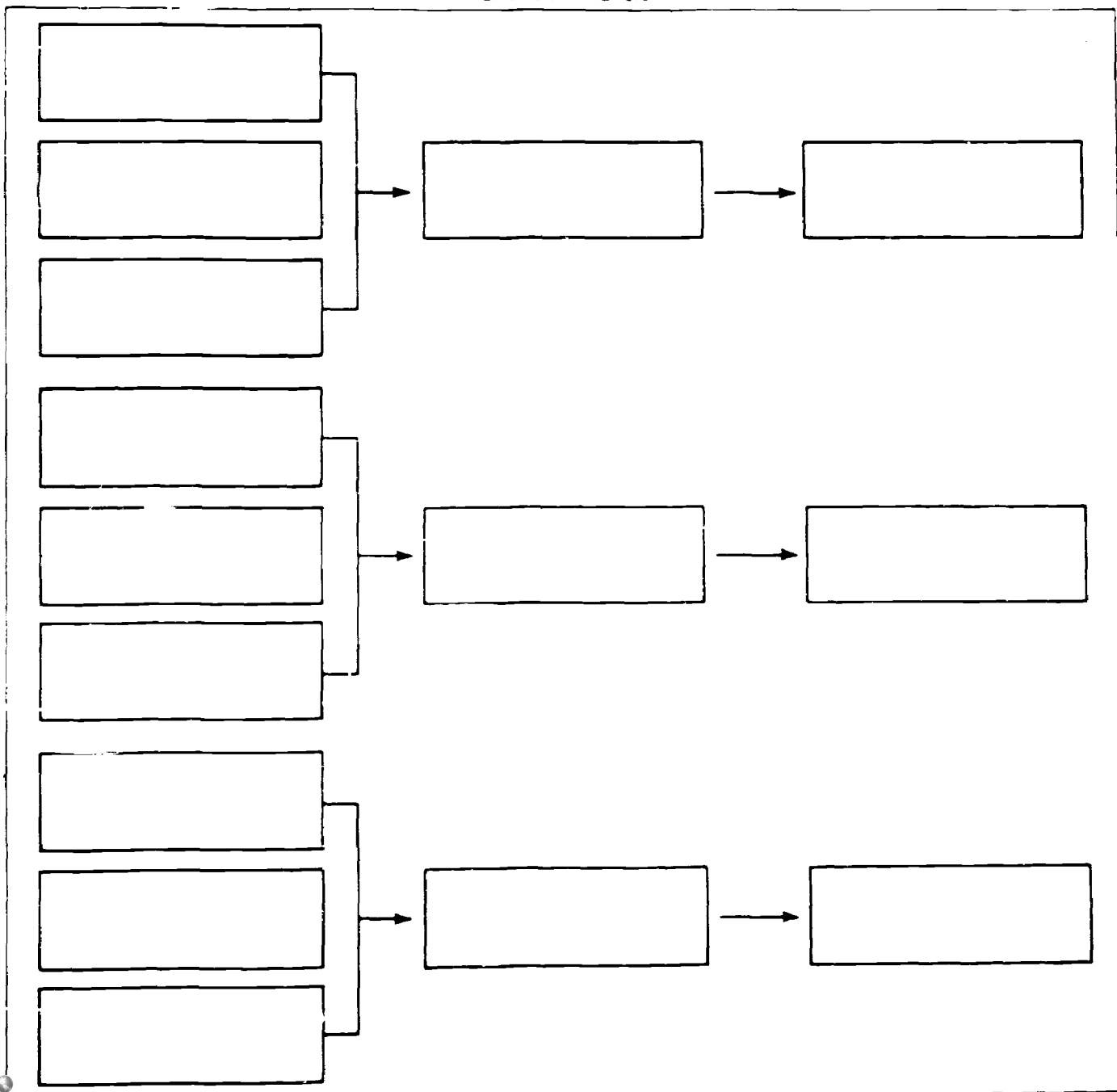
b. TASK ANALYSIS



for AREA TOPIC Sub-TOPIC BEHAVIOR & TASK DESCRIPTION



b. TASK ANALYSIS



for AREA TASK Sub-TOPIC BEHAVIOR a. TASK DESCRIPTION

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT



b. TASK ANALYSIS



for AREA

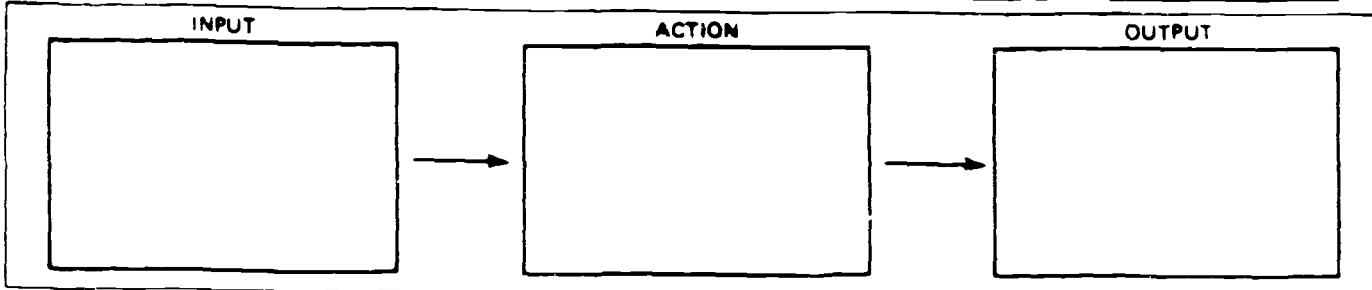
TASK

SUB-TOPIC

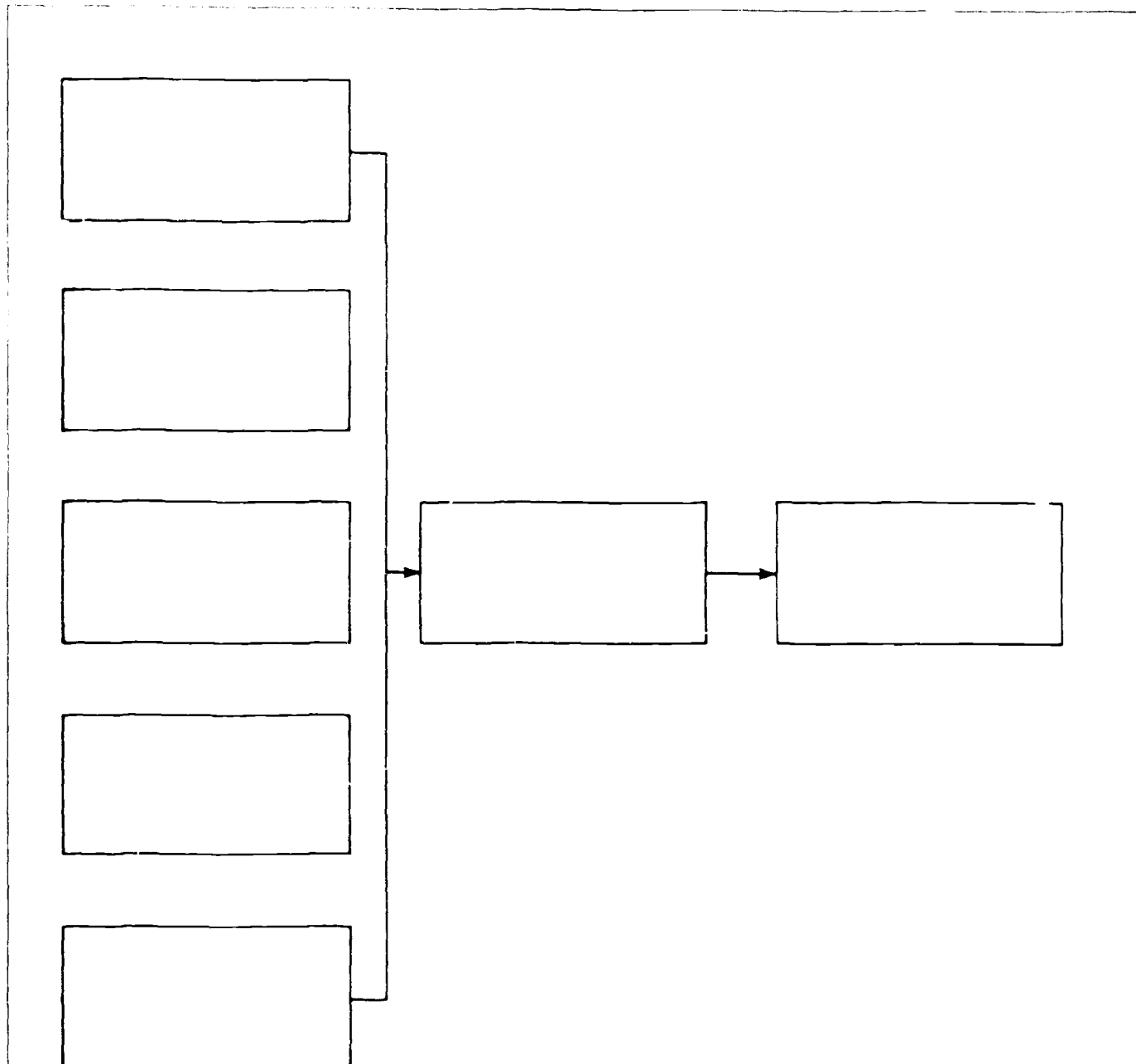
BEHAVIOR

a.

TASK DESCRIPTION



b. TASK ANALYSIS



for AREA TOPIC SUB-TOPIC BEHAVIOR TASK DESCRIPTION

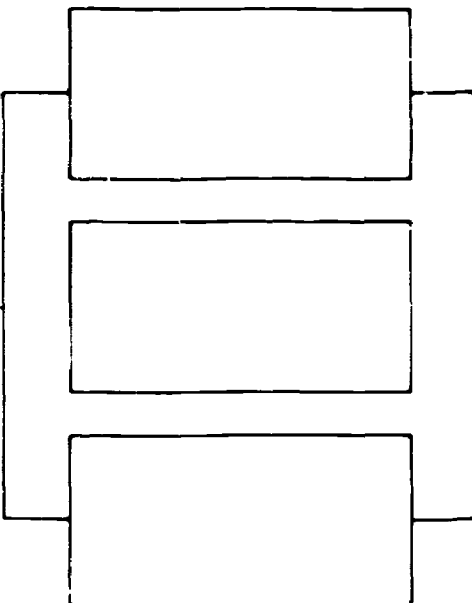
INPUT

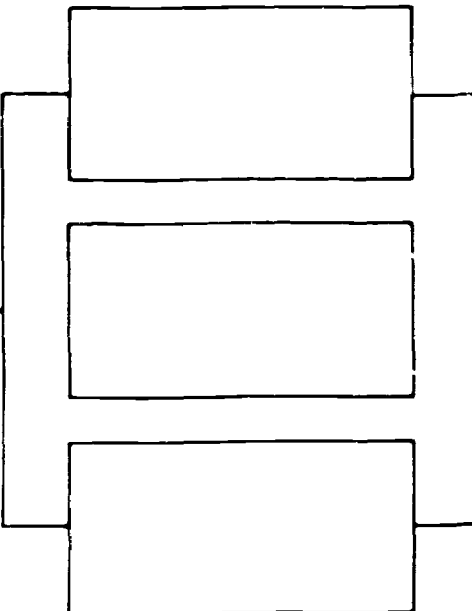
ACTION

OUTPUT



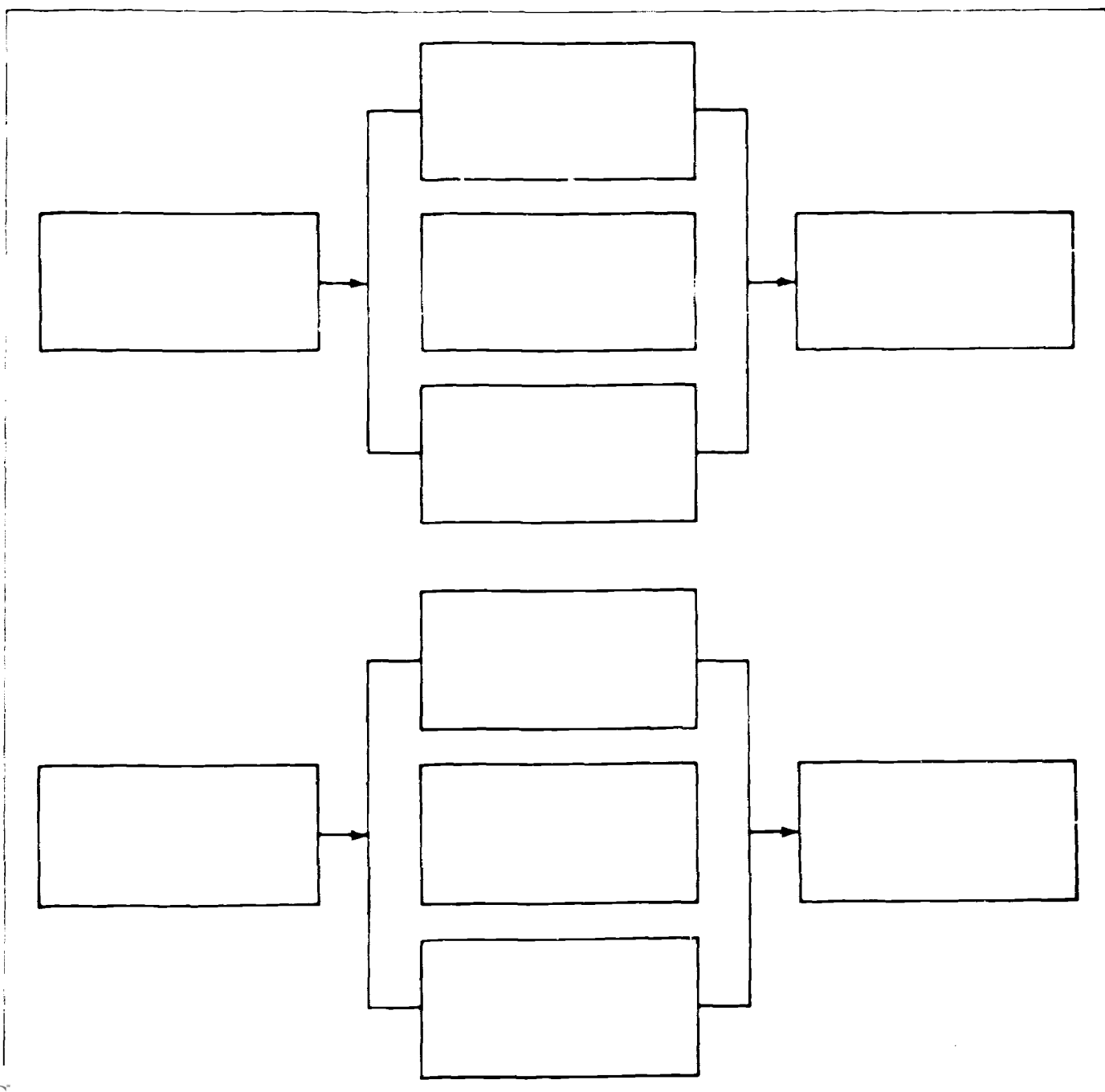
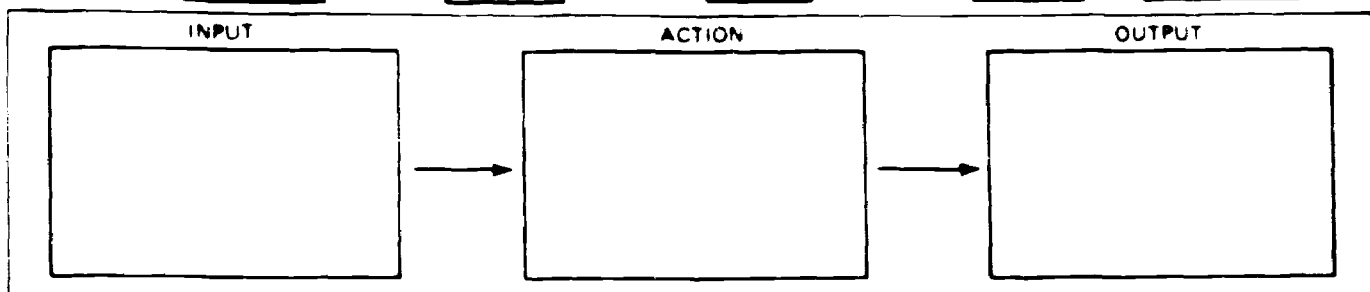






Form A 5(14) SUPPLEMENTARY

for AREA TOPIC Sub-TOPIC BEHAVIOR TASK DESCRIPTION



PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>The selection of FORMS needed to describe and analyze criterion behavior which includes "performance."</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Plans to describe the critical elements of job performance based on reports of performance by many job holders.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	(1) Select from available FORMS those necessary for describing and analyzing the criterion behavior.
FORMS YOU WILL USE	Available Forms -- A.5(1)-(3) and A.5(15)-(16)

DESCRIPTION OF Sub STEP

A.5.2(c)

INPUT

Plans to observe and/or to obtain description of CRITICAL ELEMENTS in PERFORMANCE OF WORK JOB ROLE

(iv)

ACTION

Select appropriate forms

(v)

OUTPUT

Selection of forms for describing performance at appropriate levels of detail

(vi)

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

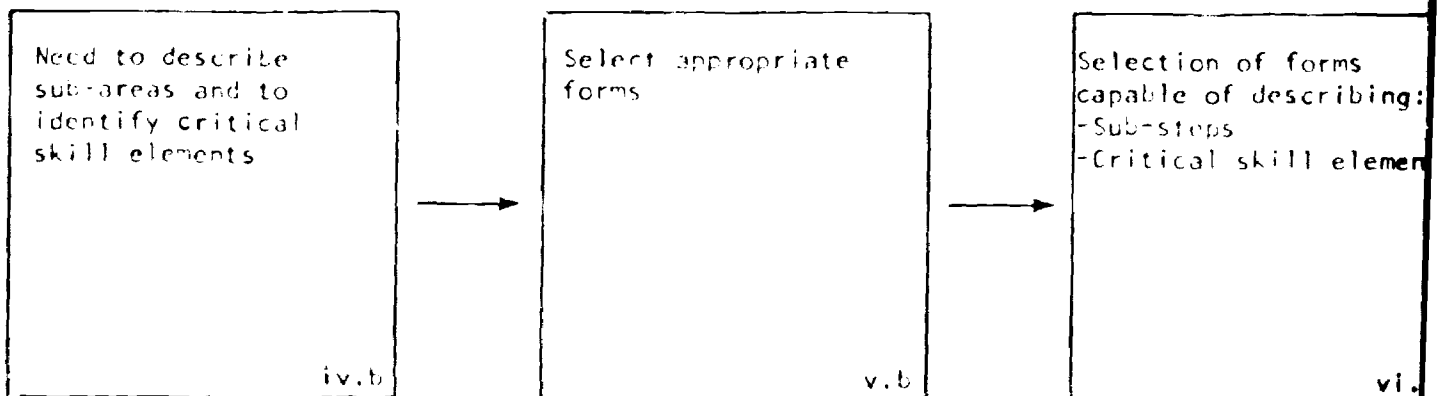
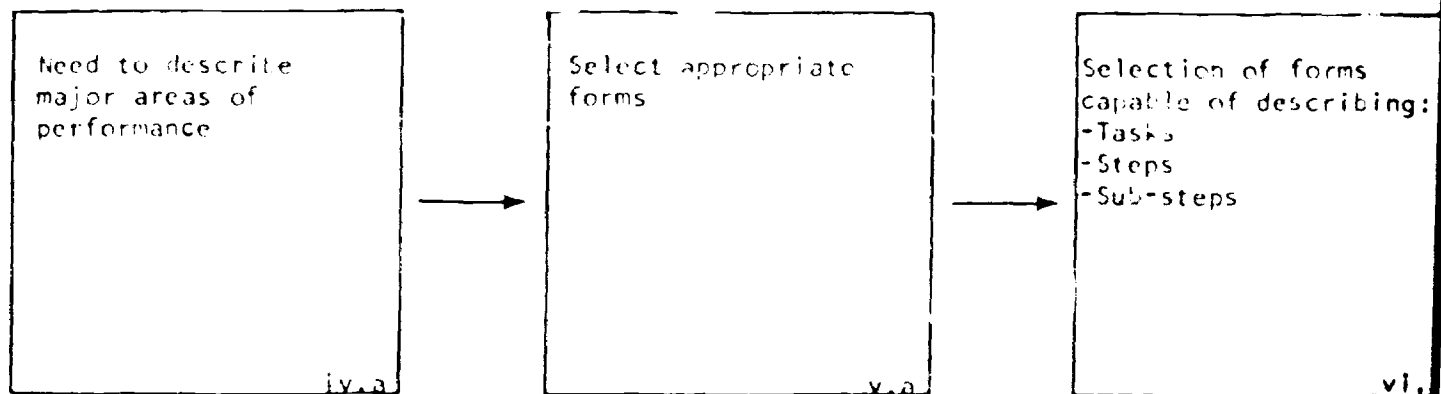
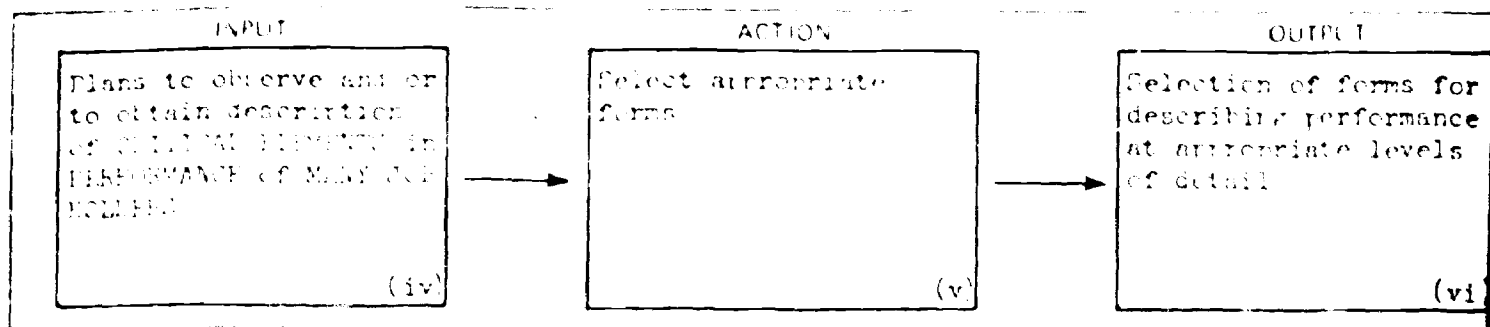
STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

-MATRIX: Ease in describing performance176	-MATRIX: Selecting forms to describe performance at different levels of detail177		A.5(1)- A.5(3)176 A.5(15)195 or A.5(16)197 alternate
--	---	--	---

Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Identification of type of criterion behavior	A.1.1			A.5(1)-A.5(3) A.5(15)-A.5(16)-alternate
Selection of information-collecting techniques	A.2.2			



BACKGROUND INFORMATION

	page
Estimating probable degree of difficulty in describing performance comprehensively	176
Selecting forms for performance description or differing levels of detail	177

IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX

CRITERIA	<u>Performance involves:</u> - A single, long chain - Multiple, independent long chains	<u>Performance involves:</u> - A single, relatively short chain - Multiple, relatively short chains
JUDGMENT OF EASE IN DESCRIBING PERFORMANCE	Relatively DIFFICULT to describe immediately and comprehensively at the lowest level of detail	Relatively EASY to describe immediately and comprehensively at the lowest level of detail
EXAMPLES	- Chairing a decision-making conference - Driving an automobile - Writing project reports - Developing a training program - Managing classroom behavior	- Sorting mail - Storing laboratory equipment - Playing children's games - Using calculator (adding and subtracting only)

A.5.2(c)

SELECTING FORMS FOR DESCRIBING PERFORMANCE
AT DIFFERING LEVELS OF DETAIL

DECISION
MATRIX

CONDITIONS	Relatively DIFFICULT to describe immediately and comprehensively at the <u>lowest</u> level of detail	Relatively EASY to describe immediately and comprehensively at the <u>lowest</u> level of detail
ACTION TO TAKE	(1) Initially identify and describe broad, general areas of performance; (2) Follow up with description of critical incidents at a detailed level	(1) At the outset, obtain descriptions of critical incidents at a detailed level
FORMS TO USE	Use FORMS A.5(1)-A.5(3) Summary of: -TASKS -STEPS -Sub-STEPS	Use FORM A.5(19) or A.5(10)-alternate Description of: -CRITICAL INCIDENTS
EXAMPLES OF DETAIL	BROAD LEVELS	Detailed CRITICAL INCIDENTS
e.g., chairing a conference	A. Planning and Scheduling Conference B. Helping Conferees to Prepare for Conference C. Setting Goals for Conference D. Developing Interest and Participation in Discussion E. Maintaining Conference Goals F. Helping Conferees to Understand Problems G. Developing Solutions to Problems H. Helping Conferees to Get Along with Each Other I. Resolving Differences of Opinion J. Getting Decisions Made K. Winning Support for Decisions L. Planning and Preparing for Future Action	INPUT: Time available for conference was short ACTION: Scheduled too many topics for discussion OUTPUT: Many topics were not covered and decisions not made

This section contains forms (in yellow) recommended for use when a small number of respondents describe the major tasks and steps involved in their own performance or in the performance of others. These forms are recommended when these respondents are interviewed.

CONTENTS

FORM No.	PAGE	FUNCTION	Recommended Questions PAGE	Recommended Referencing System PAGE
A.5(1)	181, 182	Identification of TASKS	180	183
A.5(2)	185, 186	Identification of STEPS	184	187
A.5(3)	189, 190	Identification of Sub-STEPS	188	191

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS

ORIENTING STATEMENT

"Let's see if we can get a big picture or an overview of what it is you do."

QUESTION

"What are the major tasks or functions involved when you _____?"
activity

ALTERNATES

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in performing a _____?"
activity

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in _____?"
activity

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in performing as a _____?"
job title

PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY

STATEMENT

"Here's an example of what I mean."*

*If possible, provide an example from the performance area under study.

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

QUESTION

"What are the major tasks or functions involved when you write an essay?"

ALTERNATES

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in performing an orthopedic examination?"

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in building a curriculum?"

"What are the major tasks or functions involved in performing as a researcher?"

ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS

PERFORMING AS AN ORTHOPEDIC SURGEON

- A. Gathers clinical information
- B. Uses special diagnostic information
- C. Develops a diagnosis
- D. Decides on appropriate care
- E. Implements treatment
- F. Provides continuing care

SUMMARY OF TASKS

A

--

B

--

C

--

D

--

E

--

F

--

G

--

H

--

I

--

--

SUMMARY OF TASKS

K

L

M



N

Etc.

A.5.2(c)

RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT 	TASKS	STEPS	Sub-STEPS
RECOMMENDED LABELS 	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers + Lower Case Roman Numbers
EXAMPLES	A B C D E Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 B.3 B.4 Etc. C.1 C.2 Etc.	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc. i, ii, iii, iv, v, vi

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

"Now, let's see if we can identify the major steps within each task."

"What are the major steps involved in _____?"

Table A

"For Step 1. _____, ^{Step}
what are the input conditions, the
actions taken, and the resulting
outputs?"

Repeat same type of question as in A.1 for all steps in Task A.

Repeat same type of question as A, then A.1-A.n, for all steps in Task B.

Repeat the above procedure for all tasks.

STATEMENT

"Here's an example of what I mean."

ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS

PERFORMING AS AN
ORTHOPEDIC SURGEON

A. Gathering clinical information

A.1 Obtain a medical history

INPUT

ACTION

OUT PUT

Sources of information

Ask about or
check into
patient's
past medical
history

Record
of past
illnesses

A.2 Perform a physical examination

Patient

Perform all relevant examinations

Record of
examina-
tion
results

for TASK A

SUMMARY OF STEPS

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT

A
1



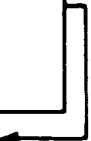
A
2



A
3



A
4



A
5



A
6



for TASK



A

SUMMARY OF

STEPS

	INPUT		ACTION		OUTPUT
A . 7		→		→	
A . 8		→		→	
A . 9		→		→	
E . t . c .		→		→	
		→		→	
		→		→	

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT 	TASKS	STEPS	Sub-STEPS
RECOMMENDED LABELS 	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers + Lower Case Roman Numbers
EXAMPLES	A B C D E Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 B.3 B.4 Etc. C.1 C.2 Etc.	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc. i, ii, iii, iv, v, vi

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS
<p>ORIENTING STATEMENT</p> <p>"Now, let's see if we can identify the major sub-steps within each step."</p>
<p>QUESTION A.1</p> <p>"What are the sub-steps involved in _____?" <i>(Step A.)</i></p>
<p>QUESTION A.1.1</p> <p>For Sub-Step A.1.1, <u>sub-step A.1.1</u>, what are the input conditions, the actions taken, and the resulting outputs?"</p>
<p>QUESTIONS A.1.2-A.1.n</p> <p>Repeat same type of question as in A.1.1 for <u>all</u> sub-steps in Step A.1.</p> <p>Repeat same type of question as above for all sub-steps in all other steps in Task A.</p> <p>Repeat the above procedure for <u>all</u> tasks.</p>
<p>PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE WHEN NECESSARY</p> <p>STATEMENT</p> <p>"Here's an example of what I mean."</p>

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES												
<p>"What are the major sub-steps involved in <u>obtaining a medical history</u>?"</p>												
<p>"For Sub-Step A.1.1, <u>asking the patient about his past illnesses</u>, what are the input conditions, the actions to be taken, and the resulting outputs?"</p>												
<p>ILLUSTRATIVE ANTICIPATED RESULTS</p> <p><u>PERFORMING AS AN ORTHOPEDIC SURGEON</u></p> <p>A.1 Obtain a medical history</p> <p>A.1.1 Ask patient for medical history</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>INPUT</th> <th>ACTION</th> <th>OUTPUT</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Patient</td> <td>Question about past illnesses</td> <td>Identification of past illnesses</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>A.1.2 Check records for patient's history</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>INPUT</th> <th>ACTION</th> <th>OUTPUT</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Patient's medical record</td> <td>Check records for history of illness</td> <td>Identification of past illnesses</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT	Patient	Question about past illnesses	Identification of past illnesses	INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT	Patient's medical record	Check records for history of illness	Identification of past illnesses
INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT										
Patient	Question about past illnesses	Identification of past illnesses										
INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT										
Patient's medical record	Check records for history of illness	Identification of past illnesses										

for TASK

A

STEP

1

SUMMARY OF

Sub STEPS

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT

A 1.1	<div>i</div>	<div>ii</div>	<div>iii</div>
A 1.2	<div>iv</div>	<div>v</div>	<div>vi</div>
A 1.3	<div>vii</div>	<div>viii</div>	<div>ix</div>
A 1.4	<div>x</div>	<div>xi</div>	<div>xii</div>
A 1.5	<div>xiii</div>	<div>xiv</div>	<div>vi</div>

Form A-5 (3)

for TASK

A

STEP

1

SUMMARY OF

Sub-STEPs



INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT

A 1.6			
A 1.7			
Etc.			

A.5.2(c)

RECOMMENDED LABELING SYSTEM FOR CROSS-REFERENCING PURPOSES

DECISION
MATRIX

REFERENT 	TASKS	STEPS	Sub-STEPS
RECOMMENDED LABELS 	Capitalized Letters	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers	Capitalized Letters + Arabic Numbers + Arabic Numbers + Lower Case Roman Numbers
EXAMPLES	A B C D E Etc.	A.1 A.2 A.3 Etc. B.1 B.2 B.3 B.4 Etc. C.1 C.2 Etc.	A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 Etc. A.2.1 A.2.2 A.2.3 Etc. A.3.1 A.3.2 Etc. B.1.1 B.1.2 B.1.3 Etc. i, ii, iii iv, v, vi

This section contains forms (in yellow) recommended for use when many respondents describe the critical skill elements in their own performance or in the performance of others. These forms are recommended when respondents are interviewed or when they respond to a questionnaire.

CONTENTS

			Recommended Questions
	PAGE	FUNCTION	PAGE
A.5(15)	195, 196	Task description	194
ALTERNATE A.5(16)	197, 198	Incident description	199

RECOMMENDED QUESTION FORMATS

ORIENTING STATEMENT #1

Your job is going to be to provide a complete description of something you actually did. A complete description covers all three phases: an INPUT, an ACTION, and an OUTPUT.

- (1) Look at the example on the right-hand side of this page.
- (2) Then, read the definition of INPUT, ACTION, OUTPUT in Row A. of Form A.5(15).

ORIENTING STATEMENT #2

Think of the last time you (he) were _____ and _____ task, step, or end-step * you took an action that resulted in a _____ particularly bad outcome, output.

INSTRUCTIONS #1

Fill in Row B on Form A.5() describing:

- (a) The specific INPUT situation that led you to take the wrong action you did.
- (b) The specific wrong ACTION you took.
- (c) The specific outcome that was particularly bad or unsuccessful.

INSTRUCTIONS #2

For the INPUT (a) situation you described in Row B, describe the specific correct ACTION you should have taken and what the outcome would have been (in Row C).

INSTRUCTIONS #3

In Row B, was the ACTION (b) which was inappropriate for INPUT (a) nevertheless appropriate to some other INPUT (d)? (If yes), describe it and what the outcome would be in Row D.

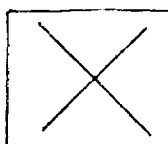
SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

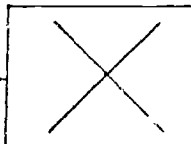
Conference Topic

INPUT	ACTION	OUTPUT
Agenda topic	Devoted too much time to it	Inadequate time for other more important topics
Digression by a participant	Allowed it to continue	Poor understanding of the relevant issues by other participants

Think of the last time you (he) were trying to win support for a conference decision and you took an action that resulted in lack of support.

	Wrong Action	Bad Outcome
B. Budget problem	Relied on judgment of marketing expert	Poor evaluation of nature of budget problem

C.		Relied on judgment of budget expert	Correct evaluation of budget problem
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D.	Marketing problem		Correct evaluation of marketing problem
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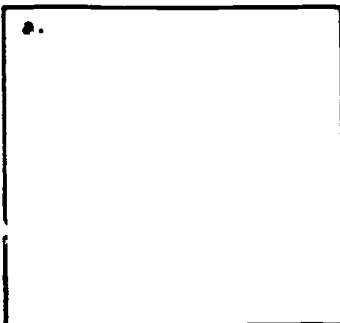
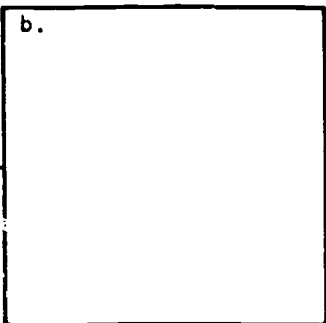
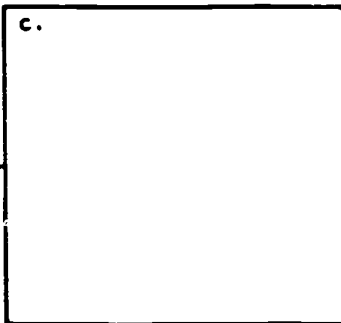
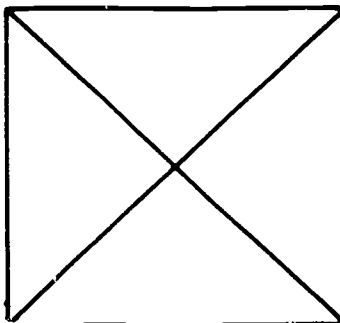
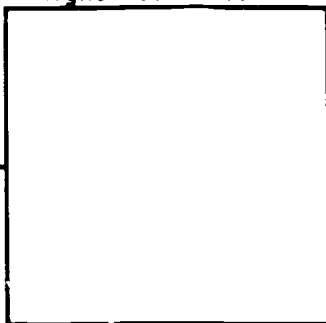
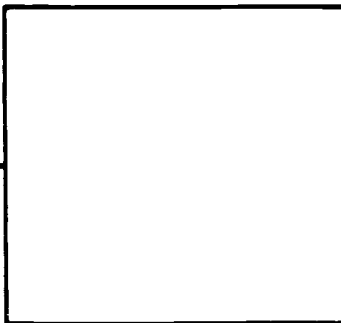
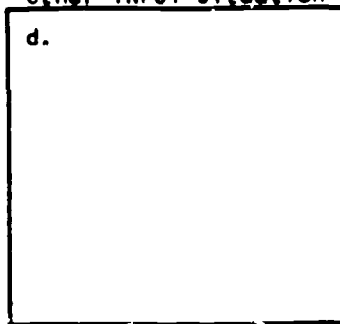
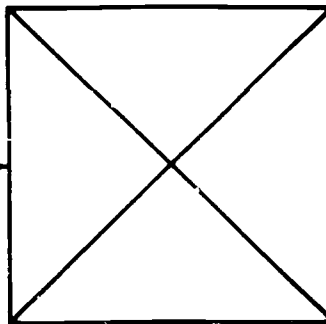
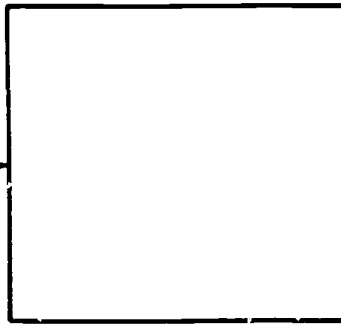
for TASK

STEP

Sub-STEP

a.

TASK DESCRIPTION

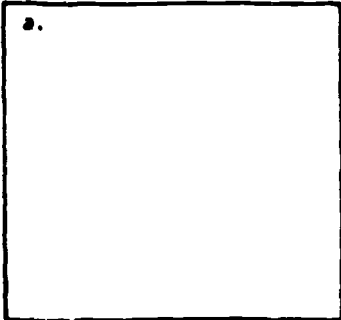
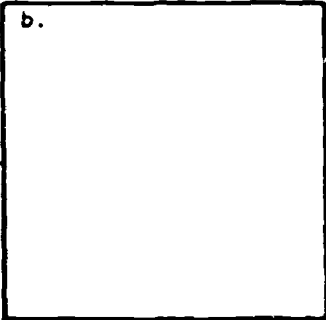
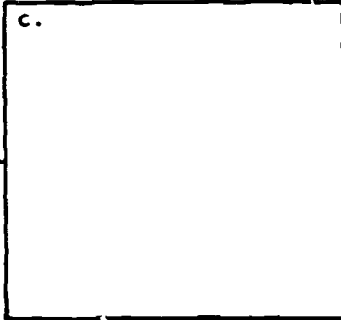
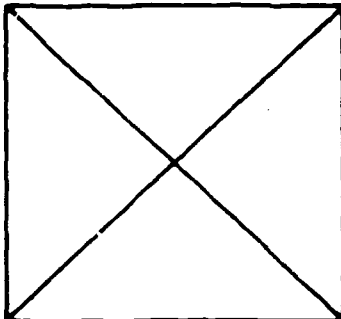
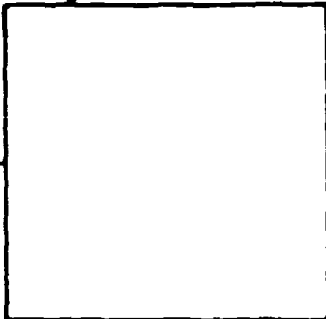
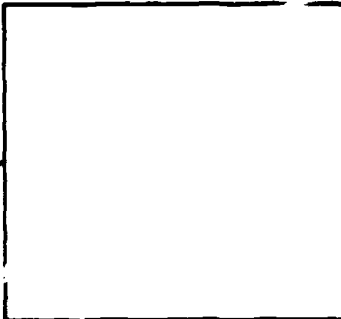
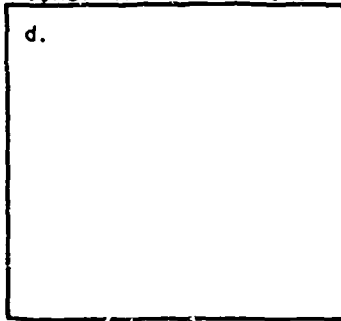
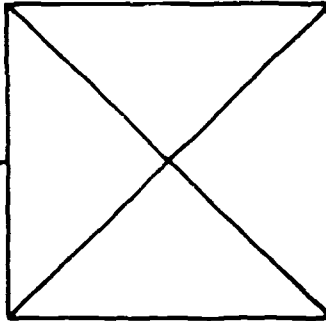
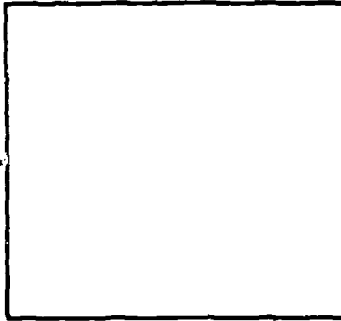
	1. INPUT (noun phrase)	2. ACTION (verb)	3. OUTPUT (noun phrase)
A.	<p>What was the specific</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Problem -Condition -Situation -Signal -Object -People or their behavior -Event <p>which started, prompted, or led to your action?</p>	<p>What specifically did you/he do that was wrong?</p>	<p>What was the specific that was:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Result -Product -Outcome <p>wrong, unsuccessful, a failure, or not up to standards?</p>
B.	<p>a.</p> 	<p>b.</p> 	<p>c.</p> 
C.		<p>Right Action to Take</p> 	<p>Correct Outcome</p> 
D.	<p>Other INPUT Situation</p> <p>d.</p> 		<p>Correct Outcome</p> 

for TASK

STEP

Sub-STEP

a. TASK DESCRIPTION

	1. INPUT (noun phrase)	2. ACTION (verb)	3. OUTPUT (noun phrase)
A.	<p>What was the specific</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Problem -Condition -Situation -Signal -Object -People or their behavior -Event <p>which started, prompted, or led to your action?</p>	<p>What specifically did you/he do that was wrong?</p>	<p>What was the specific that was:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Result -Product -Outcome <p>wrong, unsuccessful, a failure, or not up to standards?</p>
B.	<p>a.</p> 	<p>b.</p> 	<p>c.</p> 
C.		<p>Right Action to Take</p> 	<p>Correct Outcome</p> 
D.	<p>Other INPUT Situation</p> <p>d.</p> 		<p>Correct Outcome</p> 

DESCRIPTION OF AN **EFFECTIVE** CRITICAL INCIDENT

INSTRUCTIONS

Think of the last time you did a particularly effective job of

task, sub-step, sub-sub-step

INPUT

e.g.,
-Problem
-Condition
-Situation
-Signal
-Object
-Event
-People
or their
behavior

What was the specific situation or occasion which prompted you or led you to do what you did?

ACTION

e.g.,
What you
did

What, specifically, did you do that was effective?

OUTPUT

e.g.,
-Result
-Outcome
-Product

What was the specific outcome that resulted from the action you took? Why was your action effective?

DESCRIPTION OF AN INEFFECTIVE CRITICAL INCIDENT

INSTRUCTIONS

Think of the last time you did a particularly ineffective job of

task, sub-step, sub-sub-step

INPUT

e.g.,
-Problem
-Condition
-Situation
-Signal
-Object
-Event
-People
or their
behavior

What was the specific situation or occasion which prompted you or led you to do what you did?

ACTION

e.g.,
What you
did

What, specifically, did you do that was ineffective?

OUTPUT

e.g.,
-Result
-Outcome
-Product

What was the specific outcome that resulted from the action you took? Why was your action ineffective?

RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTION FORMATS

1. NEGATIVE incident

(a) "Think of the last time you were task, step, or sub-step and you took an action that resulted in a particularly bad outcome or output."

OR

(b) "Think of the last time you were task, step, or sub-step and you took an action which interfered with outcome, product, process."

2. POSITIVE incident

(a) "Think of the last time you were task, step, or sub-step and you took an action that resulted in a particularly good outcome or output."

(b) "Think of the last time you were task, step, or sub-step and you took an action which promoted a good/successful outcome."

SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

1. NEGATIVE incident

(a) "Think of the last time you were developing a test item and you took an action that resulted in students' not understanding the item."

OR

(b) "Think of the last time you were writing a prompt and you took an action which interfered with the acceptance of your instruction."

2. POSITIVE incident

(a) "Think of the last time you were teaching a concept and you took an action that resulted in students' easily understanding it."

(b) "Think of the last time you were repairing a car and you took an action which avoided an accident."

PREVIEW OF THE NEXT SubSTEP

YOUR PRODUCT	<i>Empirically revised FORMS and information collection procedures.</i>
WHAT YOU WILL WORK FROM	(1) Developed or selected FORMS and information collection procedures.
WHAT YOU WILL DO	<p>(1) Submit the information collecting process to a sample test.</p> <p>(2) Revise and upgrade on the basis of revealed weaknesses.</p>
FORMS YOU WILL USE	None

DESCRIPTION OF Sub-STEP

A.5.3

INPUT

Forms and procedures developed for or selected and adapted for specific information-collection need

vii

ACTION

Try out forms and procedures (including questions) and revise on the basis of tryout results

viii

OUTPUT

Information-collecting forms and procedures suitable for describing and analyzing criterion behavior under study

ix

Job Aid Contents

CRITERIA FOR

IDENTIFYING INPUTS

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

STANDARD FOR OUTPUTS

FORMS TO USE

-MATRIX: Acceptability of information collection techniques . . . 209	-MATRIX: Adapting forms and questions . . . 207 -MATRIX: Revising information-collecting forms, questions, procedures . . . 210	-MATRIX: Desirable sampling properties . . . 205	
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Required Materials

COMPLETED MATERIALS		COMPLETED FORMS		BLANK FORMS
	STEP		STEP	
Newly developed forms	A.5.1			Selection from among FORMS A.5(1)-A.5(16)
Selection of existing forms	A.5.2			

INPUT

ACTION

OUTPUT

Forms and procedures developed for or selected and adapted for specific information-collection need

vii

Try out forms and procedures (including questions) and revise on the basis of tryout results

viii

Information-collecting forms and procedures suitable for describing and analyzing criterion behavior under study

ix

Sub-Sub-Steps

Need to obtain sample results

vii.1

Select respondents and portion of criterion behavior

viii.1

Selection of sample

ix.1

Forms and questions recommended in this volume unadapted either for criterion behavior under study or method of information collection

vii.2

Adapt forms and questions

viii.2

Forms ready for tryout

ix.2

Sample of respondents for tryout AND appropriate forms

vii.3

Submit forms and procedures (including questions) to informants

viii.3

Tryout results

ix.3

Tryout results

vii.4

Revise forms and procedures (including questions)

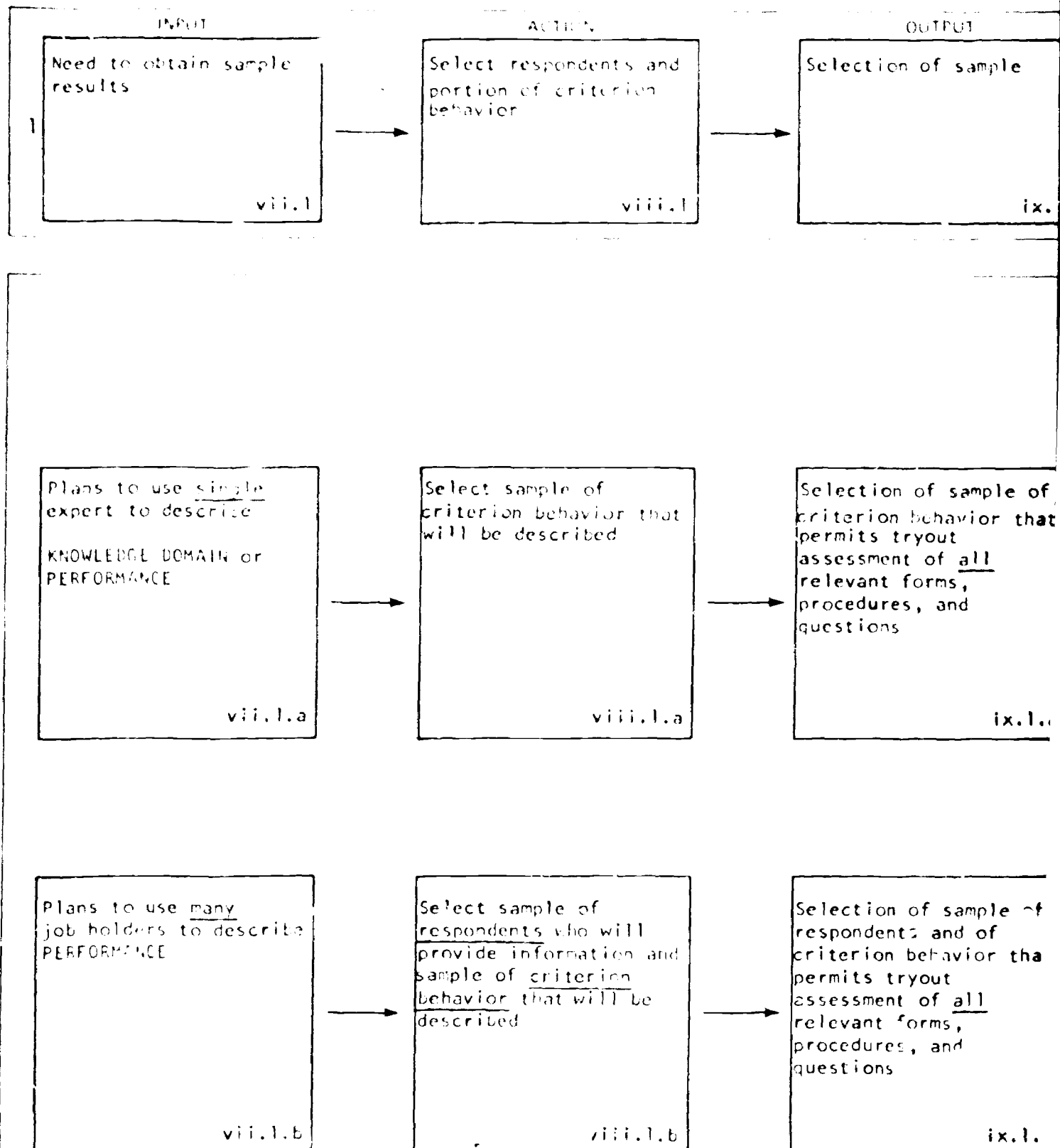
viii.4

Type of information required for describing and analyzing criterion behavior

ix.4

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

	page
Sample requirements for tryout of forms, procedures, or questions	205
Adapting information-collection techniques to criterion behavior to be studied and methods selected to study it	207
Properties of acceptable questions, forms, procedures used in information collection	209
How to revise forms, questions, or procedures when they are unacceptable	210

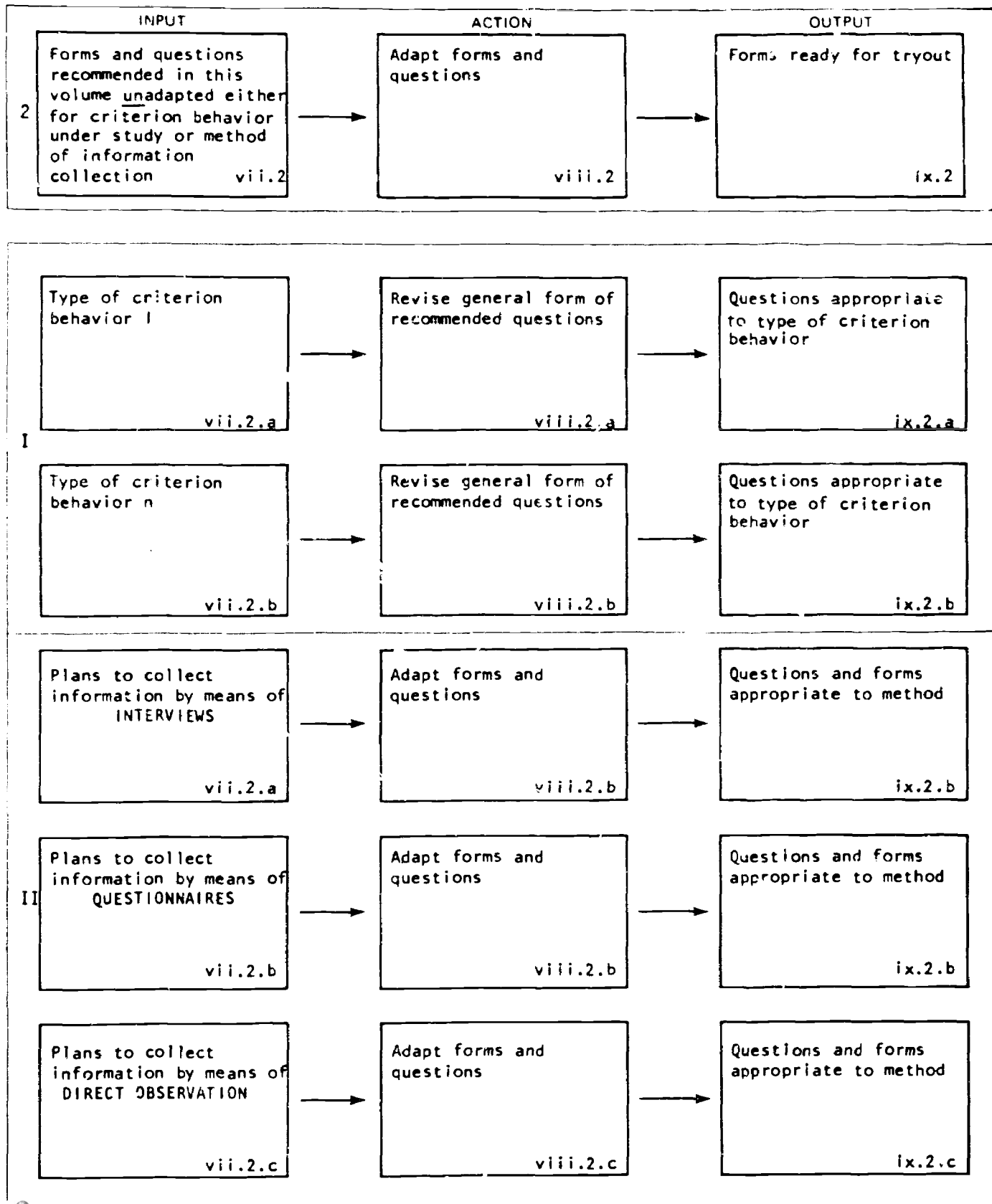


A.5.3

TYPES OF SAMPLES NEEDED TO ASSURE ADEQUATE TRYOUTS OF
FORMS, PROCEDURES, OR QUESTIONS

STANDARDS
MATRIX

REQUIREMENTS	Sample of CRITERION BEHAVIOR	Sample of RESPONDENTS
DESIRABLE PROPERTIES OF SAMPLE	<i>A sufficient number of areas of criterion behavior is sampled to allow tryout of all relevant forms and questions associated with them</i>	<i>A sufficient number of respondents --approximately 10-20 in number-- to provide a reliable assessment of how well questions are understood and whether the questions produce relevant types of information</i>
EXAMPLES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -When <u>subject matter</u> areas are under study, tryout of forms, questions, and procedures suitable for PERFORMANCE and for KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN requires sampling of both types of criterion behavior -When criterion behavior under study involves many separate and non-contingent tasks, varied tasks should be sampled to allow tryout of forms for descriptions of criterion behavior at varying <u>levels of detail</u> which may be required by the separate tasks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -When critical skill elements are described on the basis of descriptions by many job holders, the adequacy of questions (either oral or in print) to elicit appropriate types of information is necessary



A.5.3.2

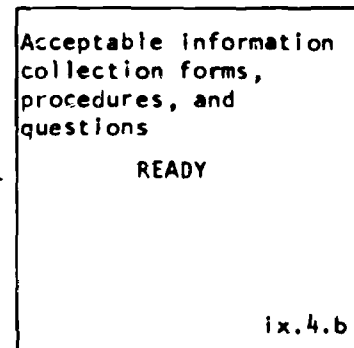
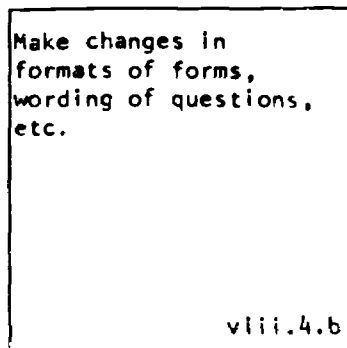
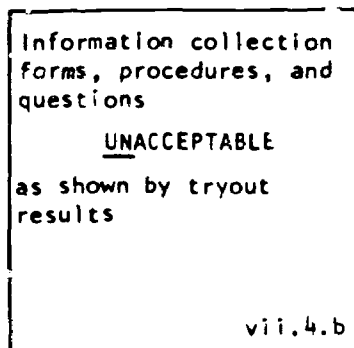
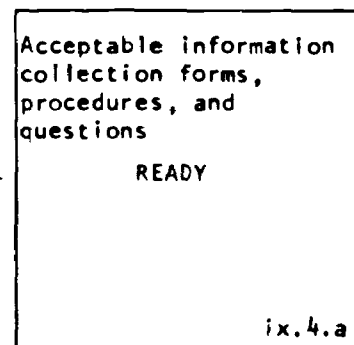
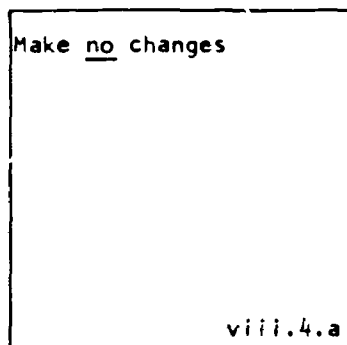
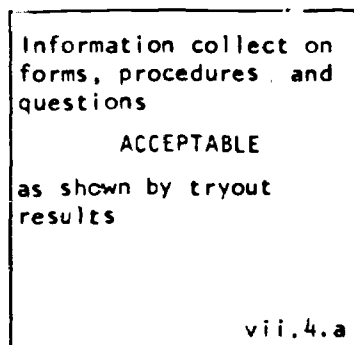
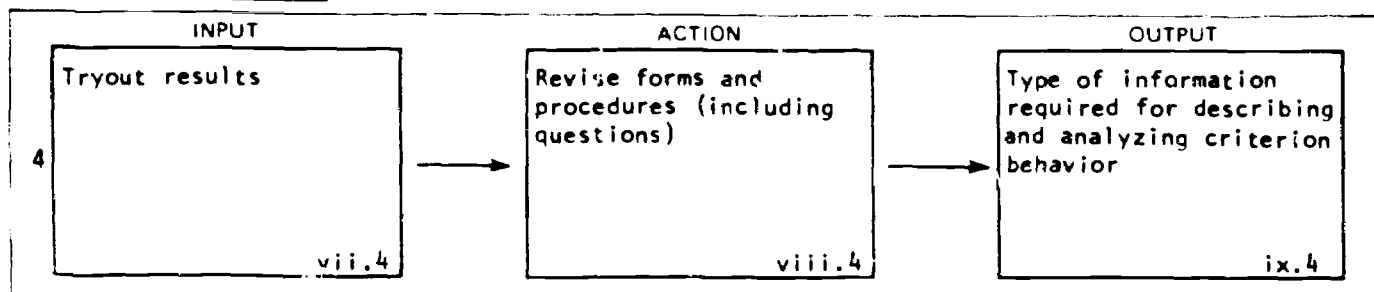
DECISION
MATRIXADAPTING INFORMATION-COLLECTION TECHNIQUES TO SUIT SPECIFIC
CRITERION BEHAVIOR UNDER STUDY AND METHODS SELECTED TO COLLECT IT

CONDITION	Need to tailor questions and forms to <u>specific type</u> of criterion behavior	Need to tailor questions and forms to <u>methods</u> of information collection: interview, observation, questionnaire, etc.
ACTION TO TAKE	Adapt <i>general form of questions recommended in</i> <div>Sub-STEP A.5.2</div> <i>to needs of the specific criterion behavior under study</i>	<i>Create forms appropriate to method of data collection to be used</i>
EXAMPLES	(See illustrative examples provided with lists of questions) <div>Sub-STEP A.5.2</div>	-Prepare questionnaire when form is to be mailed (rather than used in an interview)

Sub-Sub-STEP

A.5.3.4

JOB DIAGRAM IV



A.5.3.4

CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING ACCEPTABILITY OF
QUESTIONS, FORMS, OR PROCEDURES FOR COLLECTING INFORMATION

IDENTIFICATION
MATRIX

REFERENT	QUESTIONS	FORMS	PROCEDURES
CRITERIA FOR ACCEPTABILITY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Are understood by respondents -Elicit required types of information -Description of inputs, actions, and outputs -Identification of discriminations, generalizations, and chains -Different levels of detail 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Provide adequate space for recording of information -Formats readily lead to recording of different types of information in appropriate forms or to its recording in the appropriate place on the form (i.e., formats suggest the type of information that goes on it) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Oral questioning, use of questionnaires, or observation of performance lead to acceptable descriptions -Sequence of questioning leads to appropriate sequence of responses

A.5.3.4

STEPS TO TAKE IN REVISING
INFORMATION COLLECTION FORMS, QUESTIONS, OR PROCEDURES

DECISION
MATRIX

CONDITIONS	QUESTIONS are <u>Unacceptable</u>	FORMS are <u>Unacceptable</u>	PROCEDURES are <u>Unacceptable</u>
ACTION TO TAKE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Revise wording of questions <u>while</u> respondent is present until he understands what type of information the question is designed to elicit -Add questions if some types of information are not elicited by original questions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Revise formats to allow adequate space -Revise formats so that the correct form is easily selected for recording type of information appropriate to it 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Switch from an unacceptable approach to another -From questionnaire to oral description -From observation to oral description -From oral description to observation

STEP

A.5

COMPLETION CHECKLIST

IDENTIFIED

PERFORMED

PRODUCED

FORMS COMPLETED

A.5.1

-Forms to use in
collecting
information about
criterion behavior

A.5.2(a)

-Selected forms for
describing
PERFORMANCE based
on information of
a single expert

OR

A.5.2(b)

-Selected forms for
describing
KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN
based on
information of a
single expert

OR

A.5.2(c)

-Selected forms for
describing
PERFORMANCE based
on information
provided by many
job holders

A.5.3

-Acceptability of
information-
collection forms,
questions, or
procedures

-Selected sample of
criterion behavior
or of respondents
for tryout

-Revised
unacceptable forms,
questions, or
procedures